

## Cannabinoids (Synthetic) by LC-MS/MS

Application #AN2540

## Conditions

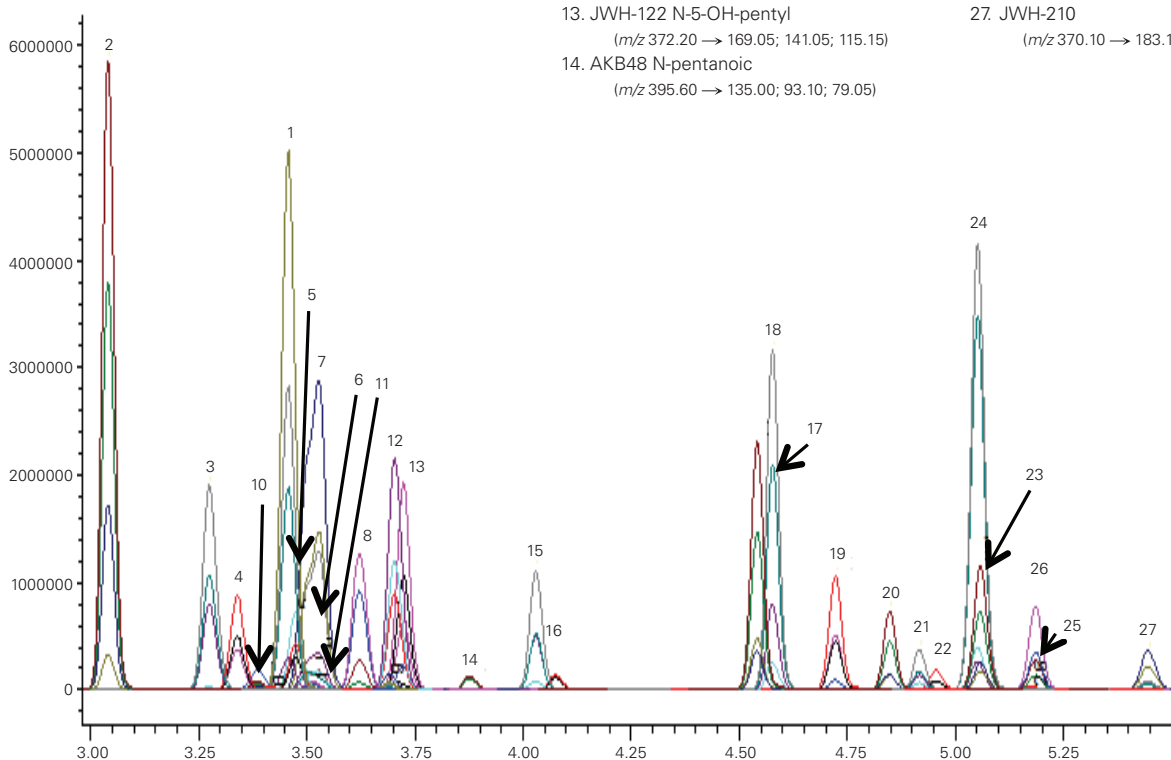
**Column:** ACE Excel 3 C18-AR  
**Dimensions:** 100 x 3.0 mm  
**Part Number:** EXL-119-1003U  
**Mobile Phase:** A: 15 mM ammonium formate pH 4.0 in H<sub>2</sub>O  
 B: 0.1% formic acid in MeCN  
**Gradient:**

Time (mins)	%B
0.00	40
3.74	90
8.00	90
8.50	40

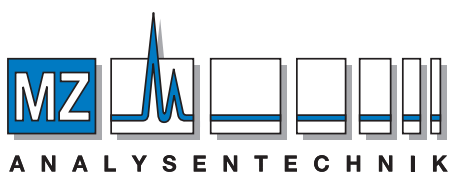
**Flow Rate:** 0.5 mL/min  
**Injection:** 10 µL  
**Temperature:** 40 °C  
**Detection:** Shimadzu LCMS 8040 MS  
 Positive ion ESI

## Analytes

- JWH-018 N-5-OH-pentyl-d5  
(*m/z* 362.90 → 155.05; 127.00; 128.05)
- JWH-250 N-5-OH-pentyl  
(*m/z* 352.20 → 121.15; 91.10; 186.05)
- JWH-073 N-4-OH-butyl  
(*m/z* 344.20 → 155.00; 127.10; 54.95)
- JWH-018 N-pentanoic  
(*m/z* 372.20 → 155.05; 127.10)
- JWH-018 N-5-OH-pentyl  
(*m/z* 357.80 → 155.05; 127.05)
- AM2201 N-4-OH-pentyl  
(*m/z* 376.40 → 155.00; 127.00; 144.00)
- AM2201 5/6-OH-indole  
(*m/z* 375.90 → 155.05; 127.05; 248.10)
- JWH-081 N-5-OH-pentyl  
(*m/z* 388.20 → 185.05; 157.05; 114.15)
- MAM2201 N-4-OH-pentyl  
(*m/z* 389.60 → 169.00; 141.05; 115.15)
- AB-CHMINACA  
(*m/z* 356.70 → 241.05; 312.20; 340.15)
- UR-144 N-pentanoic  
(*m/z* 341.60 → 125.10; 55.05; 57.10)
- JWH-019 N-6-OH-hexyl  
(*m/z* 371.80 → 155.05; 127.00; 144.00)
- JWH-122 N-5-OH-pentyl  
(*m/z* 372.20 → 169.05; 141.05; 115.15)
- AKB48 N-pentanoic  
(*m/z* 395.60 → 135.00; 93.10; 79.05)
- JWH-018 5-OH-indole  
(*m/z* 358.20 → 155.00; 127.05; 230.05)
- AKB48 N-5-OH-pentyl  
(*m/z* 381.60 → 135.10; 93.10; 79.05)
- JWH-210 5-OH-indole  
(*m/z* 386.10 → 183.05; 153.10; 155.05)
- PB-22  
(*m/z* 358.80 → 214.05; 144.05; 116.00)
- JWH-073  
(*m/z* 328.20 → 127.10; 155.05; 200.10)
- EAM2201  
(*m/z* 387.70 → 183.10; 232.10; 155.10)
- JWH-122 N-4-pentyl  
(*m/z* 353.70 → 169.05; 141.10; 115.10)
- JWH-018  
(*m/z* 341.70 → 155.00; 127.05; 214.10)
- JWH-081  
(*m/z* 372.10 → 185.05; 157.15; 127.10)
- AKB48F  
(*m/z* 384.30 → 135.15; 107.10; 93.10)
- THJ-018  
(*m/z* 342.60 → 215.10; 145.05; 90.00)
- JWH-122  
(*m/z* 356.30 → 169.05; 141.10; 115.15)
- JWH-210  
(*m/z* 370.10 → 183.10; 155.10; 153.10)



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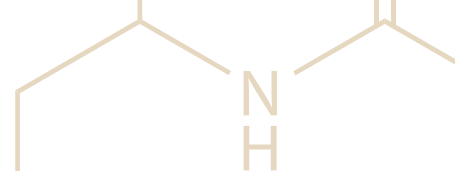


## AUTHORIZED DISTRIBUTOR

MZ-Analysentechnik GmbH, Barcelona-Allee 17 • D-55129 Mainz

Tel +49 6131 880 96-0, Fax +49 6131 880 96-20

e-mail: info@mz-at.de, www.mz-at.de



## Cannabinoids in Rat Plasma

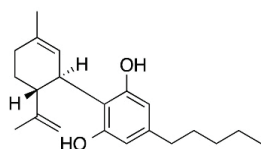
Application #AN2310

### Conditions

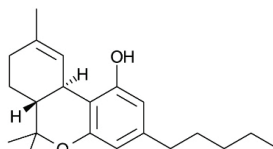
**Column:** ACE 3 C18-PFP  
**Dimensions:** 150 x 4.6 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-1110-1546  
**Mobile Phase:** H<sub>2</sub>O/MeCN (38:62 v/v)  
**Flow Rate:** 1 mL/min  
**Injection:** 30 µL  
**Temperature:** 55 °C  
**Detection:** UV, 220 nm

### Analytes

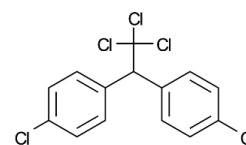
1. Cannabidiol (CBD)
2. Δ<sup>9</sup>-Tetrahydrocannabinol (THC)
3. 4,4-Dichlorodiphenyltrichloroethane (DDT) (IS)



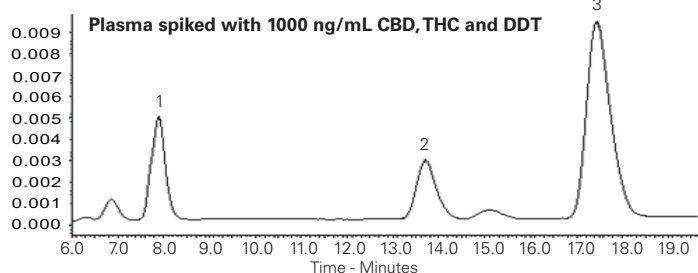
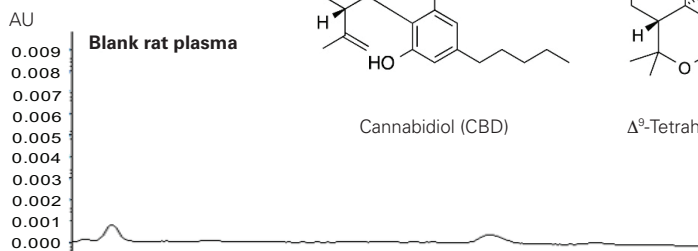
Cannabidiol (CBD)



Δ<sup>9</sup>-Tetrahydrocannabinol (THC)



4,4-Dichlorodiphenyltrichloroethane (DDT) (IS)



LLOQ 10 ng/mL for both cannabinoids  
 Method linearity 10 – 10,000 ng/mL



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## Carglumic Acid in Human Plasma by LC-MS/MS

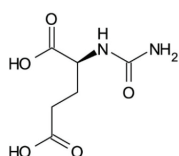
Application #AN3750

### Conditions

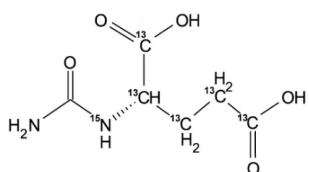
**Column:** ACE 5 CN  
**Dimensions:** 150 x 4.6 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-124-1546  
**Mobile Phase:** MeCN/MeOH/0.1% acetic acid pH 3.2 (40:40:20 v/v/v)  
**Flow Rate:** 1 mL/min  
**Temperature:** 40 °C  
**Detection:** MDS Sciex API-4000 triple quad MS  
 Negative ion mode ESI  
 Ion source temperature: 500 °C  
 Ion spray voltage: -4500 V  
 20% split flow to ion spray interface

### Analytes

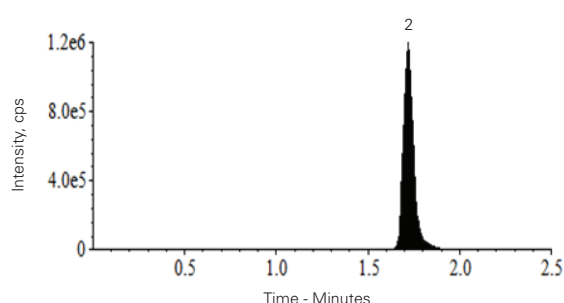
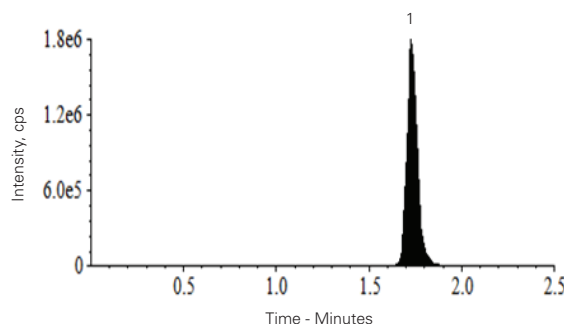
1. Carglumic acid  
(*m/z* 189 → 146)  
(LLOQ 6.0 ng/mL)
2. Carglumic acid-<sup>13</sup>C <sup>15</sup>N (I.S.)  
(*m/z* 195 → 152)



Carglumic acid



Carglumic acid-<sup>13</sup>C <sup>15</sup>N (I.S.)



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Catechins

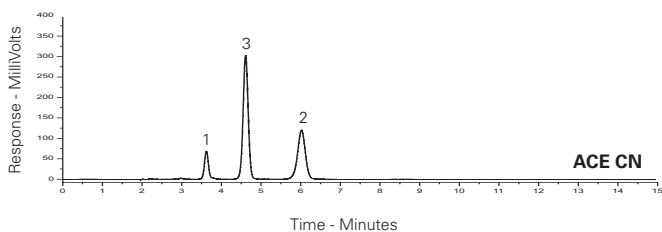
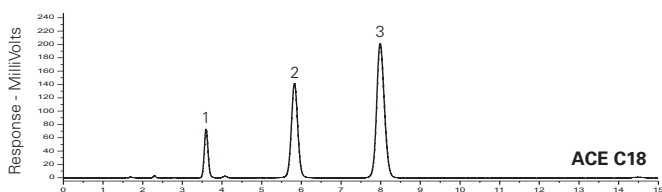
Application #AN3950

Conditions

**Column:** ACE 5 C18, ACE 5 CN  
**Dimensions:** 150 x 4.6 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-121-1546, ACE-124-1546  
**Mobile Phase:** MeOH/0.1% formic acid in H<sub>2</sub>O (25:75 v/v)  
**Flow Rate:** 1 mL/min  
**Injection:** 2 µL  
**Temperature:** Ambient  
**Detection:** UV, 280 nm

Analytes

1. Epigallocatechin
2. (+)-Epicatechin
3. Epigallocatechin gallate



Catecholamine Analysis (I)

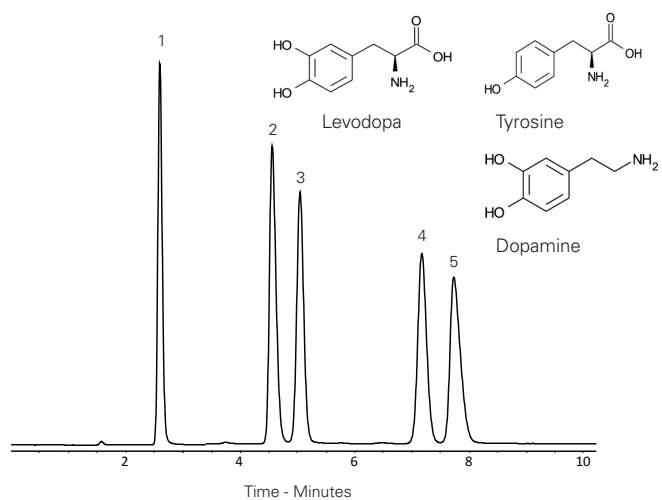
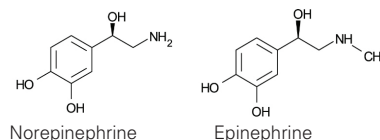
Application #AN2020

Conditions

**Column:** ACE 5 C18-PFP  
**Dimensions:** 150 x 4.6 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-1210-1546  
**Mobile Phase:** 12.5 mM ammonium formate pH 3.0 in H<sub>2</sub>O  
**Flow Rate:** 1 mL/min  
**Temperature:** 22 °C  
**Detection:** UV, 266 nm

Analytes

1. Norepinephrine
2. Epinephrine
3. Levodopa
4. Tyrosine
5. Dopamine



Catecholamine Analysis (II)

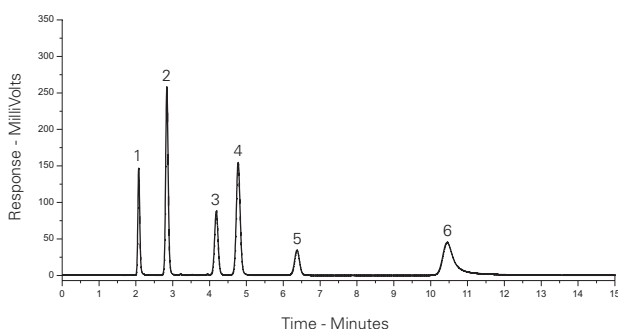
Application #AN3910

Conditions

**Column:** ACE 5 AQ  
**Dimensions:** 150 x 4.6 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-126-1546  
**Mobile Phase:** 50 mM KH<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> pH 3.0 in H<sub>2</sub>O  
**Flow Rate:** 1 mL/min  
**Injection:** 2 µL  
**Temperature:** Ambient  
**Detection:** UV, 210 nm

Analytes

1. Noradrenaline (Norepinephrine)
2. Adrenaline (Epinephrine)
3. L-DOPA
4. Dopamine
5. L-Tyrosine
6. VMA (Vanillylmandelic acid)



Catecholamines by LC-MS/MS

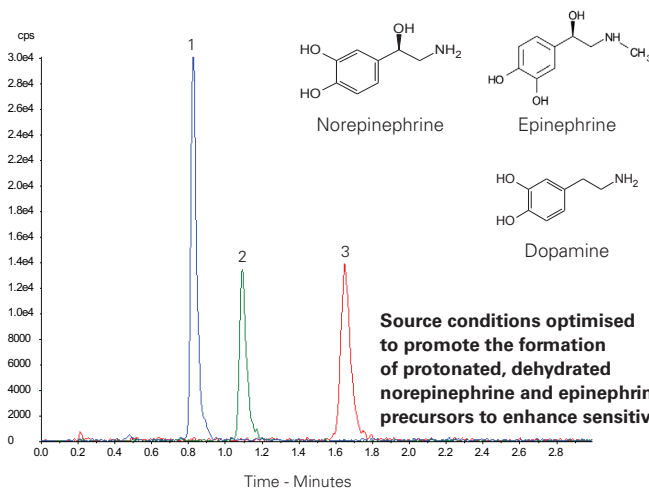
Application #AN2320

Conditions

**Column:** ACE Excel 2 C18-PFP  
**Dimensions:** 100 x 2.1 mm  
**Part Number:** EXL-1010-1002U  
**Mobile Phase:** 2 mM ammonium formate pH 3.2/MeOH (98:2 v/v)  
**Flow Rate:** 0.4 mL/min  
**Injection:** 20 µL  
**Temperature:** 40 °C  
**Detection:** AB SCIEX triple quad 5500  
 Positive ESI mode  
 Source temperature: 700 °C  
 IonSpray voltage: 5500 V

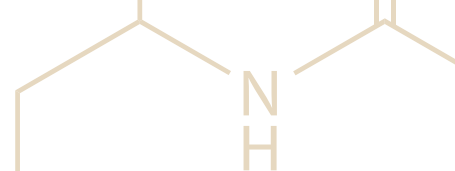
Analytes

1. Norepinephrine  
(*m/z* 152.1 → 107.1)
2. Epinephrine  
(*m/z* 166.1 → 107.1)
3. Dopamine  
(*m/z* 154.1 → 91.1)



Source conditions optimised to promote the formation of protonated, dehydrated norepinephrine and epinephrine precursors to enhance sensitivity.

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## Catecholamines and their Metabolites in Urine by LC-MS/MS

Application #AN4040

## Conditions

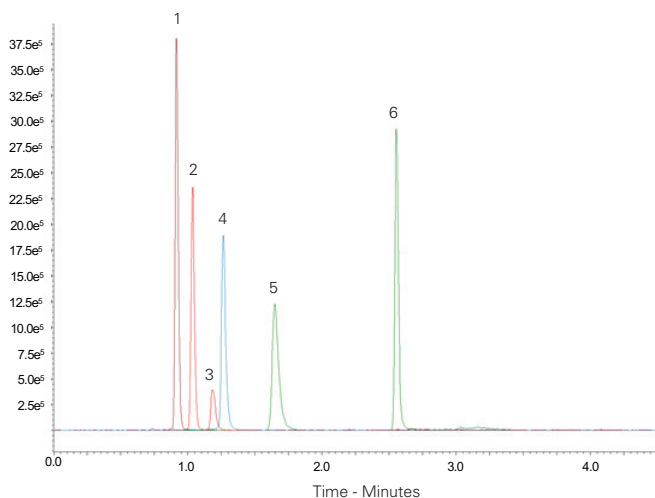
**Column:** ACE UltraCore 2.5 SuperPhenylHexyl  
**Dimensions:** 100 x 2.1 mm  
**Part Number:** CORE-25B-1002U  
**Mobile Phase:** A: 2 mM ammonium formate + 0.05% formic acid in H<sub>2</sub>O  
 B: 2 mM ammonium formate + 0.05% formic acid in MeOH  
**Gradient:**

Time (mins)	%B
0.00	0
1.00	70
1.10	70
1.11	0
4.50	0

**Flow Rate:** 0.3 mL/min  
**Injection:** 10 µL  
**Temperature:** 30 °C  
**Detection:** Shimadzu LCMS-8040  
 ESI in positive ion mode  
**Sample:** Standard 100 ng/mL in urine (after SPE purification)

## Analytes

1. Norepinephrine (*m/z* 170 → 107)
2. Epinephrine (*m/z* 184 → 166)
3. Normetanephrine (*m/z* 184 → 166)
4. Dopamine (*m/z* 154 → 91)
5. Metanephrine (*m/z* 198 → 180)
6. 3-Methoxytyramine (*m/z* 181 → 91)



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## Catecholamines and Metanephrines Separation (Gradient)

Application #AN1480

## Conditions

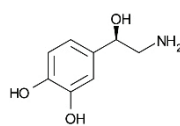
**Column:** ACE 5 C18-PFP  
**Dimensions:** 150 x 4.6 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-1210-1546  
**Mobile Phase:** A: 20 mM ammonium formate pH 3.0 in H<sub>2</sub>O  
 B: 20 mM ammonium formate pH 3.0 in MeOH/H<sub>2</sub>O (90:10 v/v)  
**Gradient:**

Time (mins)	%B
0	0
5	40
6	40
7	0
17	0

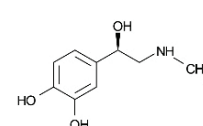
**Flow Rate:** 1 mL/min  
**Injection:** 5 µL  
**Temperature:** 25 °C  
**Detection:** UV, 260 nm

## Analytes

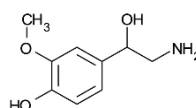
1. Norepinephrine
2. Epinephrine
3. Normetanephrine
4. Dopamine
5. Metanephrine



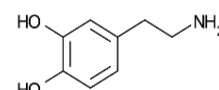
Norepinephrine



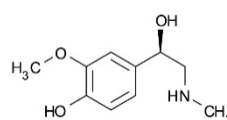
Epinephrine



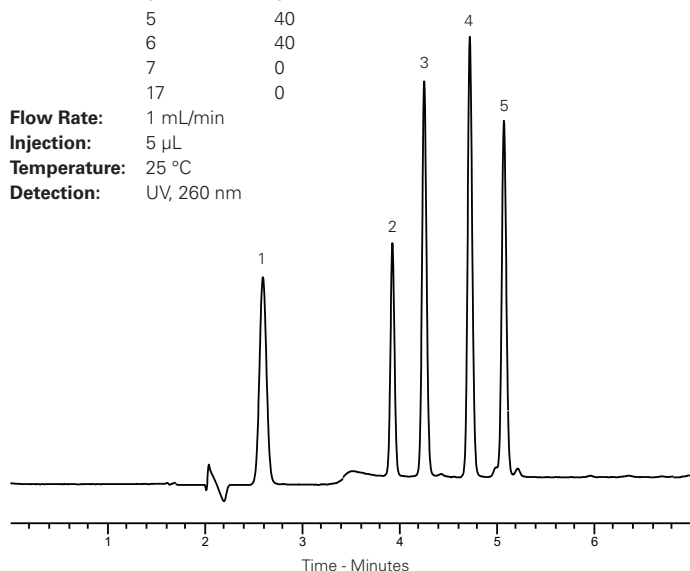
Normetanephrine



Dopamine



Metanephrine



## Catecholamines and Metanephrines Separation (Isocratic)

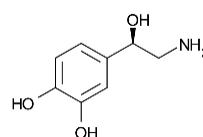
Application #AN1490

## Conditions

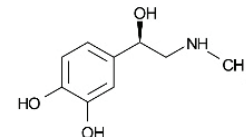
**Column:** ACE 5 C18-PFP  
**Dimensions:** 150 x 4.6 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-1210-1546  
**Mobile Phase:** 20 mM ammonium formate pH 3.0 in H<sub>2</sub>O  
**Flow Rate:** 1 mL/min  
**Injection:** 5 µL  
**Temperature:** 25 °C  
**Detection:** UV, 260 nm

## Analytes

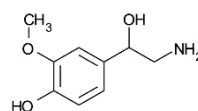
1. Norepinephrine
2. Epinephrine
3. Normetanephrine
4. Dopamine
5. Metanephrine



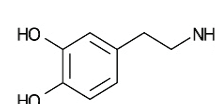
Norepinephrine



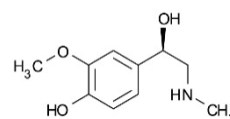
Epinephrine



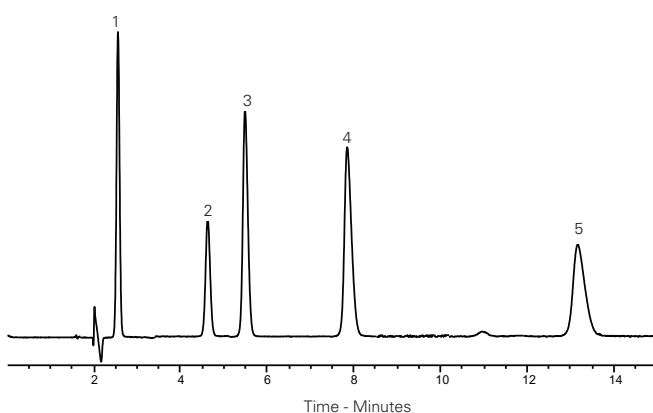
Normetanephrine



Dopamine



Metanephrine



## Catecholamines from Plasma

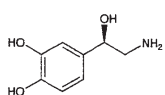
Application #AN3210

## Conditions

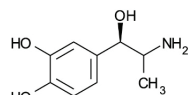
**Column:** ACE 5 C18  
**Dimensions:** 150 x 4.6 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-121-1546  
**Mobile Phase:** 50 mM sodium acetate  
 pH 7.0/MeCN/MeOH (50:35:15 v/v/v)  
**Flow Rate:** 0.9 mL/min  
**Temperature:** Ambient  
**Detection:** Fluorescence –  $\lambda_{\text{Ex}}$  350 nm,  $\lambda_{\text{Em}}$  480 nm  
**Sample:** Ion pair extraction using diphenyl-borate-ethanolamine.  
 Derivatisation using diphenyl-ethylenediamine as  
 fluorescent probe

## Analytes

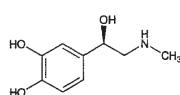
1. Noradrenaline (Norepinephrine)
2. 3,4-Dihydroxynorephedrine (l.S.)
3. Adrenaline (Epinephrine)



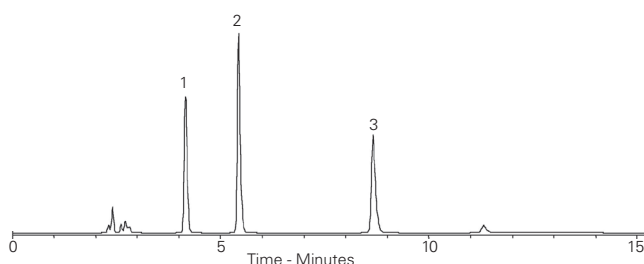
Noradrenaline



3,4-Dihydroxynorephedrine (l.S.)



Adrenaline



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## Catecholamines from Urine

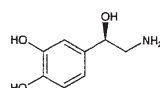
Application #AN3200

## Conditions

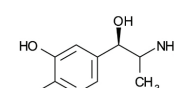
**Column:** ACE 5 C18  
**Dimensions:** 150 x 4.6 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-121-1546  
**Mobile Phase:** 50 mM sodium acetate  
 pH 7.0/MeCN/MeOH  
 (50:35:15 v/v/v)  
**Flow Rate:** 0.9 mL/min  
**Temperature:** Ambient  
**Detection:** Fluorescence –  $\lambda_{\text{Ex}}$  350 nm,  $\lambda_{\text{Em}}$  480 nm  
**Sample:** Ion pair extraction using diphenyl-borate-ethanolamine.  
 Derivatisation using diphenyl-ethylenediamine as  
 fluorescent probe

## Analytes

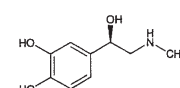
1. Noradrenaline (Norepinephrine)
2. 3,4-Dihydroxynorephedrine (l.S.)
3. Adrenaline (Epinephrine)
4. Dopamine



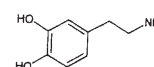
Noradrenaline



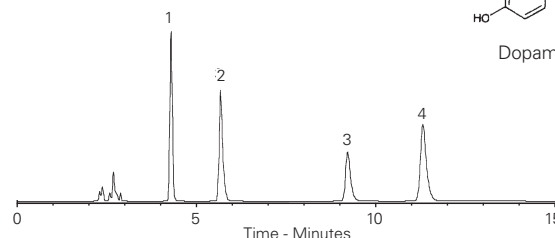
3,4-Dihydroxynorephedrine (l.S.)



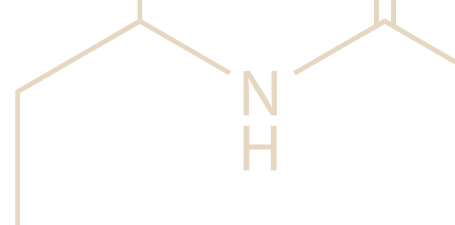
Adrenaline



Dopamine



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### Catechols Mixture Separations (I) and (II)

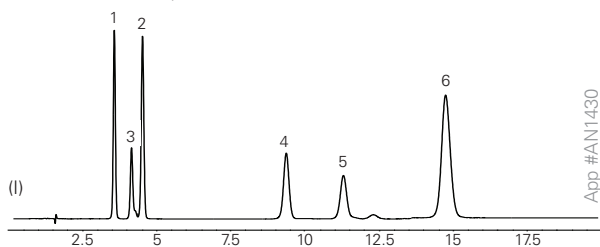
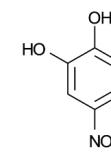
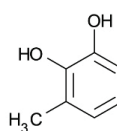
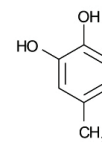
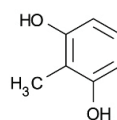
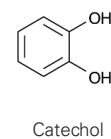
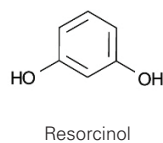
Application #AN1430 and #AN1440

#### Conditions

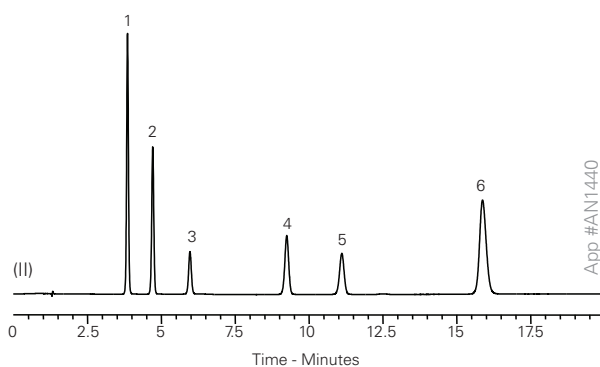
**Column:** (I) ACE Excel 3 CN-ES (II) ACE Excel 3 C18-Amide  
**Dimensions:** 150 x 4.6 mm  
**Part Number:** (I) EXL-1113-1546U (II) EXL-1112-1546U  
**Mobile Phase:** (I) 20 mM H<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> in MeCN/H<sub>2</sub>O (25:75 v/v)  
 (II) 20 mM H<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> in MeCN/H<sub>2</sub>O (10:90 v/v)  
**Flow Rate:** 1.5 mL/min  
**Injection:** 5 µL  
**Temperature:** 30 °C  
**Detection:** UV, 270 nm

#### Analytes

1. Resorcinol
2. Catechol
3. 2-Methylresorcinol
4. 4-Methylcatechol
5. 3-Methylcatechol
6. 4-Nitrocatechol



App #AN1430



App #AN1440

### Cathinone Psychoactive Substances by LC-UV and LC-Amperometry

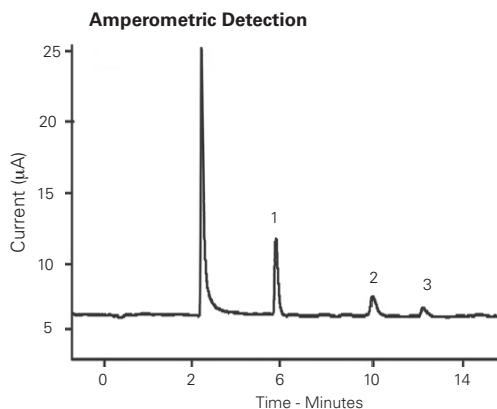
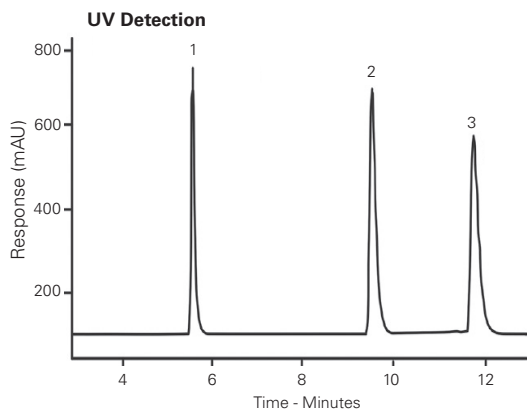
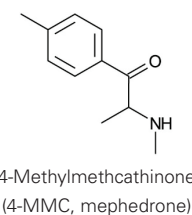
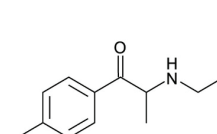
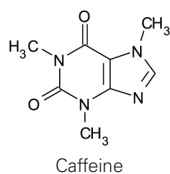
Application #AN3500

#### Conditions

**Column:** ACE 3 C18  
**Dimensions:** 150 x 4.6 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-111-1546  
**Mobile Phase:** 10 mM ammonium acetate-100 mM KCl pH 4.3/MeOH (70:30 v/v)  
**Flow Rate:** 0.8 mL/min  
**Injection:** 10 µL  
**Temperature:** 22 °C  
**Detection:** UV, 264 nm  
 Amperometric Potential +1.4 V

#### Analytes

1. Caffeine
2. 4-Methylmethcathinone (4-MMC, mephedrone)
3. 4-Methylethcathinone (4-MEC)



Zuway K, Smith J, Foster C, Kapur N, Banks C, Sutcliffe O, (2015) Detection and quantification of new psychoactive substances (NPSs) within the evolved 'legal high' product, NRG-2, using high performance liquid chromatography-amperometric detection (HPLC-AD). Analyst 140, 6283. doi:10.1039/c5an01106j

### Cefquinome by LC-MS

Application #AN3130

**Conditions**  
**Column:** ACE 5 C18  
**Dimensions:** 150 x 2.1 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-121-1502  
**Mobile Phase:** A: 2 mM formic acid in H<sub>2</sub>O  
 B: 2 mM formic acid in MeCN  
**Gradient:**

Time (mins)	%B
0	5
1	5
10	95
30	95

**Flow Rate:** 0.2 mL/min  
**Temperature:** 25 °C  
**Detection:** ESI-MS (+)

**Analytes**  
 1. Cefquinome (*m/z* 529.2)  
 2. Excipient

Cc1ccc(cc1)N2[C@@H](C(=O)N3C(=O)N(C(=O)N3C(=O)N2C4=NC(=S)C=C4)C)C(=O)O  
 Cefquinome

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### Ciprofibrate from Human Plasma by LC-MS/MS

Application #AN2670

**Conditions**  
**Column:** ACE 5 C18  
**Dimensions:** 50 x 4.6 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-121-0546  
**Mobile Phase:** 0.001% ammonia in MeOH/MeCN/H<sub>2</sub>O (70:20:10 v/v/v)  
**Flow Rate:** 1 mL/min  
**Injection:** 20 µL  
**Temperature:** Ambient  
**Detection:** API 3200 triple quad MS  
 ESI in negative ion mode  
 Ion source temperature: 550 °C  
 Ion spray voltage: 4500 V

**Analytes**  
 1. Ciprofibrate (*m/z* 287.0 → 85.0)  
 2. Furosemide (IS) (*m/z* 328.9 → 204.9)

CC(C)(C)OC(=O)c1ccc(cc1)C2CC2Cl  
 Ciprofibrate

CC1=CC=C(C=C1)NC(=O)C2=CC(=C(C=C2)S(=O)(=O)N)C(=O)O  
 Furosemide (IS)

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### Chloramphenicol in Milk by LC-MS/MS

Application #AN2030

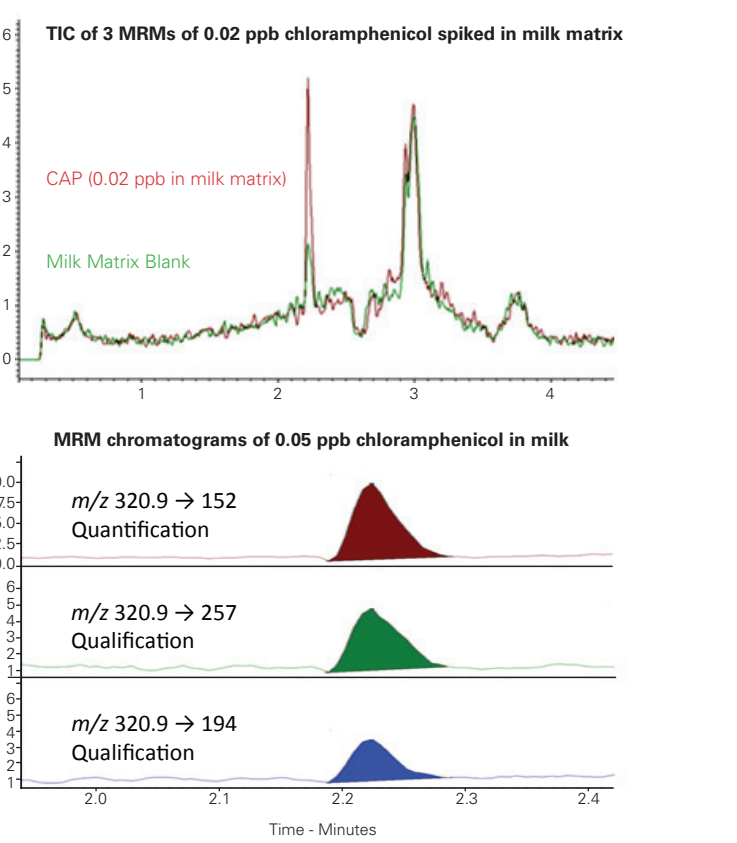
**Conditions**  
**Column:** ACE 3 C18  
**Dimensions:** 50 x 2.1 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-111-0502  
**Mobile Phase:** A: H<sub>2</sub>O  
 B: MeOH  
**Gradient:**

Time (mins)	%B
0.00	10
0.05	10
2.50	95
3.00	95
3.10	10
4.50	10

**Flow Rate:** 0.5 mL/min  
**Injection:** 10 µL  
**Detection:** Bruker EVOQ Elite triple quad MS  
 VIP heated-ESI temperature: 400 °C  
 Cone gas temperature: 350 °C  
 Spray voltage: -4500 V

**Analyte**  
 1. Chloramphenicol

ClC(=O)N[C@@H](c1ccc(cc1)[N+](=O)[O-])C(O)C(O)O  
 Chloramphenicol



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## Chocolate Analysis

Application #AN2040

### Conditions

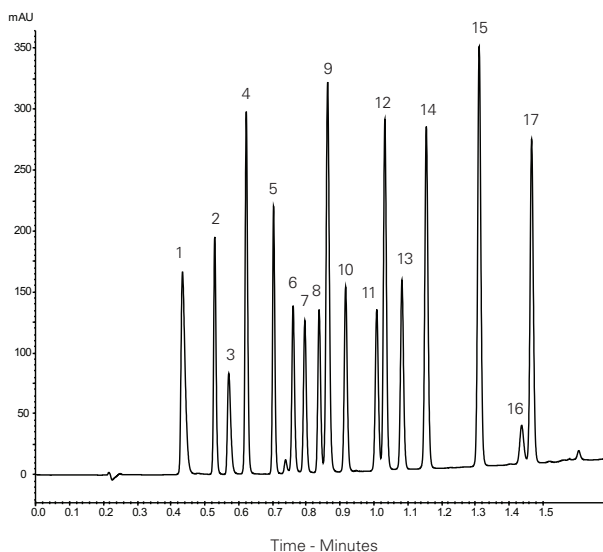
**Column:** ACE Excel 2 C18-Amide  
**Dimensions:** 100 x 2.1 mm  
**Part Number:** EXL-1012-1002U  
**Mobile Phase:** A: 10 mM ammonium formate pH 2.8 in H<sub>2</sub>O  
 B: 10 mM ammonium formate pH 2.8 in MeCN/H<sub>2</sub>O (90:10 v/v)  
**Gradient:**

Time (mins)	%B
0.0	5
1.5	85

  
**Flow Rate:** 1.2 mL/min  
**Temperature:** 42 °C  
**Detection:** UV, 254 nm

### Analytes

1. Acesulfame K
2. Theobromine
3. Saccharin
4. Theophylline
5. Caffeine
6. Chlorogenic acid
7. Catechin
8. Epicatechin
9. 4-Hydroxybenzoic acid
10. Vanillin
11. Guaiacol
12. Sorbic acid
13. Ethylvanillin
14. Methyl paraben
15. Ethyl paraben
16. Quercetin
17. Propyl paraben



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## Clenbuterol in Equine Plasma by LC-MS/MS

Application #AN2050

### Conditions

**Column:** ACE 3 C18  
**Dimensions:** 100 x 2.1 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-111-1002  
**Mobile Phase:** A: 0.2% formic acid in H<sub>2</sub>O  
 B: 0.2% formic acid in MeCN  
**Gradient:**

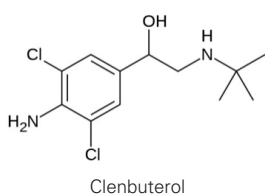
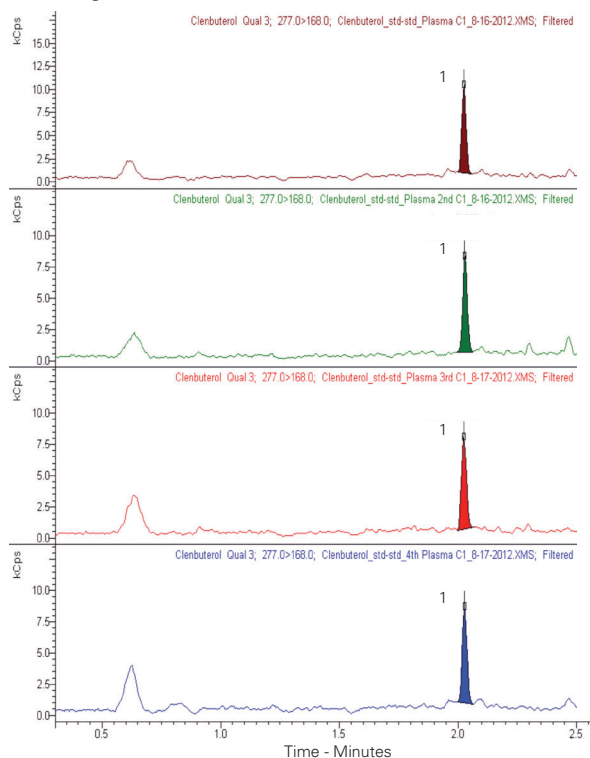
Time (mins)	%B
0.0	10
0.3	10
2.5	95
2.8	10
4.5	10

  
**Flow Rate:** 0.45 mL/min  
**Injection:** 30 µL  
**Detection:** Bruker EVOQ Elite triple quad MS  
 VIP heated-ESI temperature: 300 °C  
 Cone gas temperature: 300 °C  
 Spray voltage: +3500 V

### Analyte

1. Clenbuterol  
 (*m/z* 277.1 → 168)
- d9-Clenbuterol (IS)  
 (*m/z* 286.1 → 204)

### Representative MRM chromatograms of 5 ppt clenbuterol (150 fg on-column)



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**Clonidine Hydrochloride Oral Solution Containing Preservatives**

Application #AN2060

**Conditions**

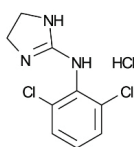
**Column:** ACE UltraCore 2.5 SuperC18  
**Dimensions:** 50 x 4.6 mm  
**Part Number:** CORE-25A-0546U  
**Mobile Phase:** A: 0.2% w/v phosphate buffer/  
 MeOH/MeCN (80:10:10 v/v/v)  
 B: MeCN

Gradient:	Time (mins)	%B
	0.0	0
	0.8	0
	2.1	70
	3.4	70
	3.5	0

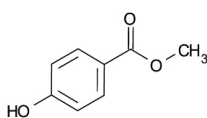
**Flow Rate:** 2 mL/min  
**Injection:** 100 µL  
**Temperature:** 20 °C  
**Detection:** UV, 220 nm

**Analytes**

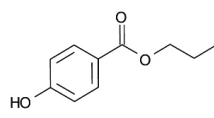
1. Clonidine HCl (10 µg/mL)
2. Methyl paraben (1.5 g/mL)
3. Propyl paraben (1.5 g/mL)



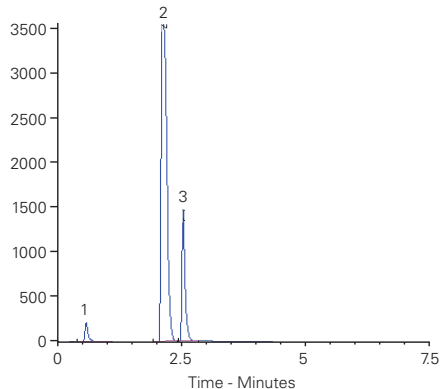
Clonidine HCl



Methyl paraben



Propyl paraben



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**Clopidogrel and Photodegradation Products**

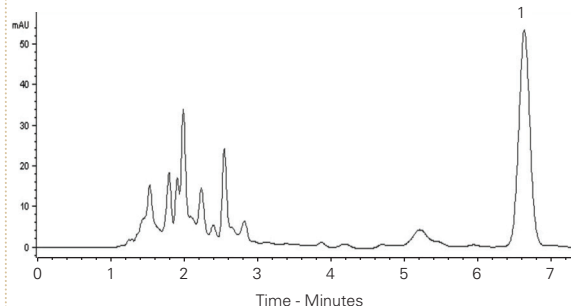
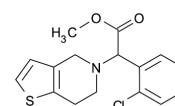
Application #AN3110

**Conditions**

**Column:** ACE 5 C18  
**Dimensions:** 150 x 4.6 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-121-1546  
**Mobile Phase:** MeOH/aqueous TEA (pH 5.3 with H<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>) (75:25 v/v)  
**Flow Rate:** 1.2 mL/min  
**Injection:** 20 µL  
**Temperature:** 25 °C  
**Detection:** UV, 220 nm  
**Sample:** Exposed to UV light for 3.5 hours

**Analyte**

1. Clopidogrel



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Please contact us for further information and advice on specific applications or for method development support

email: [info@ace-hplc.com](mailto:info@ace-hplc.com)



Coffee Metabolite Profiling by LC-MS

Application #AN2590

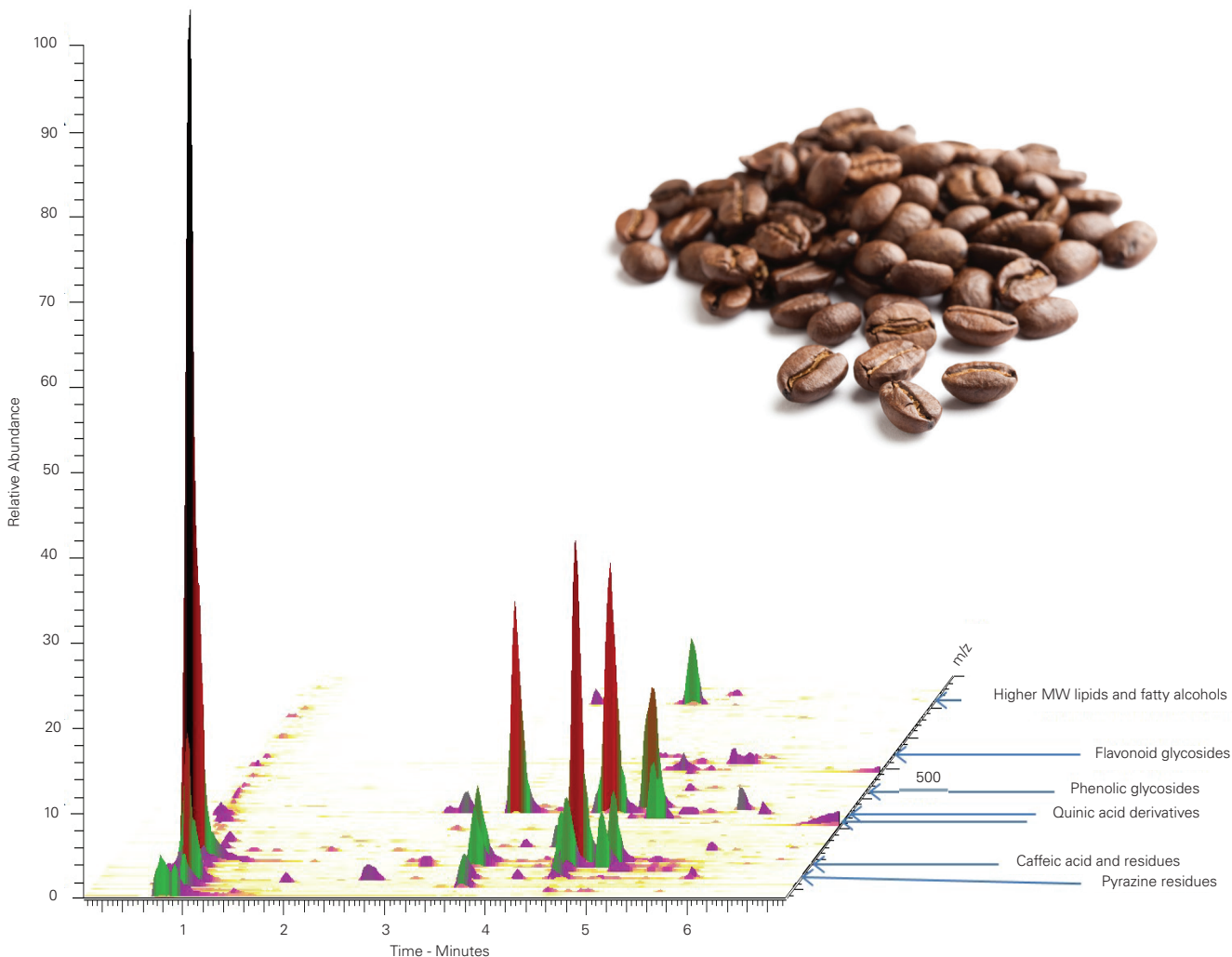
Conditions

**Column:** ACE Excel 1.7 C18-Amide  
**Dimensions:** 100 x 2.1 mm  
**Part Number:** EXL-1712-1002U  
**Mobile Phase:** A: 0.01% formic acid in H<sub>2</sub>O  
 B: 0.01% formic acid in MeCN  
**Gradient:**

Time (mins)	%B
0.0	3
2.5	10
8.0	100
8.5	3
10.0	3

**Flow Rate:** 0.5 mL/min  
**Detection:** Exacte accurate mass MS system  
 ESI in negative ion mode

Analytes between *m/z* 70-800 monitored  
**Sample:** Metabolites from coffee extracted into cold water by vortexing for 20 mins. Samples filtered prior to injection onto column and modular Accela LC system.



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## Cold Medicine Analytes (I) and (II)

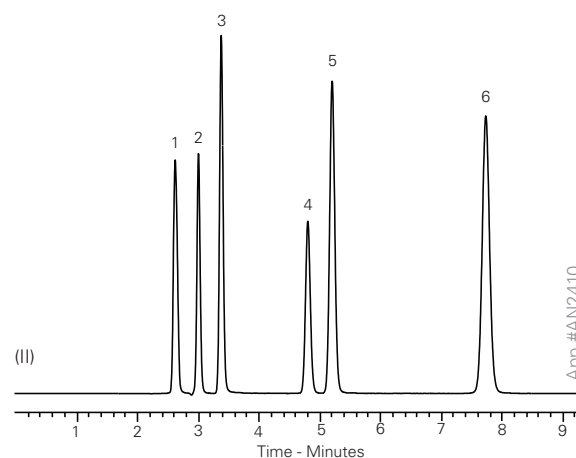
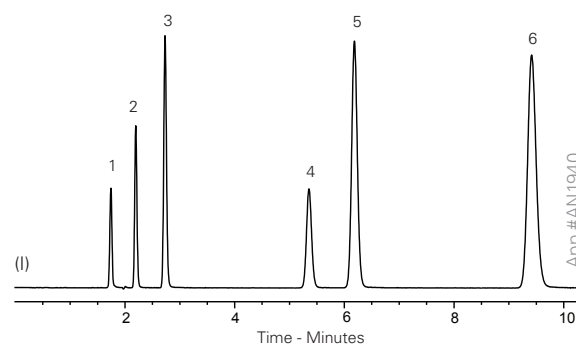
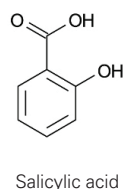
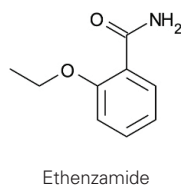
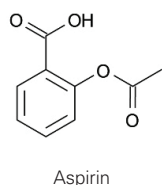
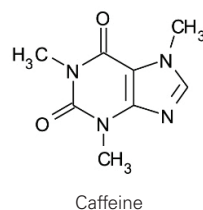
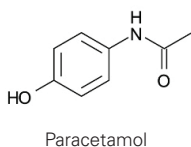
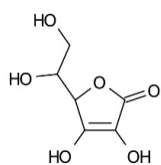
Application #AN1940 and #AN2410

## Conditions

**Column:** ACE 5 C18  
**Dimensions:** 250 x 4.6 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-121-2546  
**Mobile Phase:** (I) 20 mM phosphoric acid in MeOH/H<sub>2</sub>O (25:75 v/v)  
 (II) 0.1% formic acid in MeOH/H<sub>2</sub>O (55:45 v/v)  
**Flow Rate:** (I) 1.5 mL/min (II) 1.0 mL/min  
**Injection:** 5 µL  
**Temperature:** (I) 40 °C (II) 25 °C  
**Detection:** (I) UV, 280 nm (II) UV, 275 nm

## Analytes

1. Ascorbic acid
2. Paracetamol
3. Caffeine
4. Aspirin
5. Ethenzamide
6. Salicylic acid



## Corticosteroids by LC-MS/MS

Application #AN1030

## Conditions

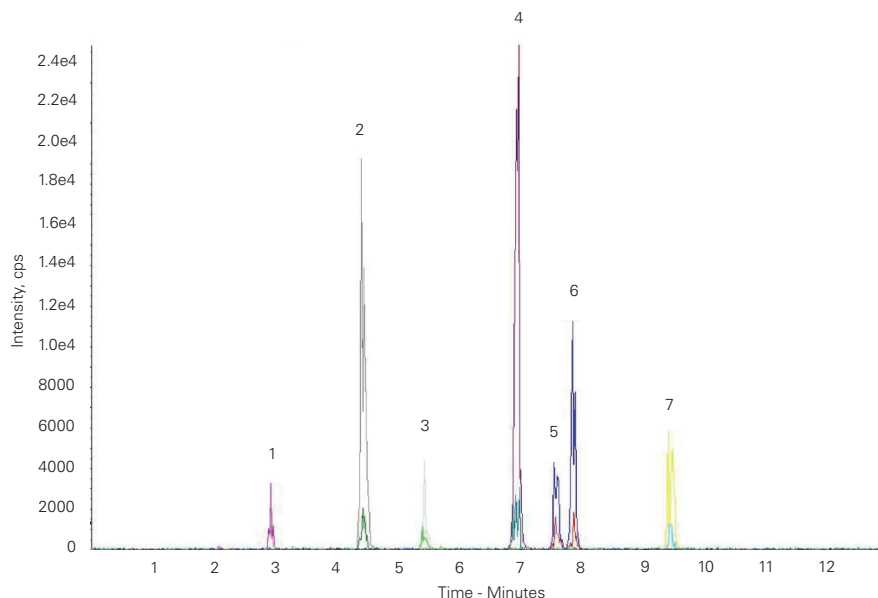
**Column:** ACE 3 C18-PFP  
**Dimensions:** 150 x 2.1 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-1110-1502  
**Mobile Phase:** A: 0.1% formic acid in H<sub>2</sub>O  
 B: MeCN/0.1% formic acid in H<sub>2</sub>O (90:10 v/v)  
**Gradient:**

Time (mins)	%B
0	30
14	50
17	95
20	30

**Flow Rate:** 0.3 mL/min  
**Injection:** 25 µL  
**Temperature:** 15 °C  
**Detection:** Turbospray, MRM

## Analytes

1. Triamcinolone
2. Prednisolone
3. Fluoroprednisolone
4. Methylprednisolone
5. Betamethasone
6. Dexamethasone
7. Flumethasone



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### Cortisol in Urine by LC-MS/MS

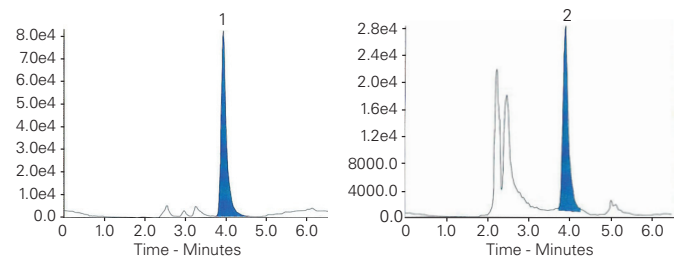
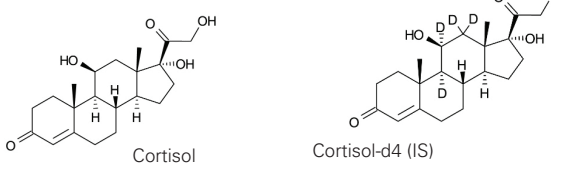
Application #AN2680

**Conditions**

**Column:** ACE Excel 2 C18  
**Dimensions:** 100 x 2.1 mm  
**Part Number:** EXL-101-1002U  
**Mobile Phase:** 4 mM ammonium acetate in H<sub>2</sub>O/0.2% (v/v) formic acid in MeOH (71.5:28.5 v/v)  
**Flow Rate:** 0.7 mL/min  
**Injection:** 50 µL  
**Temperature:** 50 °C  
**Detection:** Applied Biosystems 5000 MS/MS APCI in positive ion mode  
**Sample:** BioRad Liquichek Urine Quality Control standard (16 nmol/L cortisol)

**Analytes**

1. Cortisol (m/z 363.5 → 121.3)
2. Cortisol-d4 (IS) (m/z 367.3 → 331.3)



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### Cyclosporin Mixture

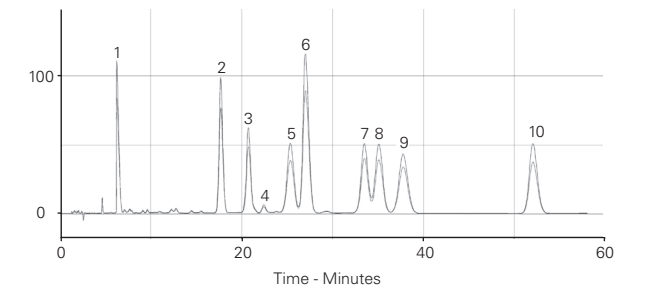
Application #AN3270

**Conditions**

**Column:** ACE 5 C18  
**Dimensions:** 250 x 3.0 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-121-2503  
**Mobile Phase:** H<sub>2</sub>O/MeCN/MTBE/H<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> (46:51:3:0.1 v/v/v/v)  
**Flow Rate:** 0.8 mL/min  
**Temperature:** 80 °C  
**Detection:** UV, 210 nm

**Analytes**

1. Isocyclosporin A
2. Cyclosporin C
3. Cyclosporin B
4. Cyclosporin L
5. Cyclosporin U
6. Cyclosporin A
7. Dihydrocyclosporin A
8. Cyclosporin G
9. Cyclosporin D
10. Cyclosporin E



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### Cyclodextrin-Encapsulated Flavour Compounds in Beer

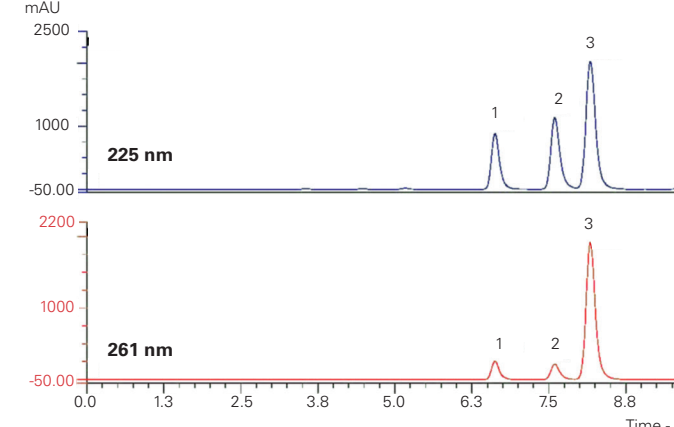
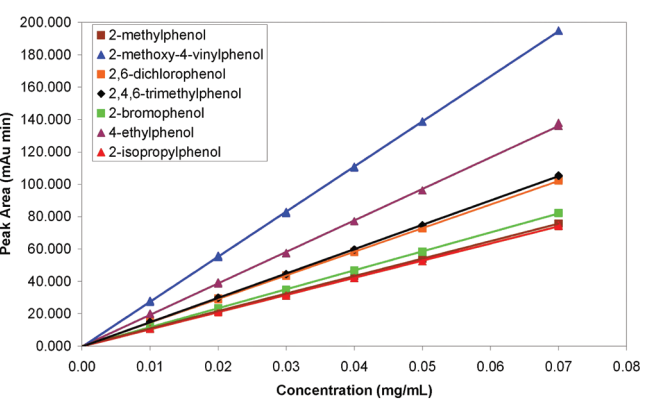
Application #AN2300

**Conditions**

**Column:** ACE 3 C18  
**Dimensions:** 150 x 4.0 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-111-1504  
**Mobile Phase:** 0.1% phosphoric acid in MeOH/H<sub>2</sub>O (53:47 v/v)  
**Flow Rate:** 0.5 mL/min  
**Injection:** 20 µL  
**Temperature:** 35 °C  
**Detection:** UV, 225 nm and 261 nm

**Analytes**

1. 2-Methylphenol
2. 2-Bromophenol
3. 2-Methoxy-4-vinylphenol
4. 4-Ethylphenol
5. 2,4-Dichlorophenol
6. 2,4,6-Trimethylphenol
7. 2-Isopropylphenol



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## Cytarabine Analogues by Ion-Pairing LC-MS/MS

Application #AN2070

## Conditions

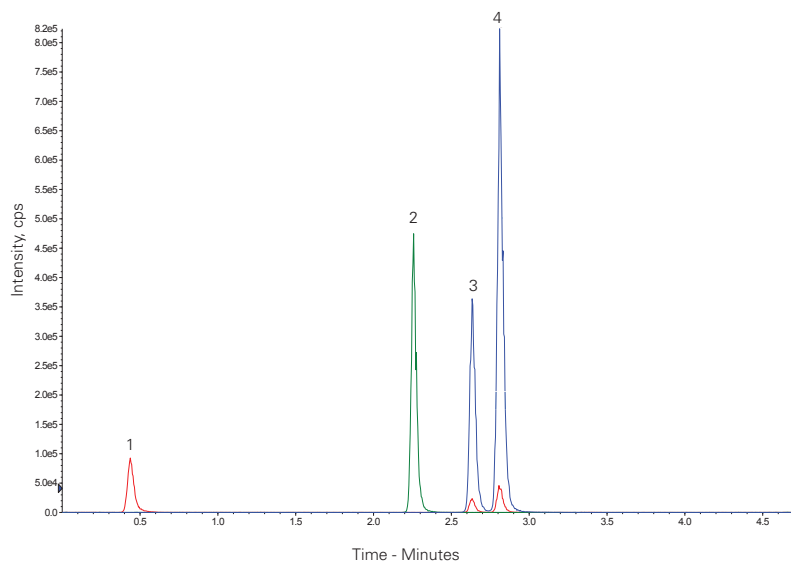
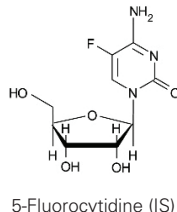
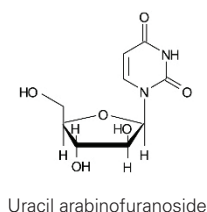
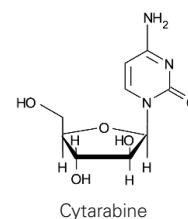
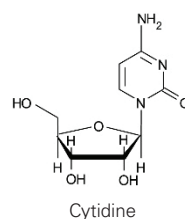
**Column:** ACE 3 C18  
**Dimensions:** 50 x 2.1 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-111-0502  
**Mobile Phase:** A: 0.1% perfluoropentanoic acid + 0.1% formic acid in H<sub>2</sub>O  
 B: 0.1% perfluoropentanoic acid + 0.1% formic acid in MeCN  
**Gradient:**

Time (mins)	%B
0.0	0
0.5	0
3.0	13
4.0	90
5.0	0

**Flow Rate:** 0.7 mL/min  
**Detection:** API 4000 MS  
 TurbolonSpray, positive mode  
 Source Temperature 550 °C

## Analytes

1. Uracil arabinofuranoside  
(*m/z* 245 → 113)
2. 5-Fluorocytidine (IS)  
(*m/z* 262 → 130)
3. Cytidine  
(*m/z* 244 → 112)
4. Cytarabine  
(*m/z* 244 → 112)



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## Cytotoxic Agents by UHPLC-MS/MS

Application #AN1070

## Conditions

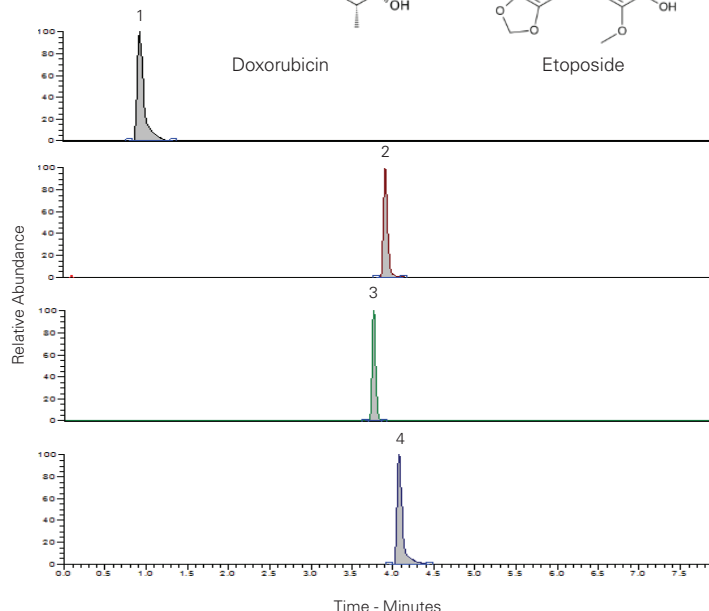
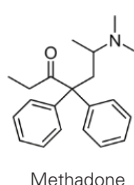
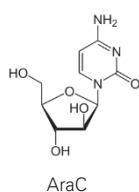
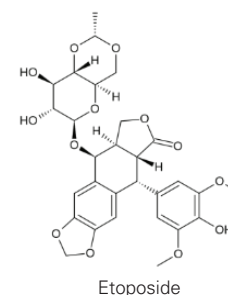
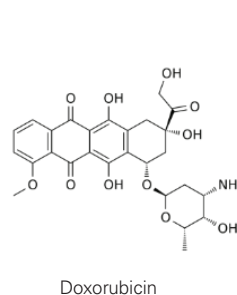
**Column:** ACE UltraCore 2.5 SuperC18  
**Dimensions:** 100 x 2.1 mm  
**Part Number:** CORE-25A-1002U  
**Mobile Phase:** A: 0.1% formic acid in H<sub>2</sub>O  
 B: 0.1% formic acid in MeCN  
**Gradient:**

Time (mins)	%B
0.0	2
1.0	2
3.0	80
5.0	80
5.1	2
8.0	2

**Flow Rate:** 0.25 mL/min  
**Detection:** Thermo Vantage triple quadrupole MS  
 MRM +ve ESI mode  
 Spray voltage: 3500 V  
 Nitrogen sheath and auxiliary gas  
 CID with argon: 1.5 mTorr

## Analytes

1. AraC  
(*m/z* 244.1 → 112.2)
2. Methadone  
(*m/z* 310.2 → 265.3)
3. Doxorubicin  
(*m/z* 544.2 → 361.2)
4. Etoposide  
(*m/z* 589.2 → 185.1)



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### Decarboxylation of Sirohaem by Sirohaem Decarboxylase

Application #AN3830

#### Conditions

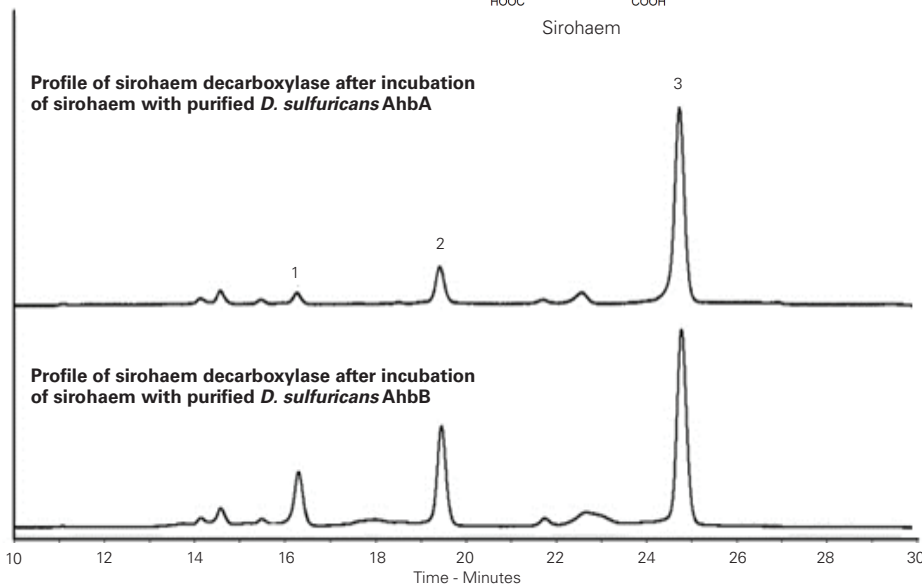
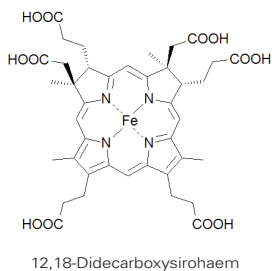
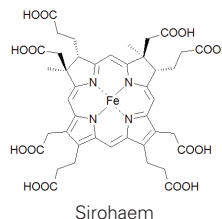
**Column:** ACE 5 AQ  
**Dimensions:** 150 x 2.1 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-126-1502  
**Mobile Phase:** A: 0.1% TFA in H<sub>2</sub>O  
 B: MeCN  
**Gradient:**

Time (mins)	%B
0	5
6	20
25	30
35	100
40	100

**Flow Rate:** 0.2 mL/min  
**Detection:** DAD, 380 nm

#### Analytes

1. Sirohaem
2. Monodecarboxysirohaem
3. 12,18-Didecarboxysirohaem



Palmer DJ, Schroeder S, Lawrence AD, Deery E, Lobo SA, Saraiva LM, McLean KJ, Munro AW, Ferguson SJ, Pickersgill RW, Brown DG, Warren MJ. The structure, function and properties of sirohaem decarboxylase – an enzyme with structural homology to a transcription factor family that is part of an alternative haem biosynthesis pathway. *Molecular Microbiology* (2014) 93(2), 247-261. doi:10.1111/mmi.12656

### Defensins (Human) in Saliva Matrix

Application #AN1270

#### Conditions

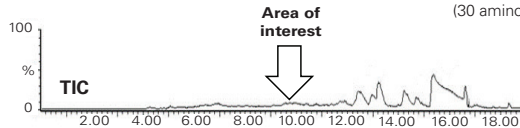
**Column:** ACE UltraCore 2.5 SuperC18  
**Dimensions:** 50 x 3.0 mm  
**Part Number:** CORE-25A-0503U  
**Mobile Phase:** A: 0.1% formic acid in H<sub>2</sub>O  
 B: 0.1% formic acid in MeCN  
**Gradient:**

Time (mins)	%B
0	2
2	2
17	50
19	95
20	95

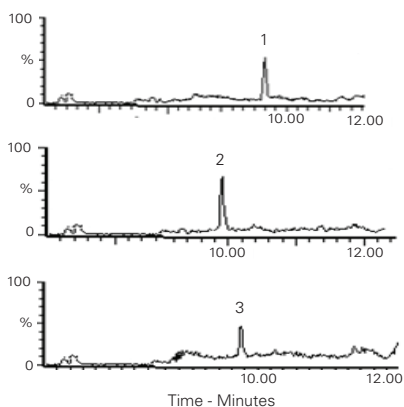
**Flow Rate:** 0.6 mL/min  
**Detection:** Synapt G1 QToF +ESI MS  
 Sampling cone voltage: 40 V  
 Source temperature: 150 °C  
 Capillary voltage: 4.8 kV  
 Extraction cone voltage: 41 kV  
 Desolvation temperature: 500 °C  
 Acquisition: 100-2000 m/z  
**Sample:** SPE on C18

#### Defensin Human Neutrophil Peptides

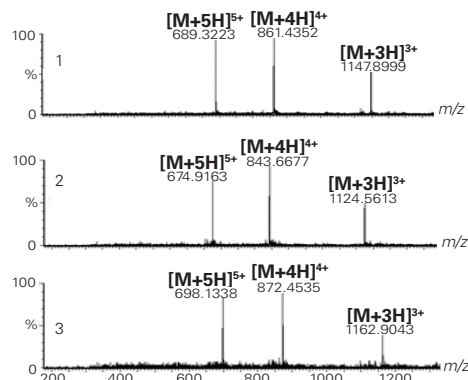
1. HNP-1 (30 amino acid residues)
2. HNP-2 (29 amino acid residues)
3. HNP-3 (30 amino acid residues)



#### Extracted ion current chromatograms (sum of multiply protonated ions [M+3H]<sup>3+</sup>, [M+4H]<sup>4+</sup> and [M+5H]<sup>5+</sup>)



#### Mass spectra



**Dermorphin in Equine Urine by LC-MS/MS** Application #AN1040

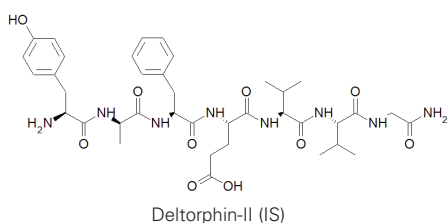
**Conditions**

**Column:** ACE 3 C18  
**Dimensions:** 100 x 2.1 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-111-1002  
**Mobile Phase:** A: 0.2% formic acid in H<sub>2</sub>O  
 B: 0.2% formic acid in MeCN  
**Gradient:**

Time (mins)	%B
0.00	5
0.20	5
8.00	95
8.50	95
8.51	5
12.50	5

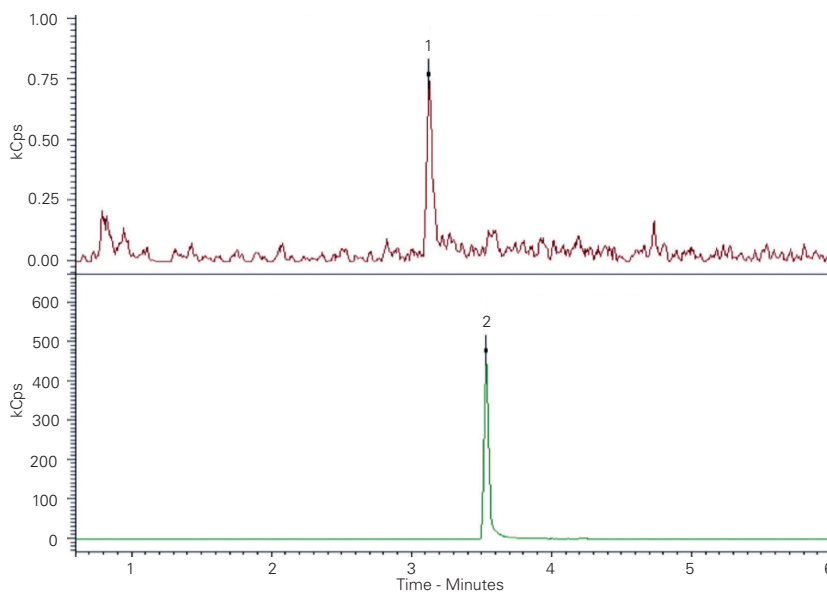
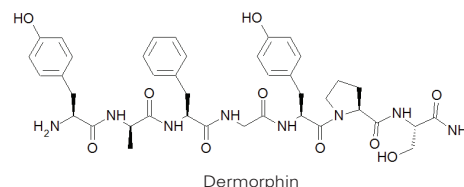
**Flow Rate:** 0.4 mL/min  
**Injection:** 40 µL  
**Detection:** Bruker EVOQ Elite triple quad MS  
 VIP heated-ESI temperature: 350 °C  
 Cone gas temperature: 250 °C  
 Spray voltage: +4000 V

Accurate quantification of dermorphin in equine urine in range 0.05 – 100 ng/mL  
 LLOQ = 0.05 ng/mL



**Analytes**

- Dermorphin  
 (m/z 803.4 → 602 (Quantifier ion)  
 (m/z 803.4 → 202 (Qualifier ion))
- Deltorphin-II (IS)  
 (m/z 783 → 277)



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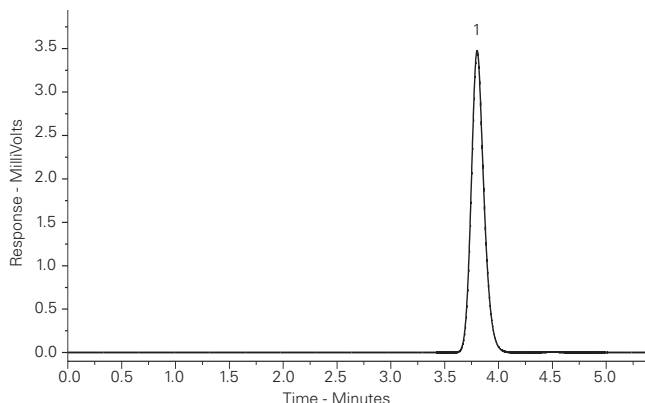
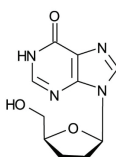
**Didanosine** Application #AN3590

**Conditions**

**Column:** ACE 5 C18-HL  
**Dimensions:** 250 x 4.6 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-321-2546  
**Mobile Phase:** 50 mM ammonium acetate  
 pH 8.0/MeOH (80:20 v/v)  
**Flow Rate:** 1.5 mL/min  
**Temperature:** Ambient  
**Detection:** UV, 254 nm

**Analyte**

- Didanosine



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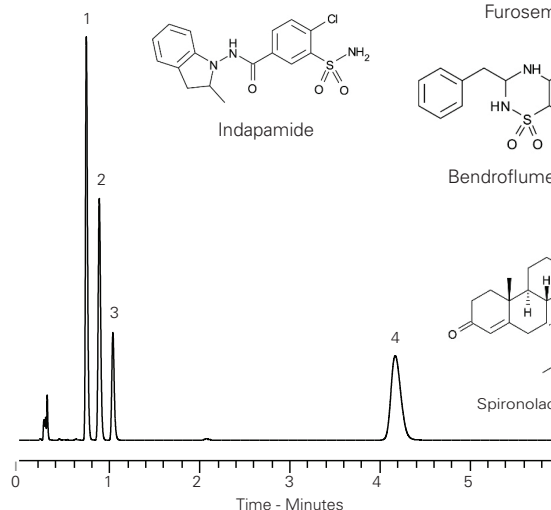
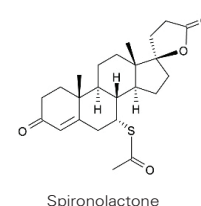
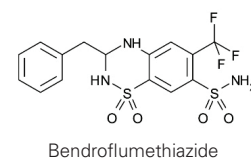
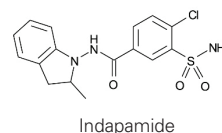
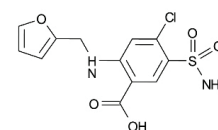
**Diuretics (Isocratic)** Application #AN2140

**Conditions**

**Column:** ACE Excel 2 C18-PFP  
**Dimensions:** 50 x 3.0 mm  
**Part Number:** EXL-1010-0503U  
**Mobile Phase:** 10 mM ammonium formate  
 pH 3.0 in MeOH/H<sub>2</sub>O (45:55 v/v)  
**Flow Rate:** 1 mL/min  
**Injection:** 2 µL  
**Temperature:** 60 °C  
**Detection:** UV, 254 nm

**Analytes**

- Furosemide
- Indapamide
- Bendroflumethiazide
- Spirolactone





Diuretics

Application #AN1450

Conditions

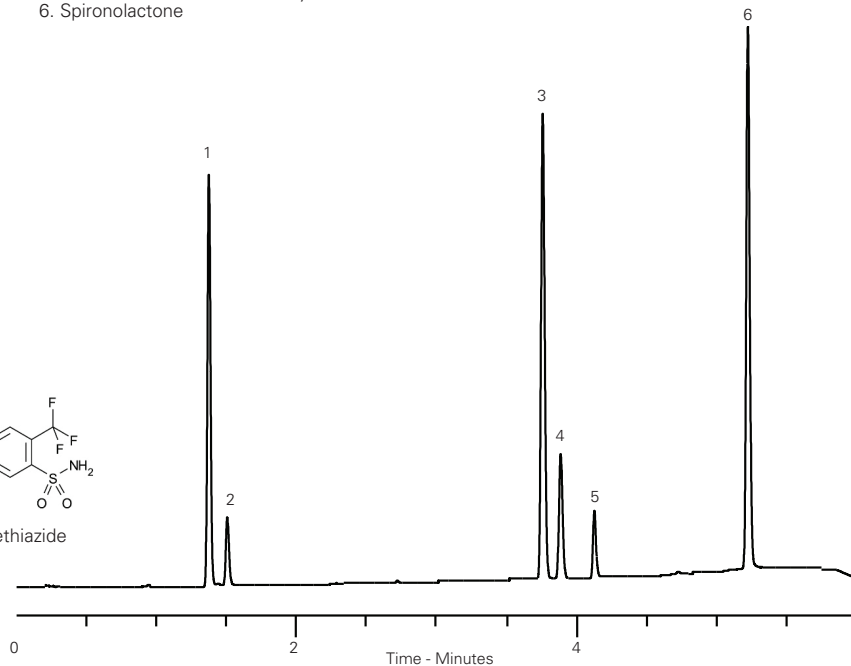
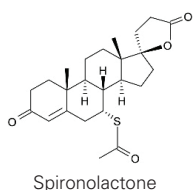
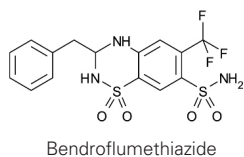
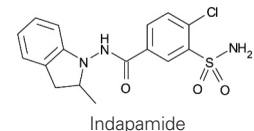
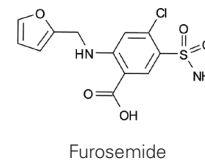
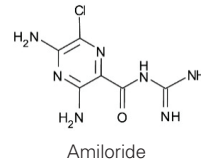
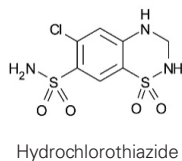
**Column:** ACE Excel 2 C18-PFP  
**Dimensions:** 50 x 3.0 mm  
**Part Number:** EXL-1010-0503U  
**Mobile Phase:** A: 10 mM ammonium formate pH 3.0 in H<sub>2</sub>O  
 B: 10 mM ammonium formate pH 3.0 in MeOH/H<sub>2</sub>O (9:1 v/v)  
**Gradient:**

Time (mins)	%B
0.0	5
0.5	5
5.0	70
5.5	70
6.0	5

  
**Flow Rate:** 1 mL/min  
**Injection:** 2 µL  
**Temperature:** 60 °C  
**Detection:** UV, 254 nm

Analytes

1. Hydrochlorothiazide
2. Amiloride
3. Furosemide
4. Indapamide
5. Bendroflumethiazide
6. Spironolactone



DOTATATE and Octreotide

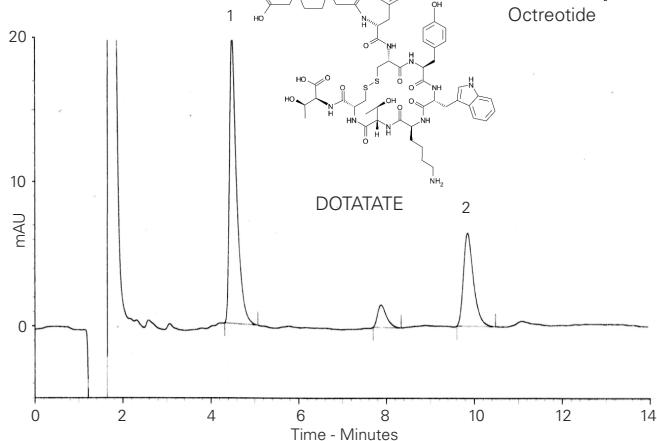
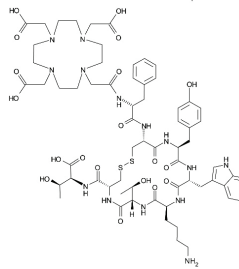
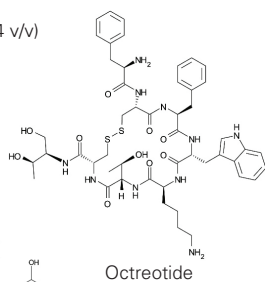
Application #AN2730

Conditions

**Column:** ACE 3 C18  
**Dimensions:** 150 x 3.0 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-111-1503  
**Mobile Phase:** 0.1% TFA in H<sub>2</sub>O/MeCN (76:24 v/v)  
**Flow Rate:** 0.6 mL/min  
**Injection:** 20 µL  
**Detection:** UV, 220 nm

Analytes

1. DOTATATE
2. Octreotide



<sup>68</sup>Ga-DOTATATE QC Analysis by Radiometric Detection

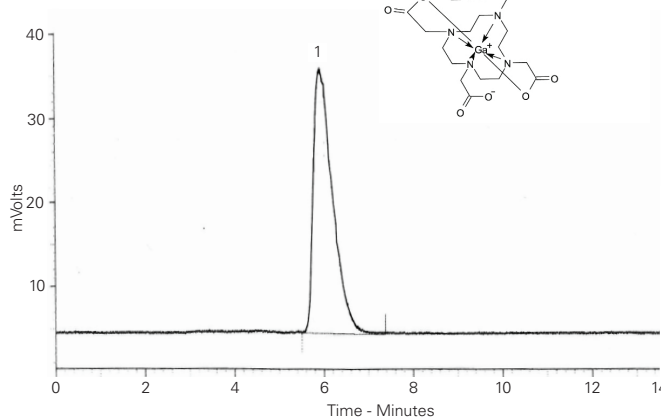
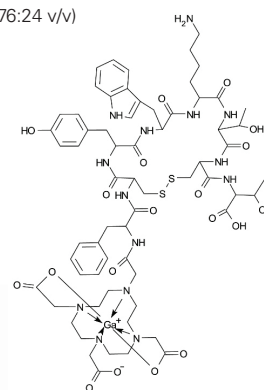
Application #AN2720

Conditions

**Column:** ACE 3 C18  
**Dimensions:** 150 x 3.0 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-111-1503  
**Mobile Phase:** 0.1% TFA in H<sub>2</sub>O/MeCN (76:24 v/v)  
**Flow Rate:** 0.6 mL/min  
**Injection:** 20 µL  
**Detection:** Radiometric

Analyte

1. <sup>68</sup>Ga-DOTATATE





**<sup>68</sup>Ga-DOTATATE PET Tracer by LC-MS/MS**

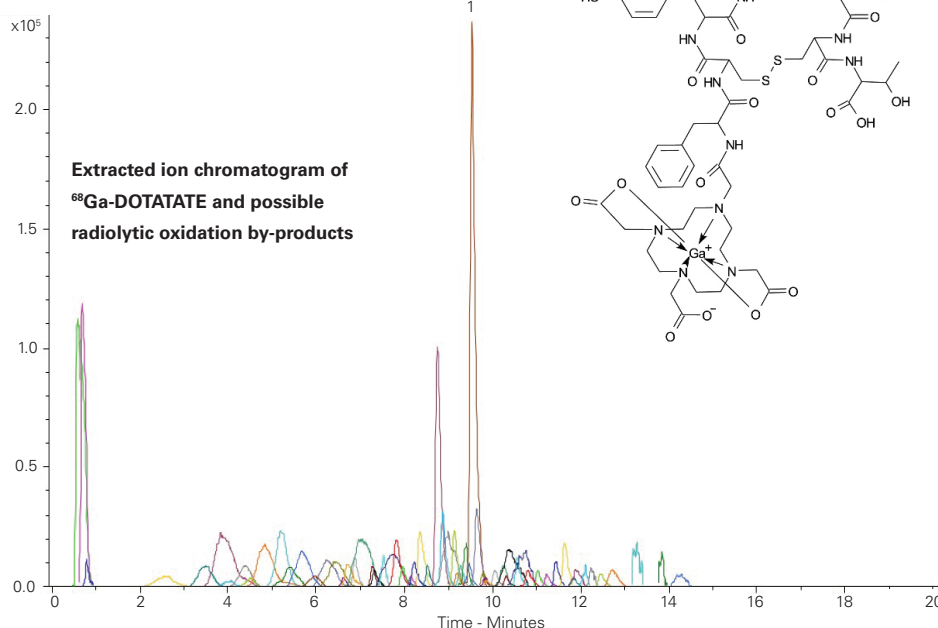
Application #AN2710

**Conditions**

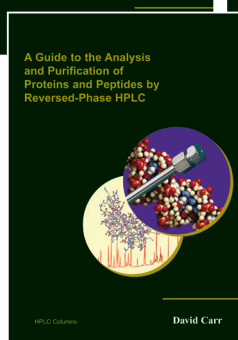
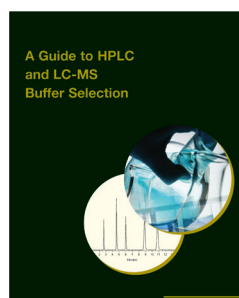
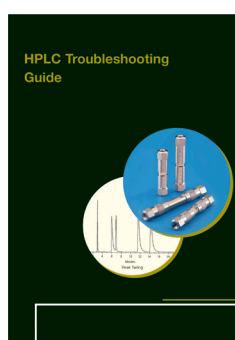
**Column:** ACE 3 C18  
**Dimensions:** 50 x 4.6 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-111-0546  
**Mobile Phase:** A: 0.1% formic acid in H<sub>2</sub>O  
 B: 0.1% formic acid in MeCN  
**Gradient:**

Time (mins)	%B
0	2
10	25
20	25

**Flow Rate:** 1 mL/min  
**Injection:** 10 µL  
**Detection:** Bruker ESI-Q-TOF  
 ESI positive ion mode

**Analyte**1. <sup>68</sup>Ga-DOTATATE

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## Drugs of Abuse Screen by UHPLC-MS/MS

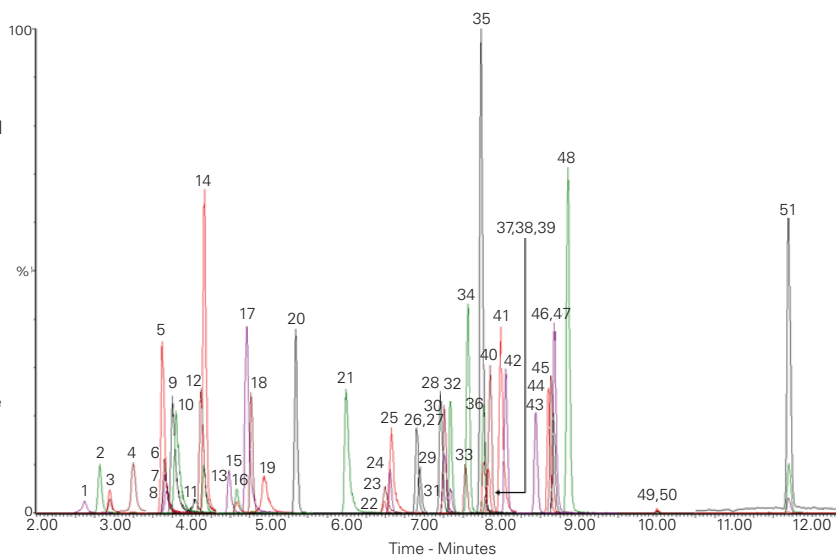
Application #AN2190

## Conditions

**Column:** ACE Excel 1.7 C18  
**Dimensions:** 100 x 2.1 mm  
**Part Number:** EXL-171-1002U  
**Mobile Phase:** A: 5 mM ammonium acetate in H<sub>2</sub>O  
 B: 5 mM ammonium acetate in MeOH  
**Gradient:**

Time (mins)	%B
0.0	10
10.0	90
11.9	90
13.4	10
15.5	10

**Flow Rate:** 0.3 mL/min  
**Injection:** 10 µL  
**Temperature:** 40 °C  
**Detection:** MS Quattro Premier XE triple quad  
 MRM, positive and negative ESI mode  
 Desolvation temperature: 450 °C  
 Ion source temperature: 150 °C  
 Collision gas pressure: 3.5 x 10<sup>-3</sup> mbar



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Peak	Analyte	R <sub>t</sub> (Mins)	Q1 (Da)	Q3 (Da)	Peak	Analyte	R <sub>t</sub> (Mins)	Q1 (Da)	Q3 (Da)
1	Oxymorphone	2.62	302.2	198.1	27	Bromazepam	6.95	316.1	182.1
2	Morphine-d3	2.82	289.2	201.0	28	Ketamine	7.21	238.1	124.9
3	Morphine	2.95	286.2	201.0	29	Clonazepam	7.26	316.1	270.1
4	Hydromorphone	3.25	286.2	185.1	30	Nitrazepam	7.26	282.2	236.1
5	Amphetamine-d5	3.62	141.0	123.9	31	α-Hydroxytriazolam	7.34	359.1	331.1
6	Amphetamine	3.65	136.0	118.9	32	Flunitrazepam	7.34	314.2	268.2
7	Dihydrocodeine	3.66	302.2	199.1	33	α-Hydroxylprazolam	7.54	325.2	297.1
8	MDA	3.67	180.1	105.0	34	Estazolam	7.56	295.2	267.2
9	MDMA	3.75	194.1	163.0	35	Zolpidem	7.73	308.2	235.1
10	Methamphetamine	3.80	150.0	90.9	36	Triazolam	7.77	343.0	308.1
11	Oxycodone	4.03	316.2	241.2	37	2-Hydroxyethylflurazepam	7.77	333.2	109.0
12	MDEA	4.12	208.2	163.0	38	Lorazepam	7.80	321.1	275.1
13	BZE-d3	4.15	293.1	171.0	39	Oxazepam	7.82	287.2	241.0
14	BZE	4.17	290.1	168.0	40	Alprazolam	7.85	309.2	281.2
15	6-MAM	4.48	328.2	165.1	41	Methadone	7.99	310.2	265.2
16	Codeine	4.59	300.3	215.1	42	Temazepam	8.05	301.1	255.1
17	Norfentanyl	4.71	233.1	84.0	43	Nordiazepam	8.44	271.1	139.9
18	7-Amino-clonazepam	4.77	286.2	121.0	44	Midazolam	8.61	326.2	291.2
19	Hydrocodone	4.94	300.2	199.1	45	Diazepam-d5	8.63	290.2	154.0
20	7-Amino-flunitrazepam	5.34	284.2	135.0	46	Diazepam	8.67	285.2	154.0
21	Cocaine	5.99	304.2	182.0	47	Flurazepam	8.68	388.2	315.1
22	Norbuprenorphine	6.47	414.3	101.0	48	Fentanyl	8.85	337.3	105.0
23	PCP	6.49	244.2	159.9	49	THC-COOH-d3	9.98	348.2	302.2
24	Zaleplon	6.55	306.2	264.2	50	THC-COOH	10.01	345.2	299.2
25	EDDP	6.58	278.2	234.2	51	Buprenorphine	11.70	468.3	101.0
26	Norketamine	6.90	224.1	124.9					

## Drugs of Abuse Screen (250 Analytes) in Urine by LC-MS/MS

Page 1 of 3

Application #AN4140

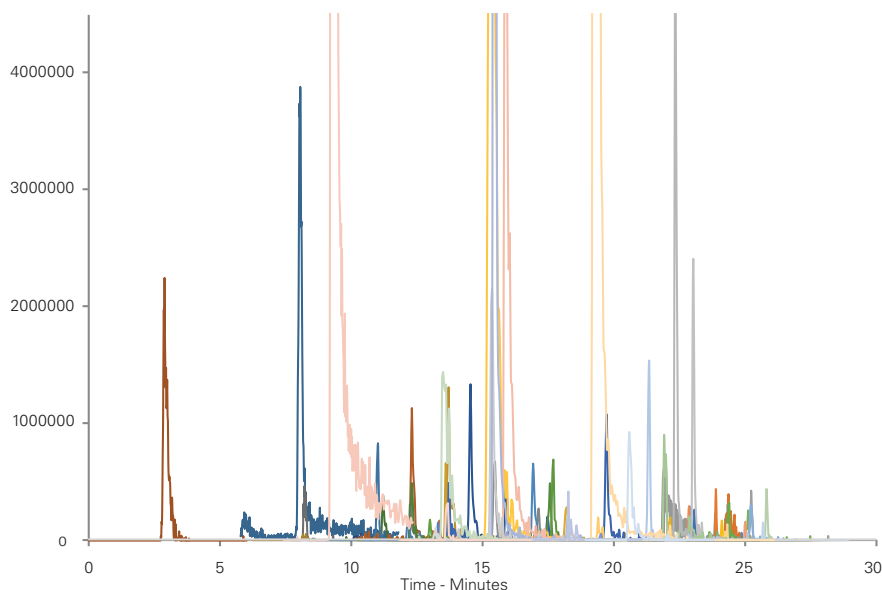
## Conditions

**Column:** ACE Excel 2 C18-PFP  
**Dimensions:** 100 x 2.1 mm  
**Part Number:** EXL-1010-1002U  
**Mobile Phase:** A: 2 mM ammonium acetate + 0.1% formic acid in H<sub>2</sub>O  
 B: 2 mM ammonium acetate + 0.1% formic acid in MeOH  
**Gradient:**

Time (mins)	%B
0	2
4	2
34	100
38	100
40	2

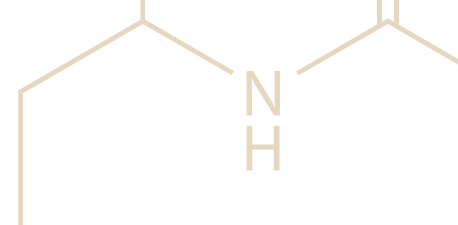
**Flow Rate:** 0.3 mL/min  
**Injection:** 10 µL  
**Temperature:** 37 °C  
**Detection:** Thermo Quantum Ultra MS  
 ESI in positive ion mode

Analytes in blue are included in  
 Extracted Ion Chromatogram



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Analyte	R <sub>t</sub> (Mins)	MRM Transitions (m/z)	Analyte	R <sub>t</sub> (Mins)	MRM Transitions (m/z)
6-Acetylcodeine	16.9	342.2 > 165.1	Buphedrone	14.2	178.2 > 160.1
Alfentanil	21.1	417.4 > 197.2	Buphedrone ephedrine	13.5	180.4 > 162.2
Alprazolam	23.3	309.11 > 205.1	Bupivacaine	19.5	289.2 > 84.2
Aminoclonazepam	13.9	286.2 > 222.3	Buprenorphine glucuronide	18.1	644.4 > 468.4
Aminodesmethylflunitrazepam	20.0	270.1 > 121.1	Bupropion	19.5	240.1 > 131.1
Aminoflunitrazepam	16.2	284.1 > 135.1	Butylone	14.7	222.1 > 131.1
Aminonitrazepam	10.9	252.1 > 94.1	Caffeine	13.1	195.1 > 110.1
Aminorex	12.2	163 > 120.1	Camfetamine	18.7	202.2 > 67.1
Amiodarone	31.3	646.2 > 100	Carbamazepine	21.5	237.1 > 192.2
Amisulpride	16.2	370.1 > 242	Carbamazepine 10,11-Epoxide	18.6	253.2 > 180.1
Amitriptyline	24.4	278.2 > 91.1	Cathine	20.0	134.2 > 91.1
Amlodipine	25.3	409.3 > 238.2	Cathinone	9.5	150.2 > 117.1
Amlodipine met	22.9	407 > 318	2C-B-FLY	20.1	286 > 269.1
Amphetamine	11.6	136.1 > 65.2	Chlordiazepoxide	19.5	300.1 > 227.1
Amphetamine-d6	11.6	142.2 > 67.2	Chloroquine	18.5	320.1 > 142.1
Anhydroecgonine methyl ester	9.8	182.2 > 91.1	Chlorpheniramine	20.4	275.1 > 167.2
Aripiprazole	25.5	448.1 > 285.1	Chlorpromazine	25.9	319.2 > 58.1
Atenolol	10.7	267.1 > 145.1	Citalopram	22.2	325.1 > 246.1
Atomoxetine	23.1	256.2 > 44.1	Clobazam	22.8	301.1 > 259.2
Atomoxetine metabolite	22.5	242.2 > 44.1	Clomethiazole	17.3	161.9 > 113
Benzedrone	21.7	254 > 65.1	Clomipramine	27.0	315.1 > 86.1
Benzoylecgonine	15.6	290.1 > 77.2	Clonazepam	23.1	316.1 > 214.2
Benzoylecgonine-d3	15.6	293.2 > 77.2	Clonidine	13.2	230 > 44.2
Benzylpiperazine	5.1	177.2 > 65.1	Clozapine	21.7	327.1 > 192.1
Bisoprolol	19.9	326.3 > 116.1	Cocaethylene	19.5	318.2 > 82.2
Bromazepam	20.4	316 > 182.1	Cocaine	18.0	304.2 > 82.2



## Drugs of Abuse Screen (250 Analytes) in Urine by LC-MS/MS

Page 2 of 3

Application #AN4140

Analyte	R <sub>t</sub> (Mins)	MRM Transitions (m/z)	Analyte	R <sub>t</sub> (Mins)	MRM Transitions (m/z)
Codeine	11.9	300.2 > 153.2	4-Fluoromethcathinone	20.0	182 > 148.1
Cotinine	2.5	177.1 > 80.1	Fluoxetine	25.3	310.1 > 44.2
Creatinine	1.3	114 > 44	Fluphenazine	28.1	438.3 > 143.1
Cyclizine	22.5	267.1 > 167.1	Flurazepam	21.6	388 > 315
D2PM (Diphenylprolinol)	7.3	254.1 > 130.1	Fluvoxamine	26.0	319.1 > 71
Dehydroaripiprazole	25.3	446.1 > 285.1	Gabapentin	10.5	172.1 > 67.2
Desipramine	24.3	267.1 > 72.2	Glibenclamide	28.2	494.1 > 168.9
N-Desmethyloclozapine	21.0	313 > 192.1	Gliclazide	24.6	324.1 > 110
Desmethylcitalopram	22.4	311.1 > 109.1	Glimepiride	28.4	491.1 > 126
Desmethylflunitrazepam	22.5	300.1 > 254.2	Glipizide	24.5	446.1 > 286
Desmethylfluoxetine	25.4	296.2 > 134.1	Haloperidol	23.1	376.1 > 95.1
N-Desmethylnortazepam	16.1	252.1 > 195.1	Hippuric acid	10.9	180 > 77
Desmethylolanzapine	12.6	299.1 > 198.1	Hydrocodone	13.1	300.1 > 199.1
N-Desmethyltramadol	16.7	250.1 > 44.2	Hydromorphone	10.4	286.2 > 185.1
O-Desmethyltramadol	12.8	250.1 > 58.2	Hydroxyalprazolam	22.4	325.1 > 216.1
Desmethylvenlafaxine	15.5	264.3 > 58.1	4-Hydroxyamphetamine	5.4	152.1 > 107.1
N-Desmethylzopiclone	20.0	375.1 > 245.1	Hydroxybupropion	18.5	253.1 > 130.1
Desomorphine	13.1	272.1 > 152.1	4-Hydroxymethamphetamine	20.0	166.1 > 107.1
Desoxypropidol	20.5	252.1 > 91.1	8-Hydroxymirtazapine	15.6	282.1 > 211
Dextromethorphan	20.0	272.2 > 171.1	7-Hydroxymirtazapine	18.2	415.3 > 175.1
Diamorphine	16.9	370.1 > 165.1	3-Hydroxyphenazepam	23.3	366.9 > 320.8
Diazepam	25.5	285.1 > 154.1	7-Hydroxyquetiapine	15.3	400.3 > 208.1
Didesmethylcitalopram	22.2	297 > 262.1	9-Hydroxyrisperidone	19.5	427.2 > 69.1
Digoxin	24.2	781.2 > 97	Imipramine	24.2	281.1 > 86.2
Dihydrocodeine	11.7	302.2 > 128.1	5-Iodo-2-aminoindane	18.4	260.1 > 115.1
Diltiazem	22.7	415.1 > 178.1	Ketamine	15.4	238.1 > 125.1
Dimethocaine	16.3	279.3 > 92.1	Lamotrigine	16.8	256.1 > 211.1
Dinitrophenol	18.4	183 > 109	Levamisole	13.3	205.1 > 91.1
Diphenhydramine	21.2	256.1 > 167.1	Levetiracetam	8.9	171.2 > 126.1
Dipipanone	25.0	350.2 > 265.2	Lidocaine	14.8	235.1 > 86.2
Donepezil	22.2	380.1 > 91	Lorazepam	22.8	321 > 229.1
Dothiepin	23.7	296.2 > 202.2	Lormetazepam	23.8	335 > 289.1
Ecgonine ethyl ester	2.5	214.1 > 196.1	LSD	20.1	324.3 > 223.1
Ecgonine methyl ester	1.0	200.1 > 182.1	MCAT	5.4	164.2 > 130.1
EDDP	21.4	278.2 > 219.2	mCPP	17.0	197.1 > 118.1
Estazolam	22.5	295.1 > 267.1	MDA	13.4	180.1 > 133.1
Ethylamphetamine	14.5	164.1 > 91.2	MDAI	12.3	178.19 > 161.1
Ethylmethcathinone	15.8	192.2 > 131.2	MDEA	15.2	208.1 > 135.1
Ethylphenidate	19.2	248.1 > 56.2	MDMA	14.1	194.1 > 135.2
Etizolam	23.5	343.1 > 314.2	MDPV	18.1	276.1 > 135.1
Fenfluramine	20.3	232.1 > 159.1	MEGX	13.4	207.1 > 58.1
Fentanyl	21.4	337.2 > 105.1	MeOPP	13.3	193.2 > 133.1
Flubromazolam	23.2	371.1 > 223.1	Mephedrone	14.6	178.1 > 144.2
Flunitrazepam	23.5	314.1 > 269.3	Mescaline	12.7	212.1 > 165.1
2-Fluoroamphetamine	13.2	154.1 > 83.1	Metformin	2.5	130 > 60.1
Fluoroamphetamine interferent	10.6	154 > 67.1	Methadone	24.0	310.2 > 105.1
3-Fluoromethcathinone	20.0	182.1 > 149.1	Methadone-d3	24.0	313.2 > 268.2



Drugs of Abuse Screen (250 Analytes) in Urine by LC-MS/MS Page 3 of 3  
Application #AN4140

Analyte	R <sub>t</sub> (Mins)	MRM Transitions (m/z)	Analyte	R <sub>t</sub> (Mins)	MRM Transitions (m/z)
Methamphetamine	12.8	150.1 > 91.2	Paracetamol	7.8	152.1 > 65.1
Methaqualone	22.8	251.2 > 91.1	PCP	20.5	244.3 > 86.2
Methedrone	13.9	194.1 > 146.1	Pentazocine	19.5	286.3 > 175.2
Methiopropamine	10.6	156.1 > 97	Pentedrone	16.0	192.2 > 131.1
Methocarbamol	16.8	242.1 > 118.1	Phenazepam	24.5	350.9 > 206
Methoxetamine	17.2	248.2 > 121.1	Pheniramine	15.1	241.2 > 196.2
3-Methoxytyramine	6.6	168 > 91	Phenytoin	20.0	253.1 > 77
Methylethcathinone	20.0	192.1 > 144.2	Pholcodine	9.2	399.2 > 114.1
Methylhexanamine	13.4	116.1 > 57.3	PMA	13.8	149.2 > 91.1
Methylone	12.7	208.1 > 132.1	PMMA	14.6	180.2 > 121.1
Methylphenidate	16.5	234.1 > 56.2	Powder 20140730	18.7	248.3 > 84.2
5-Methyltryptamine	16.9	175.1 > 143	Prazepam	27.0	325 > 140
Metoclopramide	17.2	300.1 > 227.1	Pregabalin	10.4	160.1 > 97.2
Midazolam	20.9	326.1 > 249.1	Procyclidine	22.4	288.3 > 42
Mirtazapine	16.6	266.1 > 72.2	Promethazine	20.0	285.1 > 86.2
Mitragynine	22.6	399.3 > 174.1	Propofol	23.9	179 > 137
Modafinil	21.1	296.1 > 129	Propofol glucuronide	20.1	372.2 > 148.1
6-Monoacetylmorphine	12.9	328.1 > 165.1	Propoxyphene	23.6	340.2 > 58.2
Mono-N-desethylamiodarone	30.8	618.2 > 547.2	Propranolol	23.0	260.1 > 157.1
Morphine	7.7	286.1 > 152.2	Quetiapine	21.7	384.1 > 221.1
Morphine glucuronide	2.7	462.2 > 201.1	Remifentanil	18.4	377.3 > 113.1
Morphine-d3	7.7	289.2 > 152.2	Risperidone	20.4	411.1 > 190.8
Naloxone	20.0	328.3 > 212.1	Ritalinic acid	14.4	220.2 > 56.1
Naphyrone	23.2	282.2 > 141.1	Sertraline	25.6	306.1 > 159
Nefopam	19.5	254.9 > 166.1	Sildenafil	23.6	475.4 > 58.1
Nifoxipam	20.9	316.05 > 298.1	Sildenafil N-oxide	23.9	491.4 > 312.3
Nimetazepam	23.6	296.1 > 250.2	Sufentanil	22.9	387.3 > 140.2
Nitrazepam	22.8	282.1 > 236.1	Temazepam	24.2	301.1 > 177.1
Noralfentanil/sufentanil	19.4	277.1 > 245.1	Temazepam-d5	24.1	306.1 > 260.2
Norbuprenorphine glucuronide	15.5	590.3 > 414.3	Tetrazepam	24.5	289.2 > 225.2
Norcyclizine	21.9	253.2 > 167.1	TFMPP	7.9	231.1 > 118.1
Nordiazepam	24.4	271.1 > 140.1	Theophylline	11.2	181.1 > 124.1
Nordothiepin	24.4	282.1 > 202.1	Tramadol	16.9	264.2 > 58.2
Norfentanyl	15.6	233.2 > 56.2	Trazodone	23.9	372.2 > 179.2
Norketamine	14.8	224.1 > 125.1	Trifluoperazine	28.8	408.2 > 113.2
Normorphine	3.8	272.1 > 165.2	Trihexyphenidyl	23.7	302.1 > 70.1
Nornefopam	19.7	240.9 > 166.1	Varenicline	12.3	212.2 > 168.1
Noroxycodone	13.0	302.1 > 284.1	Venlafaxine	19.1	278.2 > 58.2
Norpropoxyphene	23.0	308 > 44.2	Verapamil	23.9	455.2 > 150.1
Norsertraline	20.0	275.3 > 159	Vigabatrin	2.5	130.1 > 71.1
Nortriptyline	24.6	264.1 > 91.1	Warfarin	25.7	309.1 > 251.1
Olanzapine	13.4	313.1 > 84.1	Zaleplon	21.5	306.1 > 236.2
Orphenadrine	23.4	270.1 > 181.1	Zolpidem	18.8	308.2 > 235.2
Oxazepam	23.5	287.1 > 104.1	Zolpidem phenyl COOH	15.3	338 > 265.1
Oxybutynin	24.6	358.1 > 141.9	Zopiclone	16.5	389.1 > 217.1
Oxycodone	12.9	316.1 > 241.1	Zopiclone N-oxide	17.6	405.2 > 217.1
Oxymorphone	20.0	302 > 227			



Echinacea

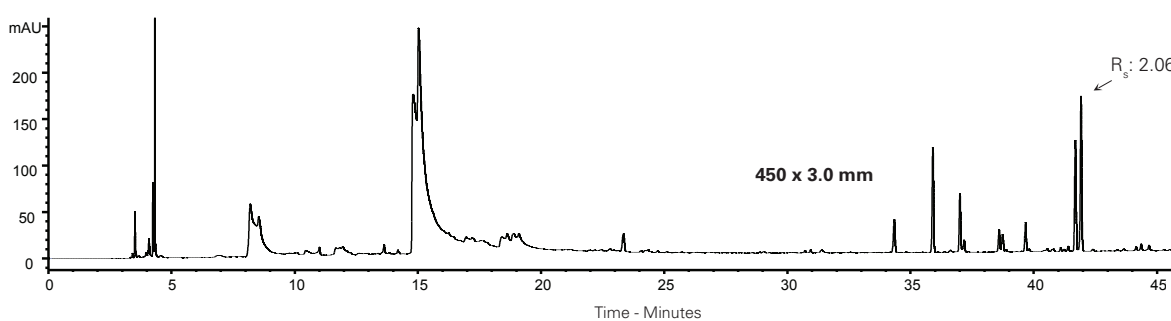
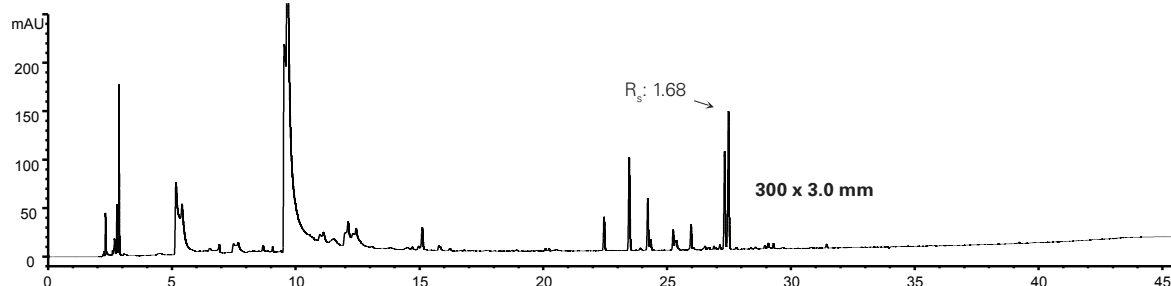
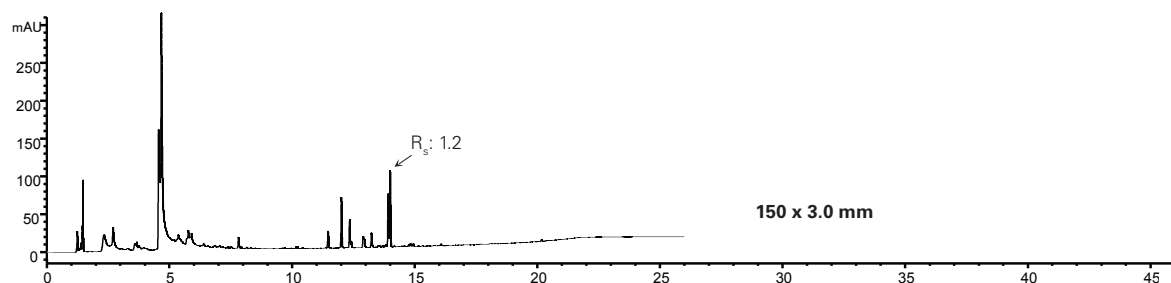
Application #AN4270

Conditions

**Column:** ACE UltraCore 2.5 SuperC18  
**Dimensions:** 150 x 3.0 mm; 2 x 150 x 3.0 mm (coupled); 3 x 150 x 3.0 mm (coupled)  
**Part Number:** CORE-25A-1503U  
**Mobile Phase:** A: 0.1% formic acid in H<sub>2</sub>O  
 B: 0.1% formic acid in MeCN  
**Gradient:**

	Time (mins)			%B
Gradient:	150 x 3.0 mm	300 x 3.0 mm	450 x 3.0 mm	%B
-	0.00	0.00	0.00	5
0.00	0.47	0.94	0.94	5
20.00	40.47	60.94	60.94	100
25.00	45.47	75.94	75.94	100
26.00	46.47	76.94	76.94	5
46.00	86.47	136.94	136.94	5

**Flow Rate:** 0.43 mL/min  
**Temperature:** 80 °C  
**Detection:** UV, 254 nm



### Entacapone

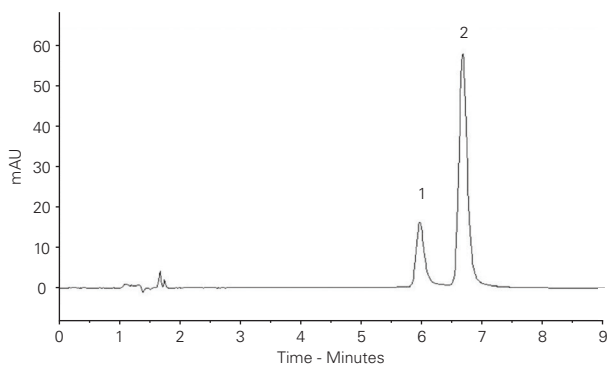
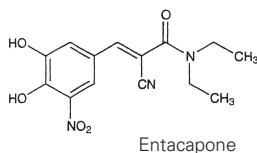
Application #AN3600

#### Conditions

**Column:** ACE 5 C18  
**Dimensions:** 250 x 4.6 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-121-2546  
**Mobile Phase:** Phosphoric acid pH 3.0/MeCN (65:35 v/v)  
**Flow Rate:** 2.0 mL/min  
**Injection:** 20 µL  
**Temperature:** 25 °C  
**Detection:** UV, 305 nm  
**Sample:** Entacapone standard in MeOH solution exposed to direct UV radiation (254 nm)

#### Analytes

- Degradation Product
- Entacapone



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### Epanolol

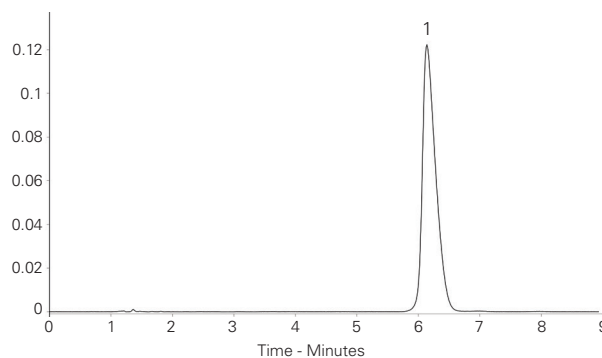
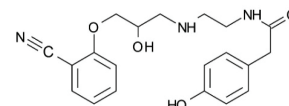
Application #AN3610

#### Conditions

**Column:** ACE 5 CN  
**Dimensions:** 150 x 4.6 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-124-1546  
**Mobile Phase:** 20 mM ammonium formate pH 3.0/MeOH (85:15 v/v)  
**Flow Rate:** 1 mL/min  
**Injection:** 20 µL  
**Temperature:** Ambient  
**Detection:** UV, 254 nm

#### Analyte

- Epanolol



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### Epinastine

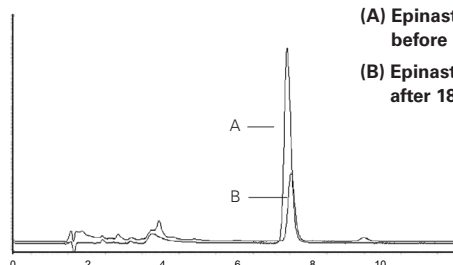
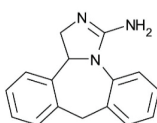
Application #AN3620

#### Conditions

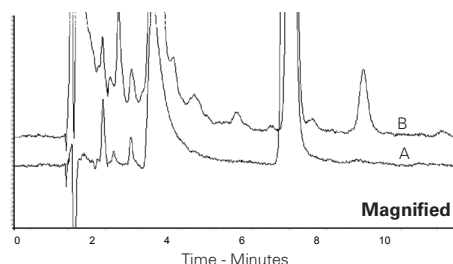
**Column:** ACE 5 C18  
**Dimensions:** 150 x 4.6 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-121-1546  
**Mobile Phase:** 0.3% TEA pH 4.0 with phosphoric acid/MeOH (60:40 v/v)  
**Flow Rate:** 1 mL/min  
**Injection:** 20 µL  
**Temperature:** 25 °C  
**Detection:** UV, 254 nm

#### Analyte

- Epinastine



(A) Epinastine Hydrochloride before UV radiation  
 (B) Epinastine Hydrochloride after 18 hours UV radiation



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### Ethanol Extract from Seed Cover (*Acacia Farnesiana*)

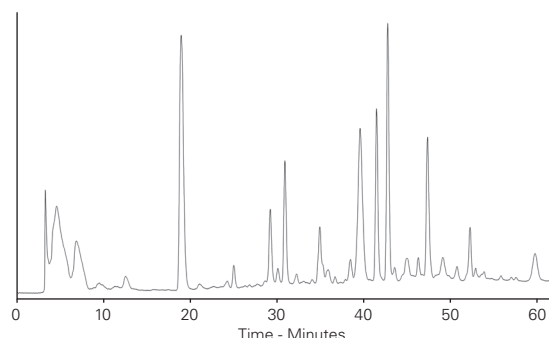
Application #AN2900

#### Conditions

**Column:** ACE 5 C18  
**Dimensions:** 250 x 4.6 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-121-2546  
**Mobile Phase:** A: MeOH  
 B: H<sub>2</sub>O  

Gradient:	Time (mins)	%B
	0.0	85
	2.5	85
	60.0	50
	62.5	50
	70.0	85

**Flow Rate:** 2.0 mL/min  
**Temperature:** Ambient  
**Detection:** UV, 230 nm



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Ethyl Glucuronide in Water by LC-MS/MS

Application #AN1100

Conditions

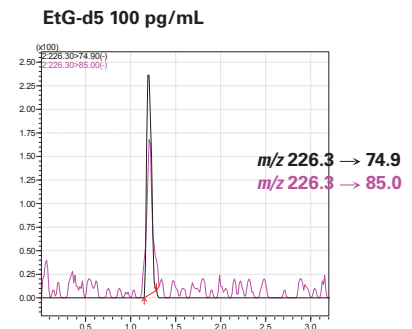
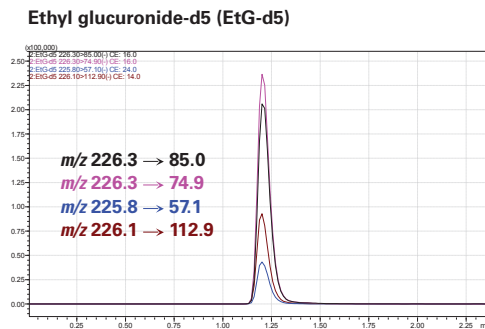
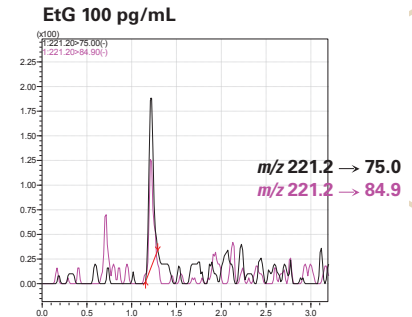
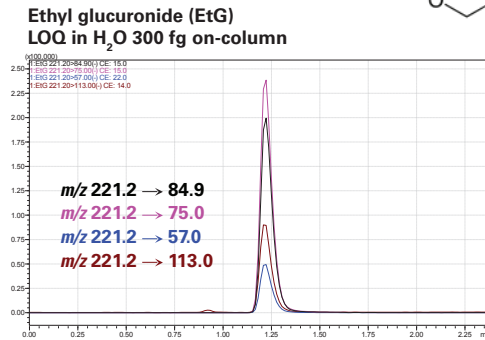
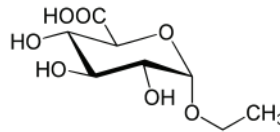
**Column:** ACE Excel 2 C18-PFP  
**Dimensions:** 100 x 2.1 mm  
**Part Number:** EXL-1010-1002U  
**Mobile Phase:** A: 0.05% formic acid in H<sub>2</sub>O  
 B: MeOH  
**Gradient:**

Time (mins)	%B
0.00	5
4.00	70
6.00	95
7.00	95
7.01	5

**Flow Rate:** 0.4 mL/min  
**Injection:** 3 µL  
**Temperature:** 40 °C  
**Detection:** Shimadzu LCMS-8050  
 ESI voltage: -3 kV  
 Desolvation line: 250 °C  
 Interface heater: 380 °C  
 Nebulizing gas: 3 L/min  
 Heat block: 400 °C

Analyte

1. Ethyl glucuronide



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Exploiting Selectivity by Adjusting pH

Application #AN2440

Conditions

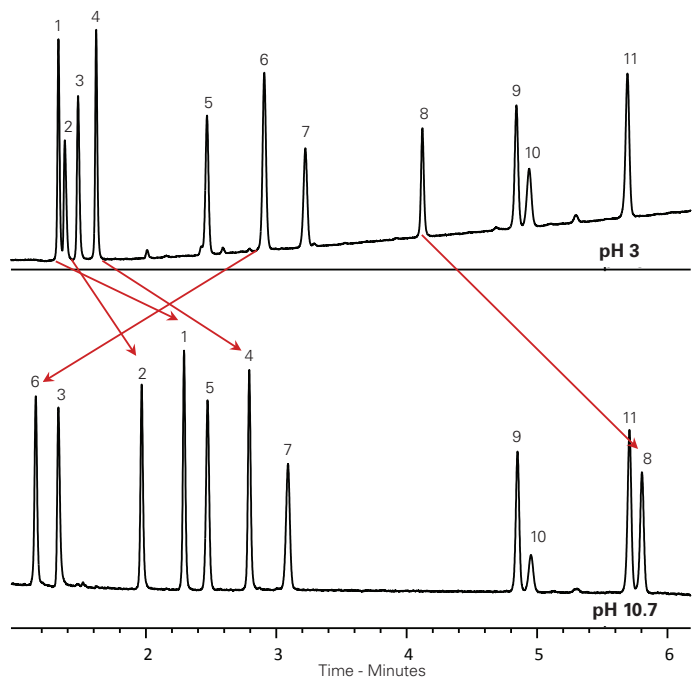
**Column:** ACE Excel 2 SuperC18  
**Dimensions:** 50 x 2.1 mm  
**Part Number:** EXL-1011-0502U  
**Mobile Phase:** A1: 10 mM ammonium formate pH 3.0 in H<sub>2</sub>O  
 A2: 0.1% ammonia pH 10.7 in H<sub>2</sub>O  
 B1: 10 mM ammonium formate pH 3.0 in MeCN/H<sub>2</sub>O (90:10 v/v)  
 B2: 0.1% ammonia pH 10.7 in MeCN/H<sub>2</sub>O (90:10 v/v)  
**Gradient:**

Time (mins)	%B
0.0	3
7.0	100
8.0	100
8.5	3
12.5	3

**Flow Rate:** 0.42 mL/min  
**Injection:** 2 µL  
**Temperature:** 40 °C  
**Detection:** UV, 254 nm

Analytes

1. Nizatidine
2. Salbutamol
3. Amiloride
4. N-Acetylprocainamide
5. Quinoxaline
6. Methyl paraben
7. p-Cresol
8. Reserpine
9. Piperine
10. Toluene
11. Felodipine





Explosive Analytes (I)

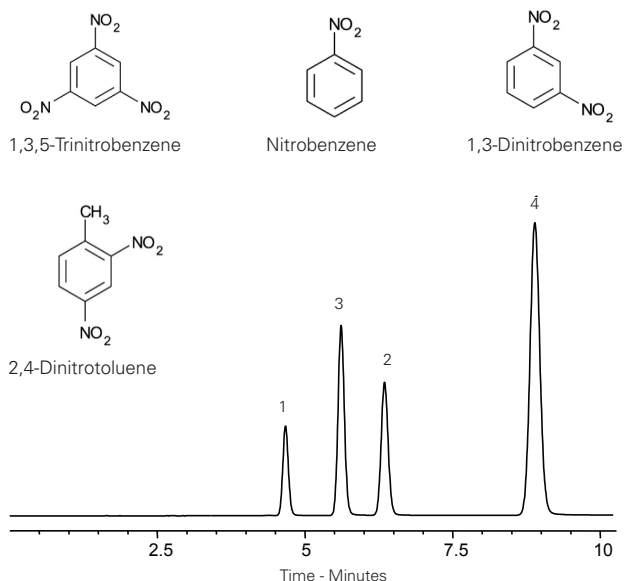
Application #AN1460

Conditions

**Column:** ACE 5 C18  
**Dimensions:** 150 x 4.6 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-121-1546  
**Mobile Phase:** MeOH/H<sub>2</sub>O (50:50 v/v)  
**Flow Rate:** 1 mL/min  
**Injection:** 5 µL  
**Temperature:** 20 °C  
**Detection:** UV, 254 nm

Analytes

- 1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene
- Nitrobenzene
- 1,3-Dinitrobenzene
- 2,4-Dinitrotoluene



Explosive Analytes (II)

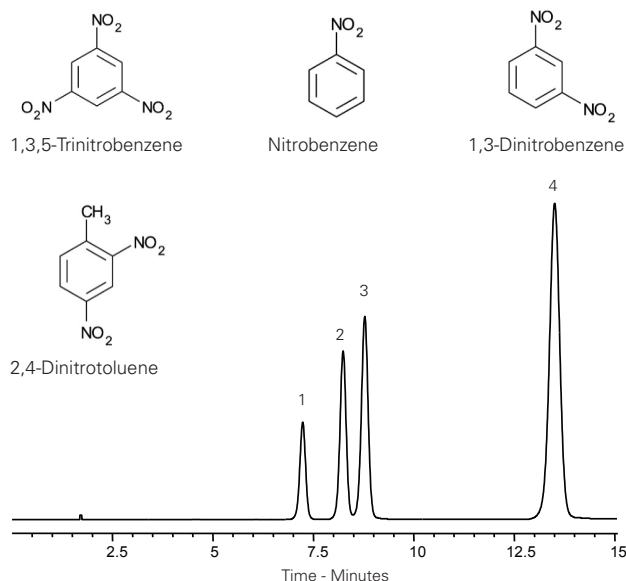
Application #AN1470

Conditions

**Column:** ACE 5 CN-ES  
**Dimensions:** 150 x 4.6 mm  
**Part Number:** EXL-1213-1546U  
**Mobile Phase:** MeOH/H<sub>2</sub>O (50:50 v/v)  
**Flow Rate:** 1 mL/min  
**Injection:** 5 µL  
**Temperature:** 20 °C  
**Detection:** UV, 254 nm

Analytes

- 1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene
- Nitrobenzene
- 1,3-Dinitrobenzene
- 2,4-Dinitrotoluene



Fingerprinting of *Cuscuta Chinensis* Flavonoids

Application #AN4250

Conditions

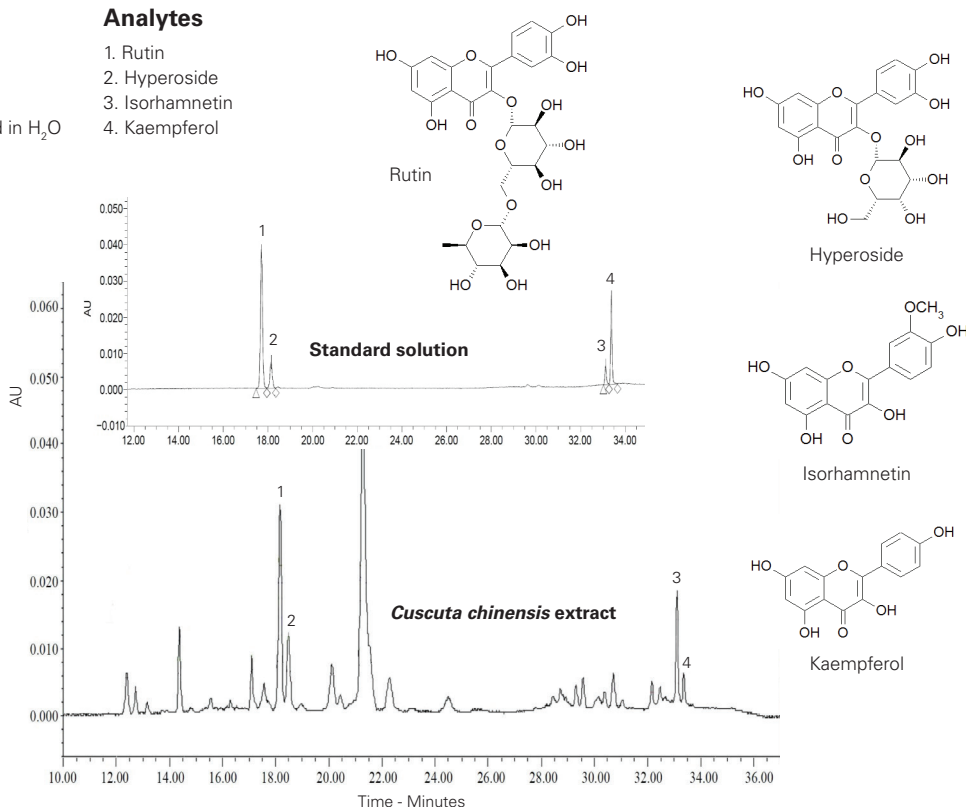
**Column:** ACE 5 C18  
**Dimensions:** 250 x 4.6 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-121-2546  
**Mobile Phase:** A: 0.25% o-phosphoric acid in H<sub>2</sub>O  
 B: MeCN  
**Gradient:**

Time (mins)	%B
0	5
2	5
7	10
10	15
23	20
28	30
32	50

**Flow Rate:** 1 mL/min  
**Injection:** 10 µL  
**Detection:** UV, 360 nm

Analytes

1. Rutin
2. Hyperoside
3. Isorhamnetin
4. Kaempferol



*Cuscuta chinensis* is used in traditional medicines in eastern and southern Asia

Shekarchi M, Kondori BM, Hajimehdipoor H, Abdi L, Naseri M, Pourfarzib M, Amin G. (2014) Finger Printing and Quantitative Analysis of *Cuscuta chinensis* Flavonoid Contents from Different Hosts by RP-HPLC. Food and Nutrition Sciences, 5, 914-921. <http://dx.doi.org/10.4236/fns.2014.510101>



### Flavone and Dibucaine

Application #AN2850

#### Conditions

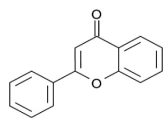
**Column:** ACE 3 C18  
**Dimensions:** 30 x 4.6 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-111-0346  
**Mobile Phase:** A: 6.5 mM ammonium acetate in H<sub>2</sub>O  
 B: MeCN  
 C: MeOH  
**Gradient:**

Time (mins)	%A	%B	%C
0.0	80	10	10
5.2	0	50	50
5.6	0	0	100

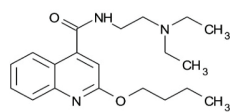
  
**Flow Rate:** 2 mL/min  
**Temperature:** 60 °C  
**Detection:** UV, 200-450 nm

#### Analytes

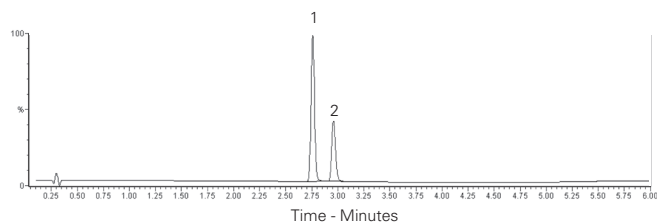
1. Flavone
2. Dibucaine



Flavone



Dibucaine



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### Flavonoids

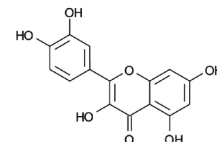
Application #AN2810

#### Conditions

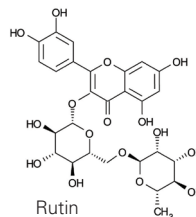
**Column:** ACE 5 C18  
**Dimensions:** 150 x 4.6 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-121-1546  
**Mobile Phase:** MeCN/0.1% formic acid in H<sub>2</sub>O (40:60 v/v)  
**Flow Rate:** 1 mL/min  
**Injection:** 1 µL  
**Temperature:** Ambient  
**Detection:** UV, 254 nm

#### Analytes

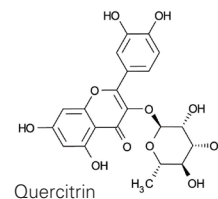
1. Rutin
2. Quercetin
3. Quercitrin
4. Kaempferol



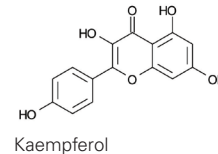
Quercetin



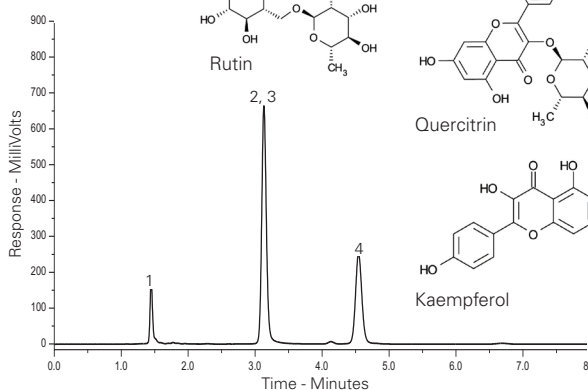
Rutin



Quercitrin



Kaempferol



### Flurbiprofen and Related Substances

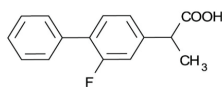
Application #AN3630

#### Conditions

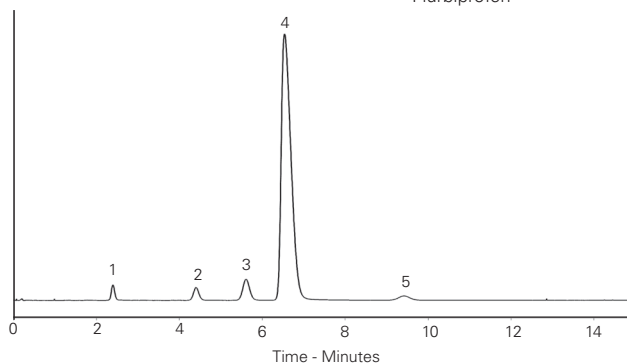
**Column:** ACE 3 C18  
**Dimensions:** 50 x 4.6 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-111-0546  
**Mobile Phase:** H<sub>2</sub>O/MeCN/TFA (64:34:0.5 v/v/v)  
**Flow Rate:** 2 mL/min  
**Injection:** 20 µL  
**Temperature:** 28 °C  
**Detection:** UV, 254 nm

#### Analytes

1. 2-(2-Fluoro-4-biphenyl)-2-hydroxypropionic acid
2. cis-2-(2-Fluoro-4-biphenyl)-2-hydroxypropionic acid
3. 2-Fluoro-4-biphenyl-4-carboxylic acid
4. Flurbiprofen
5. 4-Acetyl-2-fluorobiphenyl



Flurbiprofen



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### Formoterol from Human Plasma by LC-MS/MS

Application #AN3100

#### Conditions

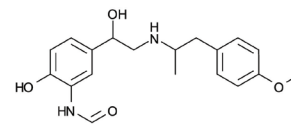
**Column:** ACE Excel 2 C18-AR  
**Dimensions:** 50 x 2.1 mm  
**Part Number:** EXL-109-0502U  
**Mobile Phase:** A: 0.02% formic acid in H<sub>2</sub>O  
 B: 0.02% formic acid in H<sub>2</sub>O/MeOH (2:98 v/v)

#### Analyte

1. Formoterol  
(m/z 345 → 149)

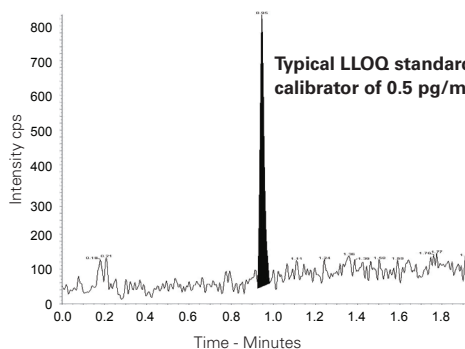
**Gradient:**

Time (mins)	%B
0.00	10
0.20	10
2.00	40
2.01	100
3.50	100
3.51	10
4.00	10



Formoterol

**Flow Rate:** 0.75 mL/min  
**Temperature:** 60 °C  
**Detection:** AB SCIEX QTRAP 5500 LC-MS/MS system  
**Sample:** Extracted by mixed mode cation exchange SPE



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### Galanthamine

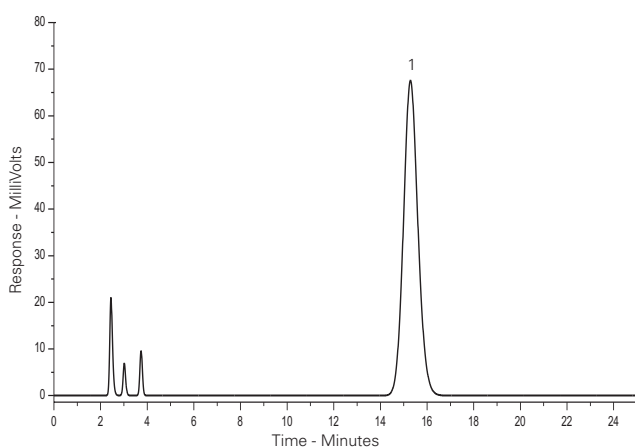
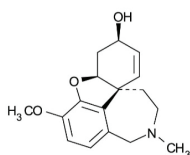
Application #AN3640

#### Conditions

**Column:** ACE 5 C18  
**Dimensions:** 250 x 4.6 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-121-2546  
**Mobile Phase:** 0.1% TFA/MeCN (92:8 v/v)  
**Flow Rate:** 1 mL/min  
**Injection:** 10 µL  
**Temperature:** 20 °C  
**Detection:** UV, 210 nm

#### Analyte

1. Galanthamine



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### Gamma Hydroxybutyric Acid (GHB) and Gamma Butyrolactone (GBL) Separation

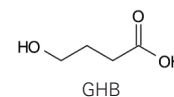
Application #AN1500

#### Conditions

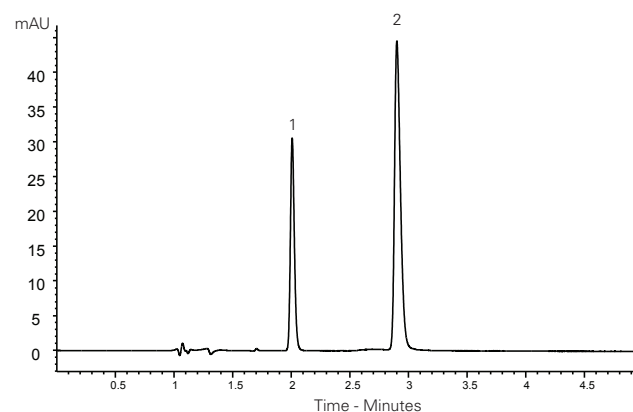
**Column:** ACE Excel 2 C18-AR  
**Dimensions:** 100 x 3.0 mm  
**Part Number:** EXL-109-1003U  
**Mobile Phase:** 20 mM KH<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> pH 2.5 in H<sub>2</sub>O/MeCN (98:2 v/v)  
**Flow Rate:** 0.43 mL/min  
**Injection:** 2 µL  
**Temperature:** 30 °C  
**Detection:** UV, 215 nm

#### Analytes

1. GHB  
 2. GBL



GBL



### Garlic Analysis (I)

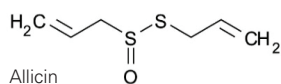
Application #AN2820

#### Conditions

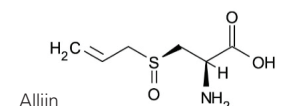
**Column:** ACE 5 C18  
**Dimensions:** 250 x 4.6 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-121-2546  
**Mobile Phase:** H<sub>2</sub>O/MeOH (50:50 v/v)  
**Flow Rate:** 1 mL/min  
**Injection:** 20 µL  
**Temperature:** 30 °C  
**Detection:** UV, 210 nm

#### Analytes

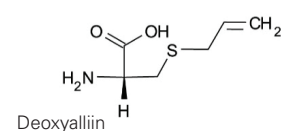
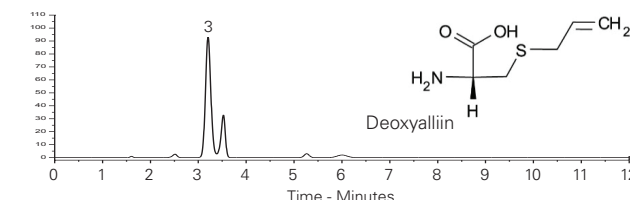
1. Allicin  
 2. Alliin  
 3. Deoxyalliin



Alliin



Alliin



Deoxyalliin

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### Garlic Analysis (II)

Application #AN2830

#### Conditions

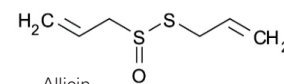
**Column:** ACE 5 C18  
**Dimensions:** 250 x 4.6 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-121-2546  
**Mobile Phase:** A: H<sub>2</sub>O  
 B: MeCN  
**Gradient:**

Time (mins)	%B
0	40
20	100
25	100

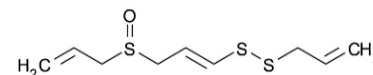
**Flow Rate:** 1 mL/min  
**Injection:** 20 µL  
**Temperature:** 30 °C  
**Detection:** UV, 254 nm

#### Analytes

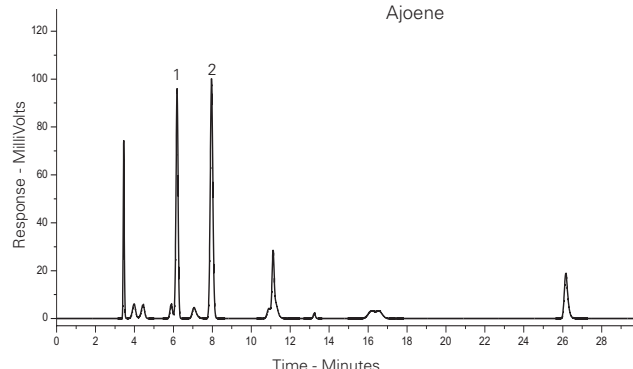
1. Allicin  
 2. Ajoene



Alliin



Ajoene



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**Ginkgo Biloba – Ultra Resolution**

Application #AN2270

**Conditions**

**Column:** ACE Excel 1.7 C18-PFP  
**Dimensions:** 2 x 100 x 3.0 mm (coupled)  
**Part Number:** 2 x EXL-1710-1003U  
**Mobile Phase:** A: 0.1% formic acid in H<sub>2</sub>O  
 B: 0.1% formic acid in MeCN  
**Gradient:**

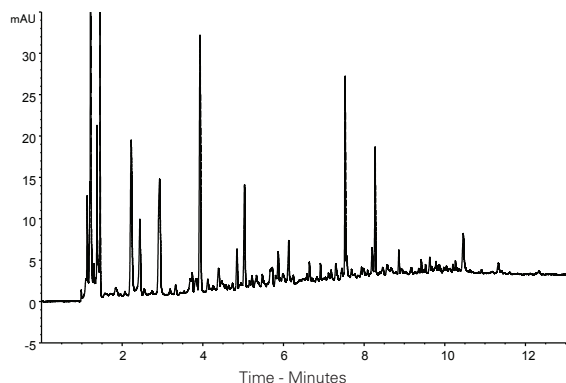
Time (mins)	%B
0.00	5
0.72	5
15.72	50
18.72	100
20.72	100
22.72	5

**Flow Rate:** 0.8 mL/min  
**Injection:** 2 µL  
**Temperature:** 80 °C  
**Detection:** UV, 254 nm  
**Sample:** Extract of *Ginkgo Biloba*

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Please enquire

email: [info@ace-hplc.com](mailto:info@ace-hplc.com)



*Ginkgo Biloba* - Used in traditional medicine and as a source of food

**Ginsenosides from Chinese Medicine by UHPLC-MS/MS**

Application #AN3540

**Conditions**

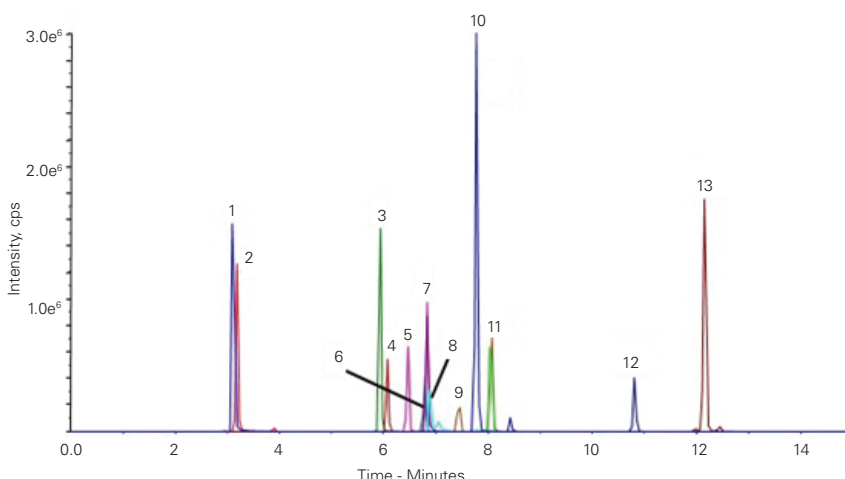
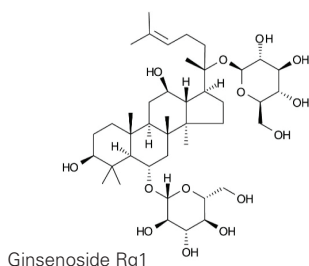
**Column:** ACE UltraCore 2.5 SuperC18  
**Dimensions:** 150 x 3.0 mm  
**Part Number:** CORE-25A-1503U  
**Mobile Phase:** A: 0.1% formic acid in H<sub>2</sub>O  
 B: 0.1% formic acid in MeCN  
**Gradient:**

Time (mins)	%B
0	25
13	60
15	95
17	95

**Flow Rate:** 0.4 mL/min  
**Injection:** 2 µL  
**Temperature:** 45 °C  
**Detection:** AB SCIEX 5500 Qtrap MS  
 ESI in negative ion mode  
 Source temperature: 450 °C  
 Sprayer voltage: -4500 V  
 Stepwise MRM mode for [M + HCOO]<sup>-</sup> > [M - H]<sup>-</sup> ion transitions  
 Mass range 501 – 1250 u (step size 2 u)

**Analytes**

- |   |   |  |
|---|---|--|
| 1. Ginsenoside Re<br>(m/z 991 → 945)    | 6. Ginsenoside Ro<br>(m/z 1001 → 955)   | 11. Ginsenoside F1<br>(m/z 683 → 637)  |
| 2. Ginsenoside Rg1<br>(m/z 845 → 799)   | 7. Ginsenoside Rb2<br>(m/z 1123 → 1077) | 12. Ginsenoside F2<br>(m/z 829 → 783)  |
| 3. Ginsenoside Rf<br>(m/z 845 → 799)    | 8. Ginsenoside Rg2<br>(m/z 829 → 783)   | 13. Ginsenoside Rg3<br>(m/z 829 → 783) |
| 4. Ginsenoside Rb1<br>(m/z 1153 → 1107) | 9. Ginsenoside Rh1<br>(m/z 683 → 637)   |  |
| 5. Ginsenoside Rc<br>(m/z 1123 → 1077)  | 10. Ginsenoside Rd<br>(m/z 991 → 945)   |  |



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Ginseng Extract

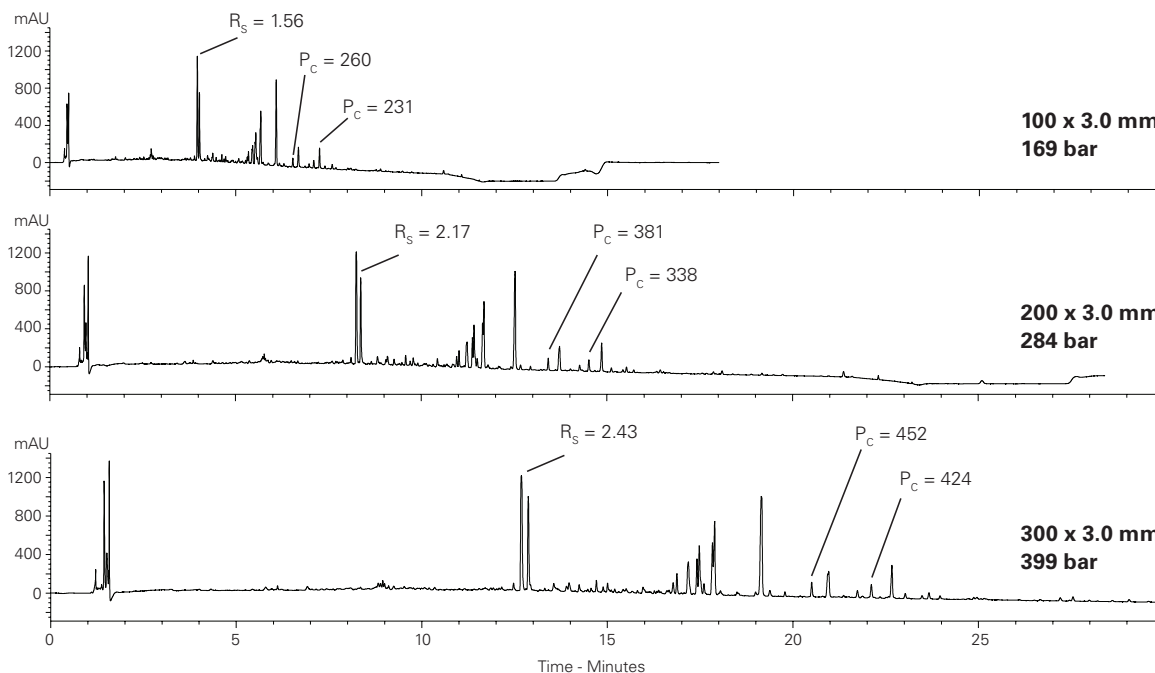
Application #AN4260

Conditions

**Column:** ACE UltraCore 2.5 SuperC18  
**Dimensions:** 100 x 3.0 mm; 2 x 100 x 3.0 mm (coupled); 3 x 100 x 3.0 mm (coupled)  
**Part Number:** CORE-25A-1003U  
**Mobile Phase:** A: 0.1% formic acid in H<sub>2</sub>O  
 B: 0.1% formic acid in MeCN  
**Gradient:**

Time (mins)	Time (mins)			%B
	100 x 3.0 mm	200 x 3.0 mm	300 x 3.0 mm	
-	0.00	0.00	0.00	5
0.00	0.36	0.71	0.71	5
10.00	20.36	30.71	30.71	70
11.00	22.36	33.71	33.71	95
13.00	26.36	39.71	39.71	95
14.00	28.36	42.71	42.71	5
22.00	44.36	66.71	66.71	5

**Flow Rate:** 0.8 mL/min  
**Injection:** 2 µL (100 x 3.0 mm); 4 µL (200 x 3.0 mm); 6 µL (300 x 3.0 mm)  
**Temperature:** 80 °C  
**Detection:** UV, 203 nm  
**Sample:** 5 x 75 mg tablets ground to fine powder and extracted with 10.0 mL MeCN/H<sub>2</sub>O (1:1 v/v) for 15 minutes with ultrasonication. 100 µL supernatant diluted with 300 µL water and filtered using a Whatman Mini-Uniprep syringeless filter  
**System:** Chromaster Ultra Rs





### Gliotoxin from *Aspergillus Fumigatus* Liquid Culture

Application #AN3780

#### Conditions

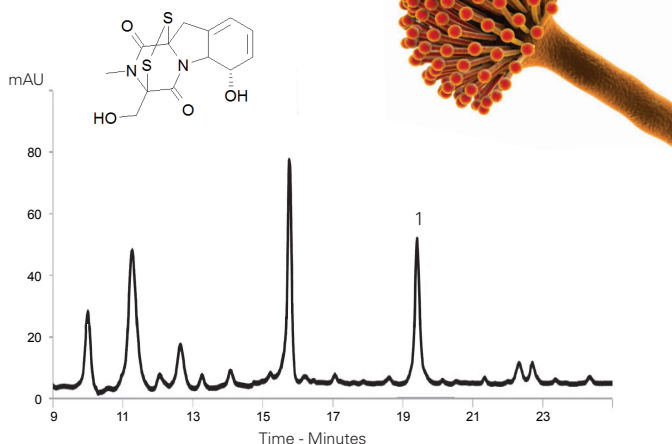
**Column:** ACE 5 C18  
**Dimensions:** 250 x 4.6 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-121-2546  
**Mobile Phase:** A: 0.05% TFA in H<sub>2</sub>O/MeCN (90:10 v/v)  
 B: 0.05% TFA in H<sub>2</sub>O/MeCN (40:60 v/v)  
**Gradient:**

Time (mins)	%B
0	10
21	100

  
**Flow Rate:** 1 mL/min  
**Detection:** UV, 254 nm

#### Analyte

1. Gliotoxin



Svahn KS, Goransson U, Chryssanthou E, Olsen B, Sjolín J, Stromstedt A. Induction of Gliotoxin Secretion in *Aspergillus fumigatus* by Bacteria-Associated Molecules. PLoS ONE 9(4): e93685. doi:10.1371/journal.pone.0093685

### Glyphosate and Related Compounds as FMOG Derivatives (Gradient)

Application #AN3850

#### Conditions

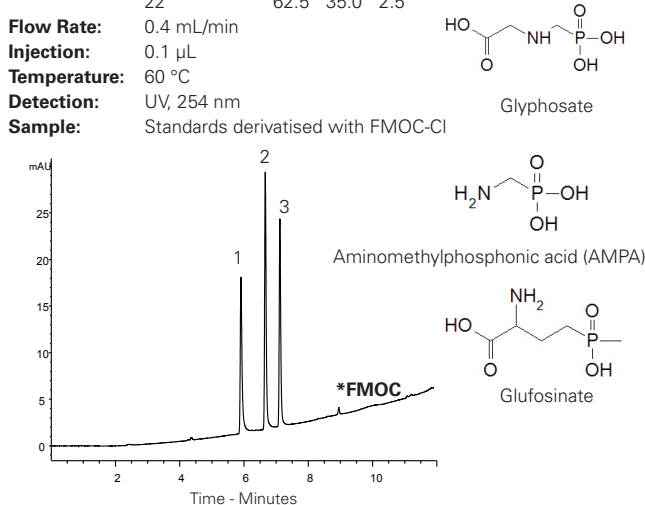
**Column:** ACE Excel 3 SuperC18  
**Dimensions:** 150 x 2.1 mm  
**Part Number:** EXL-1111-1502U  
**Mobile Phase:** A: H<sub>2</sub>O  
 B: MeOH  
 C: 200 mM ammonium formate pH 3.0  
**Gradient:**

Time (mins)	%A	%B	%C
0	62.5	35.0	2.5
10	2.5	95.0	2.5
11	2.5	95.0	2.5
12	62.5	35.0	2.5
22	62.5	35.0	2.5

  
**Flow Rate:** 0.4 mL/min  
**Injection:** 0.1 µL  
**Temperature:** 60 °C  
**Detection:** UV, 254 nm  
**Sample:** Standards derivatised with FMOG-Cl

#### Analytes

1. Glyphosate  
 2. Aminomethylphosphonic acid (AMPA)  
 3. Glufosinate



### Glyphosate and Related Compounds as FMOG Derivatives (Isocratic)

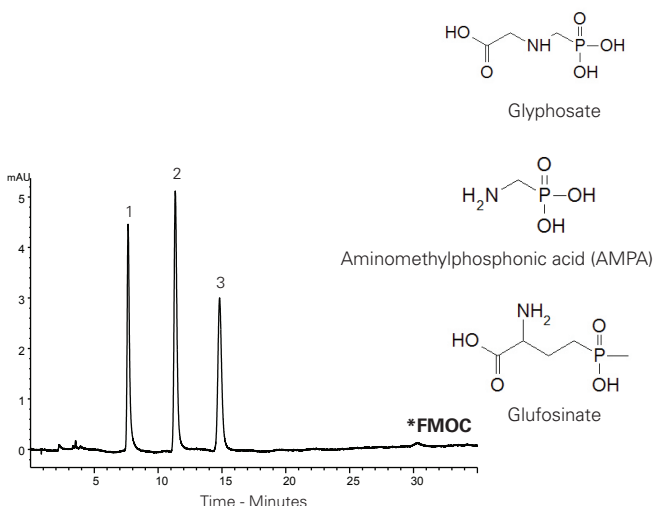
Application #AN3860

#### Conditions

**Column:** ACE Excel 3 SuperC18  
**Dimensions:** 150 x 2.1 mm  
**Part Number:** EXL-1111-1502U  
**Mobile Phase:** 5 mM ammonium formate pH 3.0 in H<sub>2</sub>O/MeOH (55:45 v/v)  
**Flow Rate:** 0.4 mL/min  
**Injection:** 0.1 µL  
**Temperature:** 25 °C  
**Detection:** UV, 254 nm  
**Sample:** Standards derivatised with FMOG-Cl

#### Analytes

1. Glyphosate  
 2. Aminomethylphosphonic acid (AMPA)  
 3. Glufosinate



### Green Tea Extract

Application #AN4280

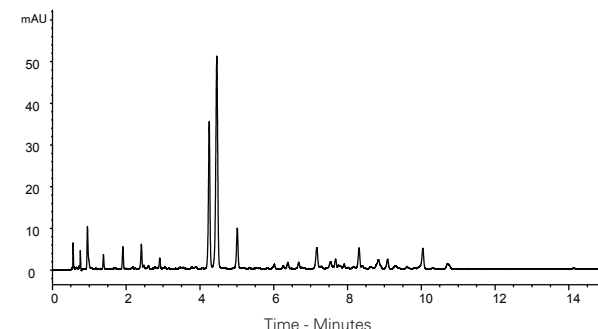
#### Conditions

**Column:** ACE Excel 1.7 SuperC18  
**Dimensions:** 100 x 3.0 mm  
**Part Number:** EXL-1711-1003U  
**Mobile Phase:** A: 0.1% formic acid in H<sub>2</sub>O  
 B: 0.1% formic acid in MeCN  
**Gradient:**

Time (mins)	%B
0	5
15	20
17	95
18	95
20	5
27	5

  
**Flow Rate:** 0.8 mL/min  
**Injection:** 2 µL  
**Temperature:** 80 °C  
**Detection:** UV, 260 nm  
**Sample:** Tablet ground to fine powder and extracted with MeCN/H<sub>2</sub>O (1:1 v/v) with ultrasonication. Supernatant diluted with H<sub>2</sub>O and filtered using Whatman Mini-Uniprep syringeless filter Chromaster Ultra Rs

#### System:



## Green Tea Metabolite Profiling by LC-MS

Application #AN2580

## Conditions

**Column:** ACE Excel 1.7 C18-Amide**Dimensions:** 100 x 2.1 mm**Part Number:** EXL-1712-1002U**Mobile Phase:** A: 0.01% formic acid in H<sub>2</sub>O

B: 0.01% formic acid in MeCN

**Gradient:**

Time (mins)	%B
0.0	3
2.5	10
8.0	100
8.5	3
10.0	3

**Flow Rate:** 0.5 mL/min**Detection:** Exactive accurate mass MS system

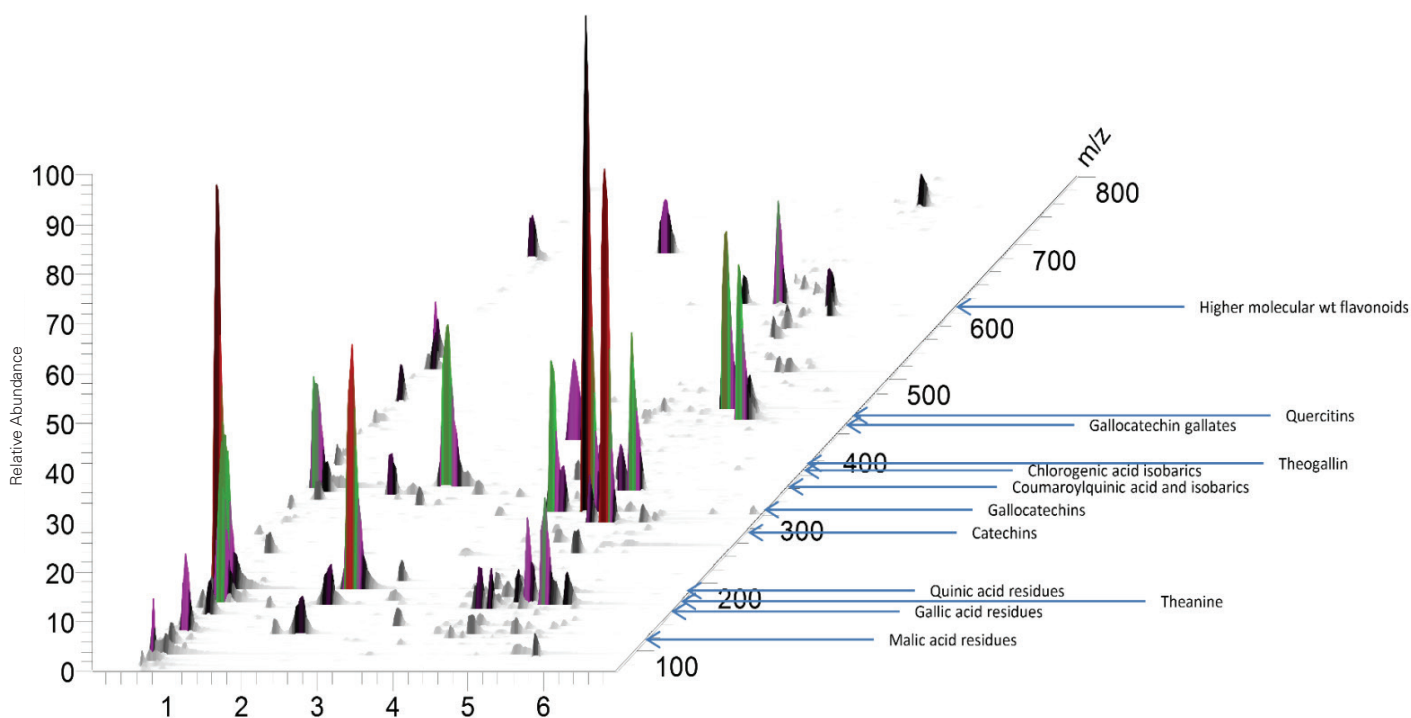
ESI in negative ion mode

Analytes between *m/z* 70-800 monitored**Sample:** Metabolites from green tea extracted into

cold water by vortexing for 20 mins.

Samples filtered prior to injection onto

column and modular Accela LC system



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### Hair Dye Restricted Components (I)

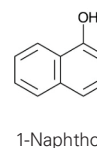
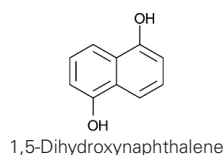
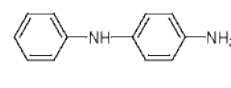
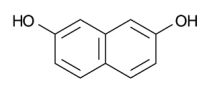
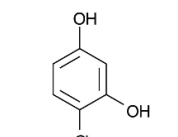
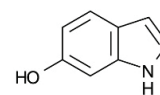
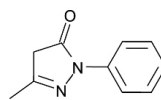
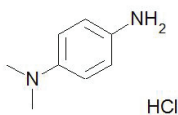
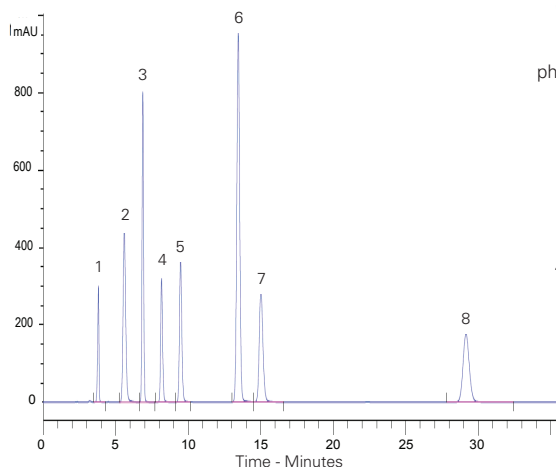
Application #AN2100

#### Conditions

**Column:** ACE Excel 5 C18-Amide  
**Dimensions:** 250 x 4.6 mm  
**Part Number:** EXL-1212-2546U  
**Mobile Phase:** 1.8 g disodium phosphate dodecahydrate + 2.8 g potassium dihydrogen phosphate + 1.0 g sodium 1-heptanesulfonate (all diluted to 1.0 L with water)/ MeCN (60:40 v/v)  
**Flow Rate:** 1 mL/min  
**Temperature:** 60 °C  
**Detection:** UV, 280 nm

#### Analytes

1. N,N-Dimethyl-1,4-phenylenediamine HCl
2. 5-Methyl-2-phenyl-1,2-dihydropyrazole-3-one
3. 6-Hydroxyindole
4. 4-Chlororesorcinol
5. 2,7-Dihydroxynaphthalene
6. 4-Aminodiphenylamine
7. 1,5-Dihydroxynaphthalene
8. 1-Naphthol



### Hair Dye Restricted Components (II)

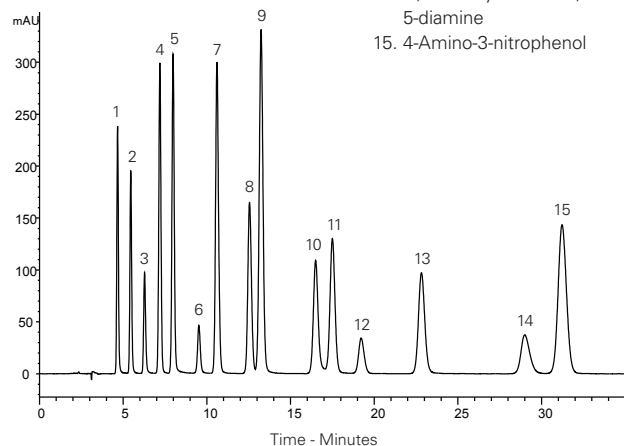
Application #AN2110

#### Conditions

**Column:** ACE Excel 5 C18-Amide  
**Dimensions:** 250 x 4.6 mm  
**Part Number:** EXL-1212-2546U  
**Mobile Phase:** 1.8 g disodium phosphate dodecahydrate + 2.8 g potassium dihydrogen phosphate + 1.0 g sodium 1-heptanesulfonate (all diluted to 1.0 L with water)/MeCN (60:40 v/v)  
**Flow Rate:** 1 mL/min  
**Temperature:** 25 °C  
**Detection:** UV, 280 nm

#### Analytes

1. p-Phenylenediamine
2. p-Aminophenol
3. Toluene-2,5-diamine
4. m-Aminophenol
5. o-Phenylenediamine
6. 2-Chloro-p-phenylenediamine
7. o-Aminophenol
8. Resorcinol
9. 2-Nitro-p-phenylenediamine
10. Toluene-3,4-diamine
11. 4-Amino-2-hydroxytoluene
12. 2-Methylresorcinol
13. 6-Amino-m-cresol
14. N,N-Diethyltoluene-2,5-diamine
15. 4-Amino-3-nitrophenol



### Halogenated Positional Isomer Separations

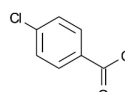
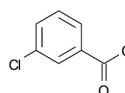
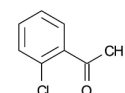
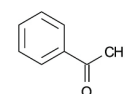
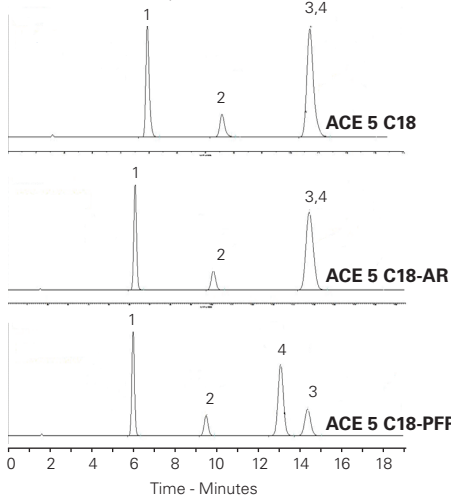
Application #AN1510

#### Conditions

**Column:** ACE 5 C18  
 ACE 5 C18-AR  
 ACE 5 C18-PFP  
**Dimensions:** 150 x 4.6 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-121-1546,  
 ACE-129-1546,  
 ACE-1210-1546  
**Mobile Phase:** H<sub>2</sub>O/MeOH (50:50 v/v)  
**Flow Rate:** 1 mL/min  
**Injection:** 5 µL  
**Temperature:** Ambient  
**Detection:** UV, 254 nm

#### Analytes

1. Acetophenone
2. o-Chloroacetophenone
3. m-Chloroacetophenone
4. p-Chloroacetophenone





## Hepcidin-25 and Truncated Isoforms by LC-HRMS

Application #AN3090

## Conditions

**Column:** ACE 3 C18  
**Dimensions:** 100 x 2.1 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-111-1002  
**Mobile Phase:** A: 0.1% formic acid in H<sub>2</sub>O  
 B: 0.1% formic acid in MeCN  
**Gradient:**

Time (mins)	%B
0	15
5	100
6	100

**Flow Rate:** 0.25 mL/min**Injection:** 100 µL**Temperature:** 60 °C**Detection:** ThermoFisher Scientific Q-Exactive™ high resolution MS

Heated electrospray ionisation (positive mode)

Spray voltage: 4.5 kV

Vaporiser temperature: 200 °C

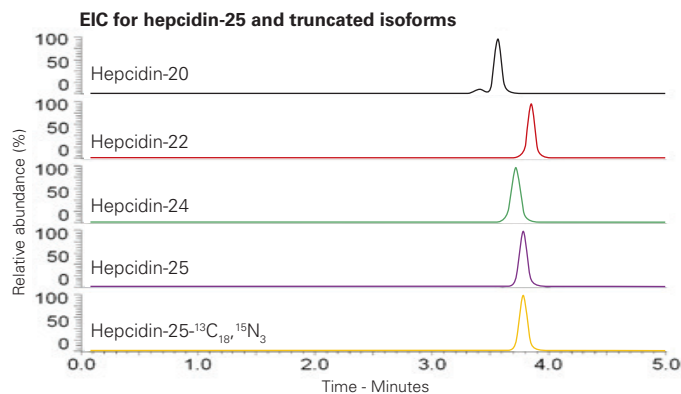
Capillary temperature: 320 °C

Detection: Full scan  $m/z$  400 – 1000

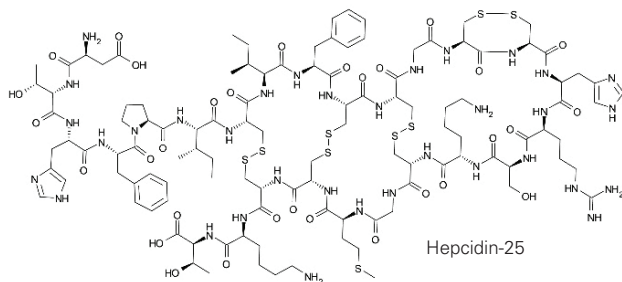
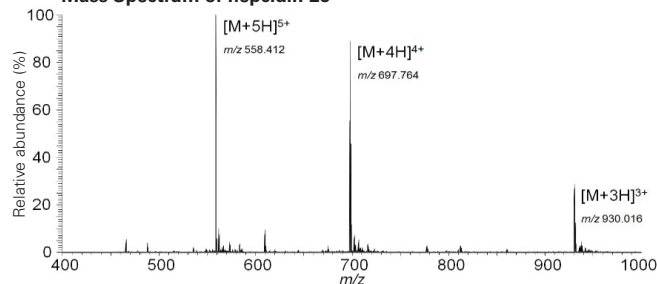
Extracted ion chromatogram from sum of 6 most abundant isotopes of +3, +4 and +5 charge states

## Analyte

1. Hepcidin-25  
 (MW 2789)



## Mass Spectrum of hepcidin-25



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## Herbicide – Benfluralin

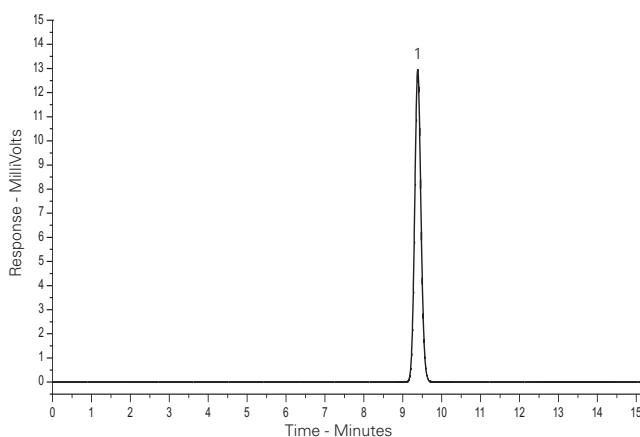
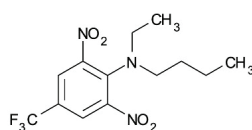
Application #AN2880

## Conditions

**Column:** ACE 5 C18  
**Dimensions:** 250 x 4.6 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-121-2546  
**Mobile Phase:** H<sub>2</sub>O/MeOH (15:85 v/v)  
**Flow Rate:** 1 mL/min  
**Temperature:** Ambient  
**Detection:** UV, 254 nm

## Analyte

1. Benfluralin



## Herbicide – Trifluralin

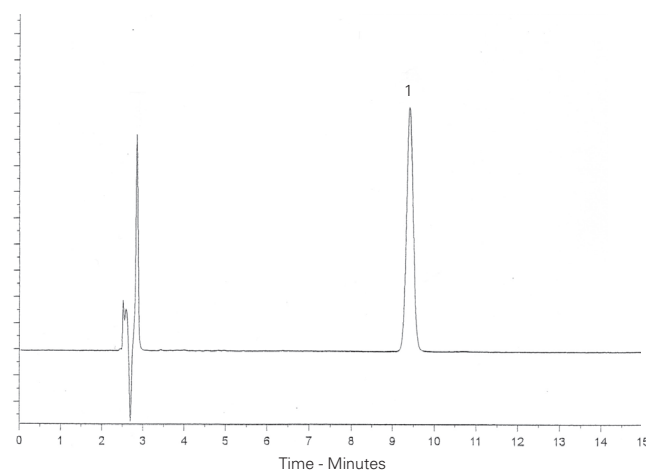
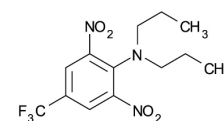
Application #AN2890

## Conditions

**Column:** ACE 5 C18  
**Dimensions:** 250 x 4.6 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-121-2546  
**Mobile Phase:** H<sub>2</sub>O/MeOH (15:85 v/v)  
**Flow Rate:** 1 mL/min  
**Temperature:** Ambient  
**Detection:** UV, 254 nm

## Analyte

1. Trifluralin





Herbicide Impurity Profile

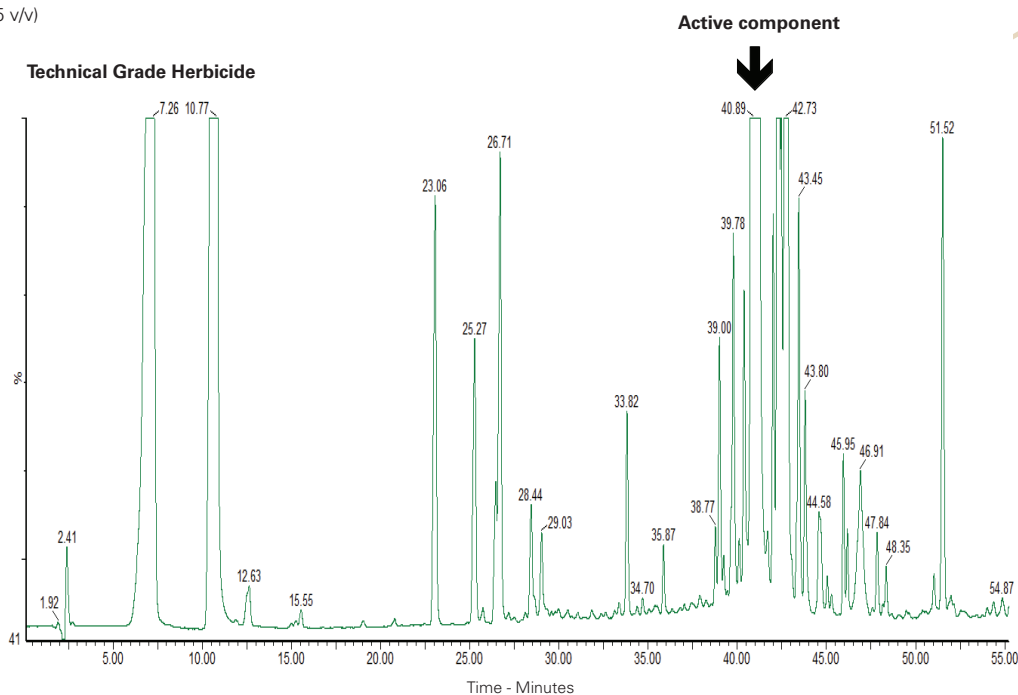
Application #AN2130

Conditions

**Column:** ACE UltraCore 2.5 SuperC18  
**Dimensions:** 150 x 4.6 mm  
**Part Number:** CORE-25A-1546U  
**Mobile Phase:** A: MeCN/H<sub>2</sub>O/TFA (5:95:0.05 v/v/v)  
 B: MeCN/TFA (99.9:0.05 v/v)  
**Gradient:**

Time (mins)	%B
0	10
3	10
35	100
55	100
56	10
60	10

**Flow Rate:** 0.6 mL/min  
**Injection:** 10 µL  
**Temperature:** 25 °C  
**Detection:** UV, 240 nm



Hippuric Acid

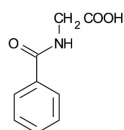
Application #AN2760

Conditions

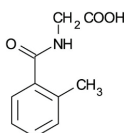
**Column:** ACE 5 C18  
**Dimensions:** 150 x 4.6 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-121-1546  
**Mobile Phase:** 10 mM KH<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> pH 3.5 in  
 H<sub>2</sub>O/MeCN (15:85 v/v)  
**Flow Rate:** 1 mL/min  
**Temperature:** Ambient  
**Detection:** UV, 254 nm

Analytes

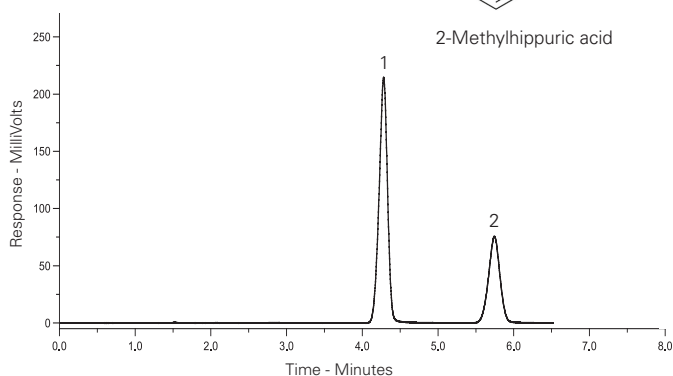
- Hippuric acid
- 2-Methylhippuric acid



Hippuric acid



2-Methylhippuric acid



Please enquire for details of our chromatography training, technical advice, applications support, batch reservation service and custom packing facility

email: [info@ace-hplc.com](mailto:info@ace-hplc.com)

## Human Urine Metabolite Profiling by LC-MS

Application #AN2600

## Conditions

**Column:** ACE Excel 1.7 C18-Amide**Dimensions:** 100 x 2.1 mm**Part Number:** EXL-1712-1002U**Mobile Phase:** A: 0.01% formic acid in H<sub>2</sub>O

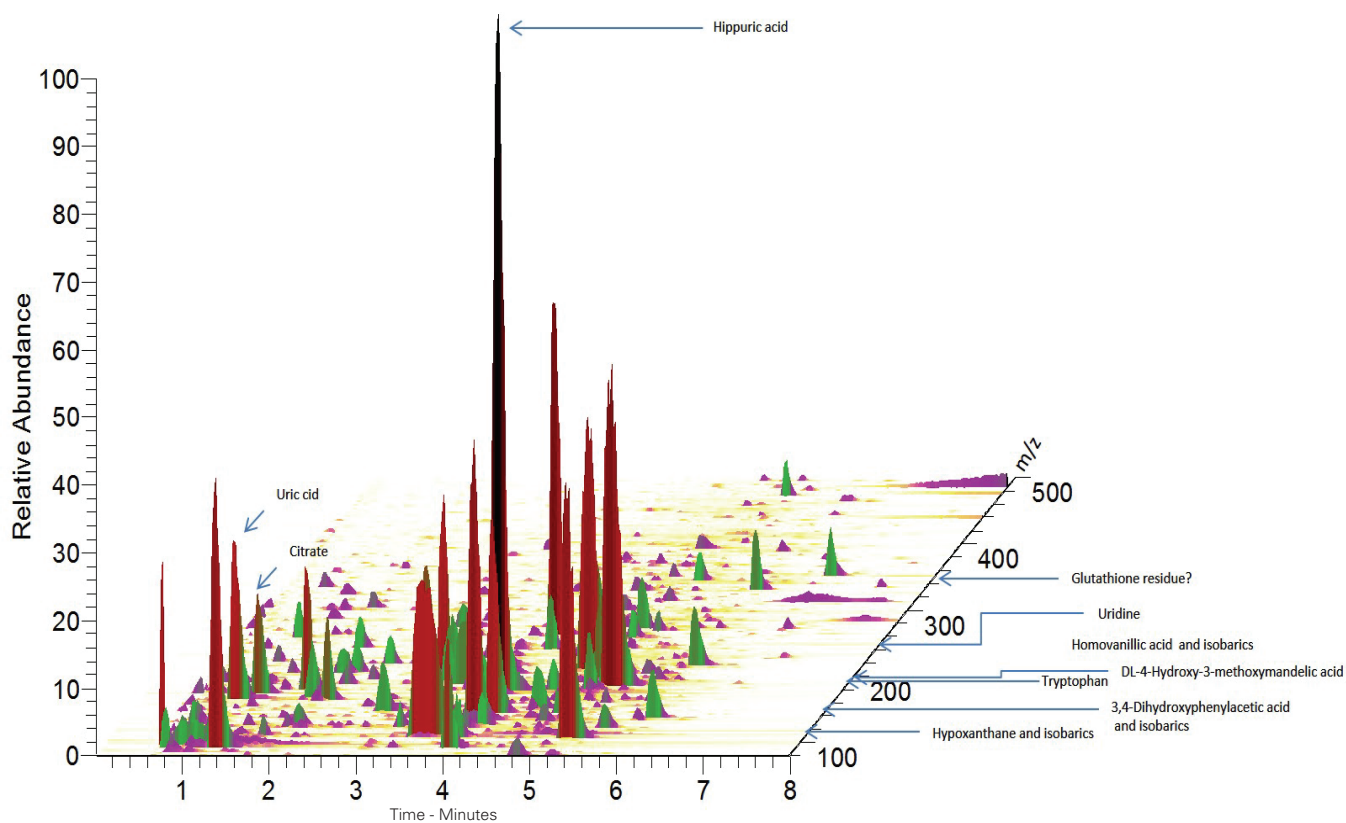
B: 0.01% formic acid in MeCN

**Gradient:**

Time (mins)	%B
0.0	3
2.5	10
8.0	100
8.5	3
10.0	3

**Flow Rate:** 0.5 mL/min**Detection:** Exactive accurate mass MS system

ESI in negative ion mode

Analytes between *m/z* 70-800 monitored**Sample:** Urine of healthy adult volunteer, filtered prior to injection onto column and modular Accela LC system.

Human Urine Metabolite Profiling by LC-MS



### Hydroxychloroquine in Whole (EDTA) Blood by LC-MS/MS

Application #AN1120

#### Conditions

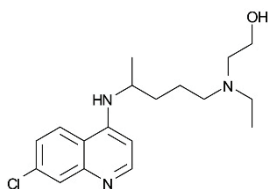
**Column:** ACE Excel 2 SuperC18  
**Dimensions:** 50 x 2.1 mm  
**Part Number:** EXL-1011-0502U  
**Mobile Phase:** A: 0.5% Ammonium hydroxide pH 10 in H<sub>2</sub>O  
 B: 0.5% Ammonium hydroxide in MeCN  
**Gradient:**

Time (mins)	%B
0.00	30
1.50	100
2.50	100
2.51	30

**Flow Rate:** 0.4 mL/min  
**Injection:** 5 µL  
**Temperature:** 40 °C  
**Detection:** MS/MS detection with Waters TQD  
 ESI +ve ion mode

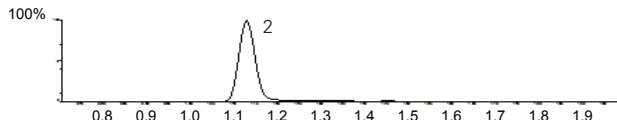
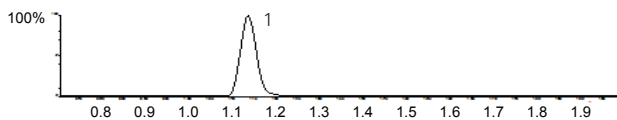
#### Analytes

1. Hydroxychloroquine  
(*m/z* 336 → 247)
2. d4-Hydroxychloroquine (IS)  
(*m/z* 340 → 251)
3. Desethylhydroxychloroquine  
(*m/z* 308 → 247)

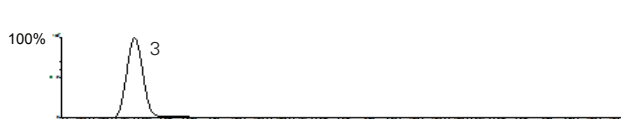
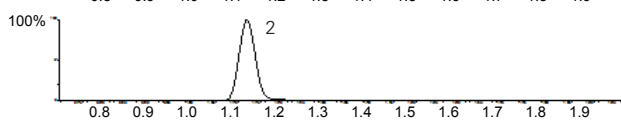
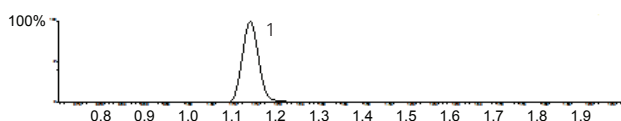


Hydroxychloroquine

#### Typical chromatogram for lowest calibrator (0.09 mg/L hydroxychloroquine)



#### Typical chromatogram for whole (EDTA) blood samples from patient with systemic lupus



Time - Minutes

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### Combined Hypertension Therapy Drugs

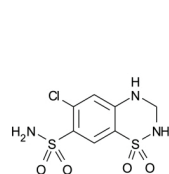
Application #AN4210

#### Conditions

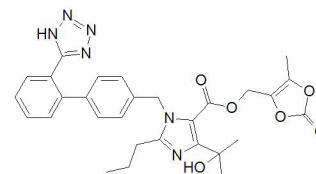
**Column:** ACE 5 CN  
**Dimensions:** 200 x 4.6 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-124-2046  
**Mobile Phase:** 10 mM phosphoric acid in H<sub>2</sub>O,  
 pH 2.5/MeCN/MeOH (80:7:13 v/v/v)  
**Flow Rate:** 1 mL/min  
**Injection:** 20 µL  
**Temperature:** 30 °C  
**Detection:** UV, 235 nm  
**Sample:** 1 µg/mL each analyte

#### Analytes

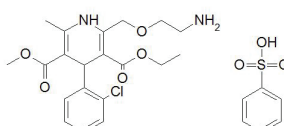
1. Hydrochlorothiazide
2. Olmesartan medoxomil
3. Amlodipine besylate
4. Valsartan



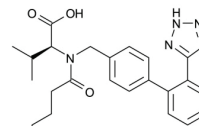
Hydrochlorothiazide



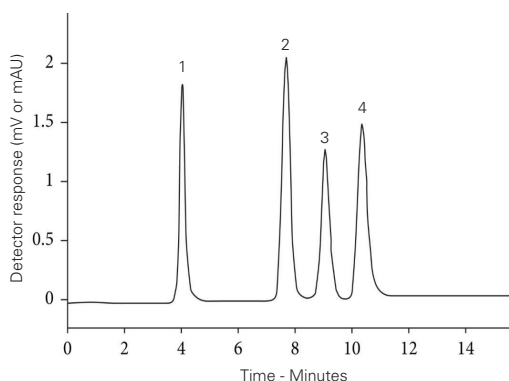
Olmesartan medoxomil



Amlodipine besylate



Valsartan



Tekkeli SEK. Development of an HPLC-UV Method for the Analysis of Drugs used for Combined Hypertension Therapy in Pharmaceutical Preparations and Human Plasma. Journal of Analytical Methods in Chemistry (2013) <http://dx.doi.org/10.1155/2013/179627>

## Ibuprofen and Related Impurities

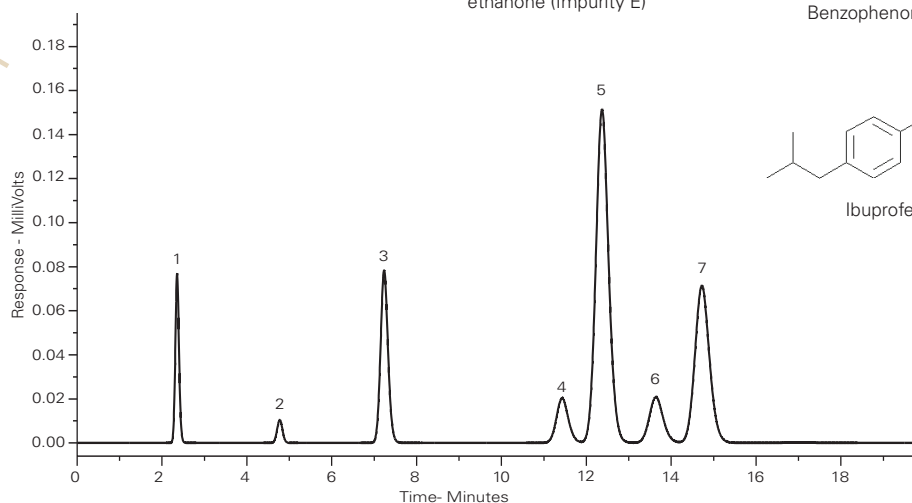
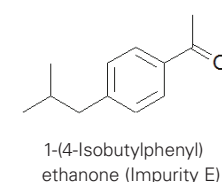
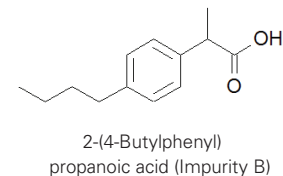
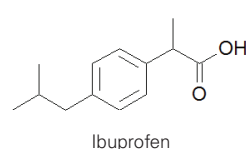
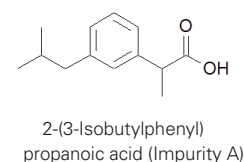
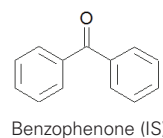
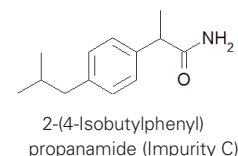
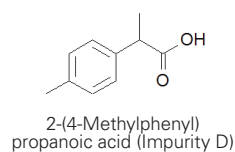
Application #AN4000

## Conditions

**Column:** ACE 5 C18  
**Dimensions:** 150 x 3.0 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-121-1503  
**Mobile Phase:** 0.1% TFA in H<sub>2</sub>O/MeCN (64:36 v/v)  
**Flow Rate:** 1.5 mL/min  
**Temperature:** 40 °C  
**Detection:** UV, 214 nm

## Analytes

- 2-(4-Methylphenyl) propanoic acid (Impurity D)
- 2-(4-Isobutylphenyl) propanamide (Impurity C)
- Benzophenone (IS)
- 2-(3-Isobutylphenyl) propanoic acid (Impurity A)
- Ibuprofen
- 2-(4-Butylphenyl) propanoic acid (Impurity B)
- 1-(4-Isobutylphenyl) ethanone (Impurity E)



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## Ibuprofen in Combination with Antihistamine and Decongestant

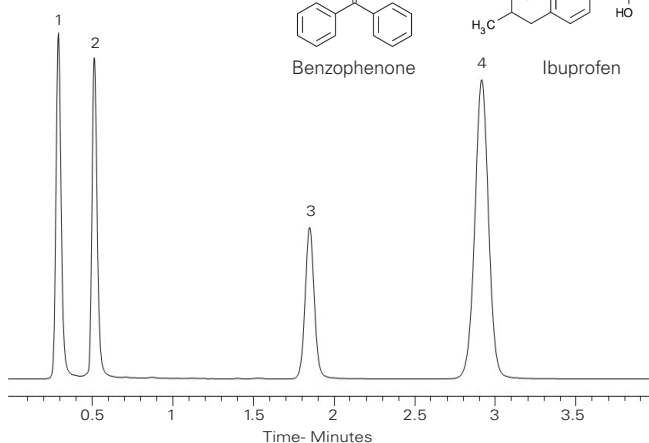
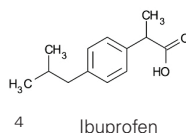
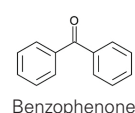
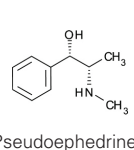
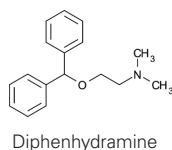
Application #AN2120

## Conditions

**Column:** ACE Excel 3 C18-Amide  
**Dimensions:** 150 x 4.6 mm  
**Part Number:** EXL-1112-1546U  
**Mobile Phase:** 0.01% potassium dihydrogen phosphate/MeCN (60:40 v/v)  
**Flow Rate:** 0.6 mL/min  
**Injection:** 0.5 µL  
**Temperature:** 45 °C  
**Detection:** UV, 214 nm

## Analytes

- Diphenhydramine
- Pseudoephedrine
- Benzophenone
- Ibuprofen



Alternative column dimensions available

Please enquire  
 email: [info@ace-hplc.com](mailto:info@ace-hplc.com)



## Illegal Dyes in Spices Application #AN2910

### Conditions

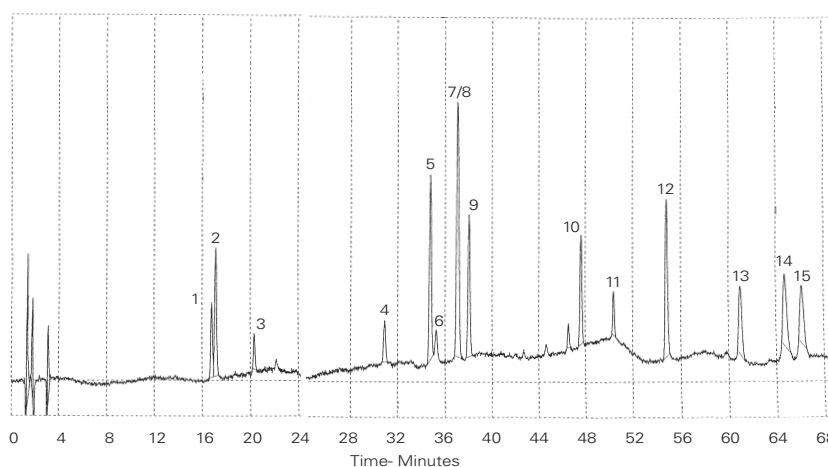
**Column:** ACE 3 C18  
**Dimensions:** 100 x 4.6 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-111-1046  
**Mobile Phase:** A: H<sub>2</sub>O  
 B: MeOH  
 C: 0.06 M Tetrabutylammonium bromide and 0.5 M KH<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> in H<sub>2</sub>O pH 2.55  
**Gradient:**

Time (mins)	%A	%B	%C	Curve
0	45	50	5	
45	3	92	5	6
65	3	92	5	11
66	45	50	5	1
75	45	50	5	1

  
**Flow Rate:** 1 mL/min  
**Injection:** 10 µL  
**Temperature:** Ambient  
**Detection:** UV-Vis, 420 nm, 520 nm and 600 nm

### Analytes

- |                   |                   |                  |
|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| 1. Rhodamine B    | 6. Sudan Orange G | 11. Sudan Black  |
| 2. Orange II      | 7. Toluidine Red  | 12. Sudan III    |
| 3. Metanil Yellow | 8. Sudan I        | 13. Sudan Red 7B |
| 4. Butter Yellow  | 9. Sudan Red G    | 14. Sudan Red B  |
| 5. Para Red       | 10. Sudan II      | 15. Sudan IV     |



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## Insulin Analogues in Clinical and Post-Mortem Analyses Application #AN3350

### Conditions

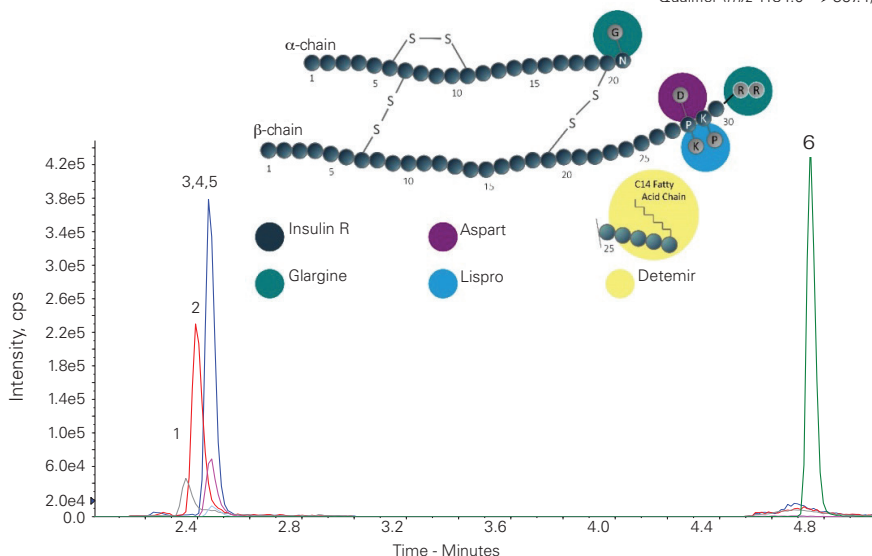
**Column:** ACE 5 C18-300  
**Dimensions:** 50 x 2.1 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-221-0502  
**Mobile Phase:** A: 0.1% acetic acid in H<sub>2</sub>O  
 B: 0.1% acetic acid in IPA/MeCN (25:75 v/v)  
**Gradient:**

Time (mins)	%B
0.0	22
0.5	22
1.0	34
3.0	36
4.0	98
6.2	98
6.3	22

  
**Flow Rate:** 0.55 mL/min  
**Injection:** 40 µL  
**Detection:** AB Sciex QTRAP 5500  
 ESI positive ion mode  
 Ion spray voltage: 5500 V  
 Temperature: 600 °C  
**Sample:** 100 µU/mL insulin analogues in steroid-free serum

### Analytes

- |  |   |   |
|--|---|---|
| 1. Glargine<br>MW 6063<br>Quantifier ( <i>m/z</i> 867.2 → 136)<br>Qualifier ( <i>m/z</i> 1011.4 → 1164.2)<br>Qualifier ( <i>m/z</i> 1011.4 → 1179.4) | 3. Aspart<br>MW 5826<br>Quantifier ( <i>m/z</i> 971.7 → 136)<br>Qualifier ( <i>m/z</i> 1166 → 219)<br>Qualifier ( <i>m/z</i> 971.7 → 226.1) | 5. Insulin R<br>MW 5808<br>Quantifier ( <i>m/z</i> 1162.4 → 345.2)<br>Qualifier ( <i>m/z</i> 1162.3 → 65.2)<br>Qualifier ( <i>m/z</i> 1162.4 → 226.1) |
| 2. Bovine insulin (IS)<br>MW ~5800<br>Quantifier ( <i>m/z</i> 956.5 → 136.1)<br>Qualifier ( <i>m/z</i> N/A)  | 4. Lispro<br>MW 5808<br>Quantifier ( <i>m/z</i> 1162.4 → 217)<br>Qualifier ( <i>m/z</i> 968.6 → 217)  | 6. Detemir<br>MW 5917<br>Quantifier ( <i>m/z</i> 1184 → 454.4)<br>Qualifier ( <i>m/z</i> 987 → 454.4)<br>Qualifier ( <i>m/z</i> 1184.0 → 357.4)       |



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**Insulins**

Application #AN2770

**Conditions**

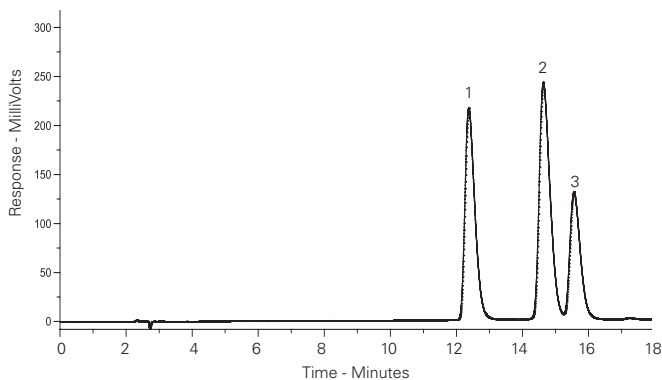
**Column:** ACE 5 C18  
**Dimensions:** 250 x 4.6 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-121-2546  
**Mobile Phase:** A: 0.1% TFA in H<sub>2</sub>O/MeCN (71:29 v/v)  
 B: 0.1% TFA in H<sub>2</sub>O/MeCN (68:32 v/v)  
**Gradient:**

Time (mins)	%B
0	10
16	90

**Flow Rate:** 1 mL/min  
**Temperature:** Ambient  
**Detection:** UV, 215 nm

**Analytes**

1. Bovine insulin
2. Human insulin
3. Porcine insulin



**Isoflavones**

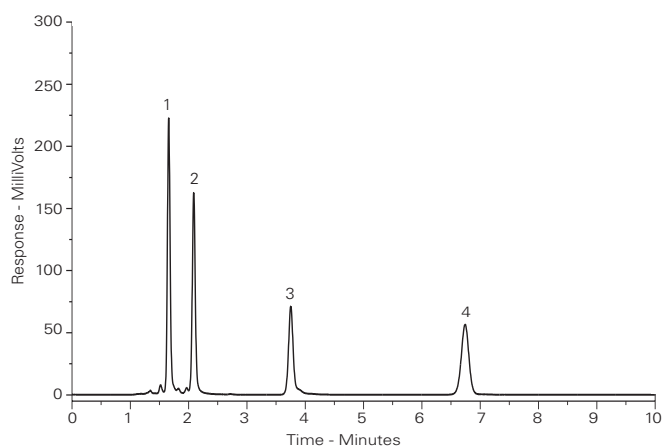
Application #AN2970

**Conditions**

**Column:** ACE 5 C18  
**Dimensions:** 150 x 4.6 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-121-1546  
**Mobile Phase:** MeCN/0.1% formic acid in H<sub>2</sub>O (35:65 v/v)  
**Flow Rate:** 1 mL/min  
**Injection:** 1 µL  
**Temperature:** Ambient  
**Detection:** UV, 254 nm

**Analytes**

1. Daidzin
2. Genistin
3. Daidzein
4. Genistein



**Isoflavones in Red Clover and Soy Extract**

Application #AN1130

**Conditions**

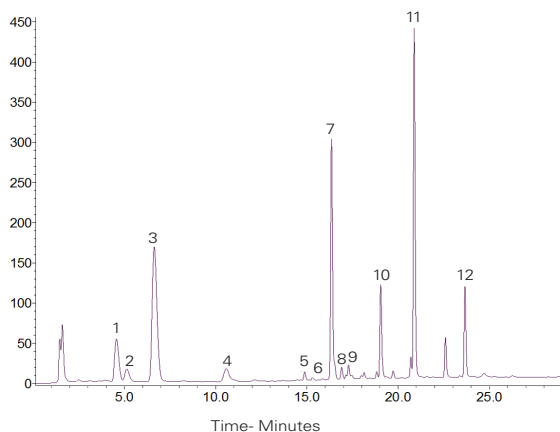
**Column:** ACE 3 C18-AR  
**Dimensions:** 150 x 2.1 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-119-1502  
**Mobile Phase:** A: Acetic acid in H<sub>2</sub>O pH 2.8  
 B: 0.6% Acetic acid in MeCN  
**Gradient:**

Time (mins)	%B
0	15
7	15
27	75

**Flow Rate:** 0.35 mL/min  
**Injection:** 3 µL  
**Temperature:** 25 °C  
**Detection:** UV, 254 nm

**Analytes**

1. Daidzin
2. Glycitin
3. Rutin (Int. Standard)
4. Genistin
5. Acetyldaidzin
6. Acetylglycitin
7. Daidzein
8. Glycitein
9. Acetylgenistin
10. Genistein
11. Formononetin
12. Biochanin A



Red clover is a perennial herb that commonly grows wild in meadows throughout Europe and Asia.

K. Weinfurter et al. Forsch. Komplementmed. 21 (Suppl.1): 45 (2014)



**Itraconazole and Hydroxyitraconazole in Human Whole Blood by LC-MS/MS** Application #AN3380

**Conditions**

**Column:** ACE 3 C18-AR  
**Dimensions:** 50 x 2.1 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-119-0502  
**Mobile Phase:** A: 10 mM ammonium acetate in H<sub>2</sub>O  
 B: 10 mM ammonium acetate in MeOH

**Gradient:**

Time (mins)	%B
0	75
2	98
3	98

**Flow Rate:** 0.7 mL/min

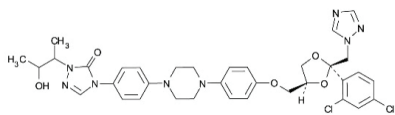
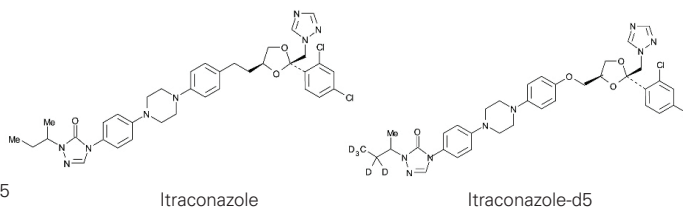
**Temperature:** 45 °C

**Detection:** AB Sciex 4000  
 ESI positive ion mode

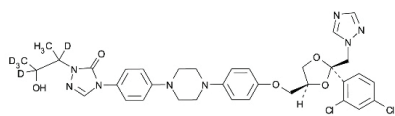
**Sample:** 1.0 ng/mL human whole blood (LLOQ)

**Analytes**

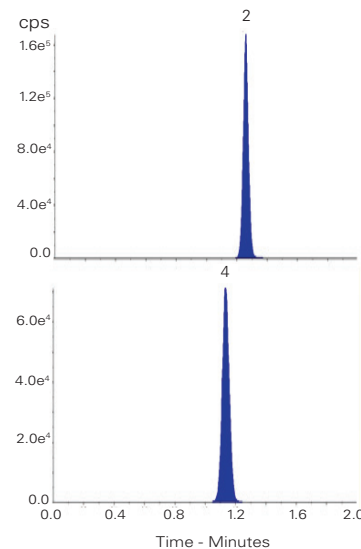
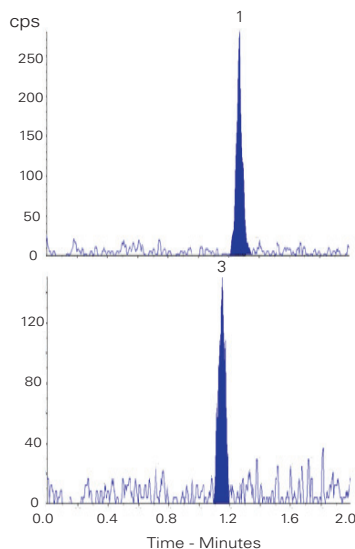
1. Itraconazole  
(*m/z* 705.3 → 392.3)
2. Itraconazole-d5  
(*m/z* 710.4 → 397.4)
3. Hydroxyitraconazole  
(*m/z* 721.3 → 408.2)
4. Hydroxyitraconazole-d5  
(*m/z* 726.4 → 413.3)



Hydroxyitraconazole



Hydroxyitraconazole-d5



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**Lansoprazole and Degradation Products after Acidic Hydrolysis in 0.1 M HCl** Application #AN1520

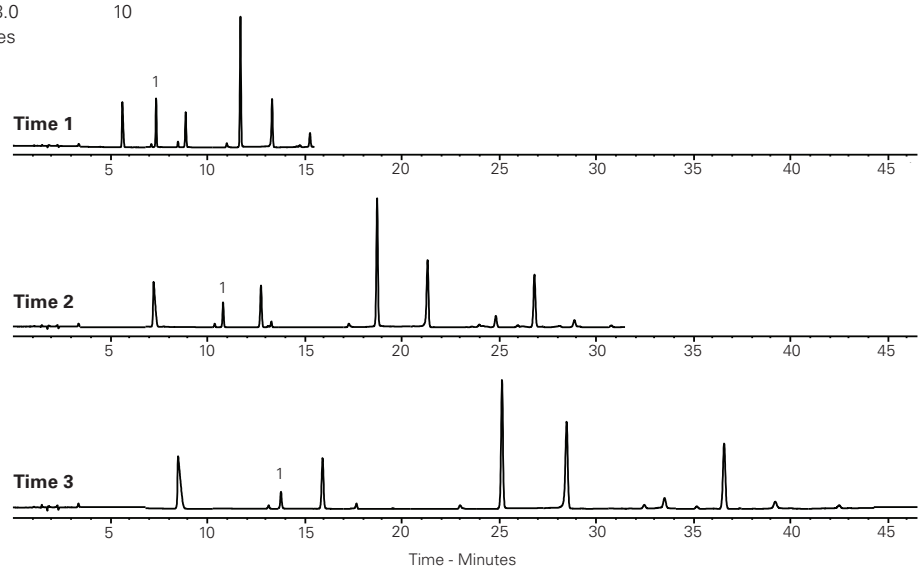
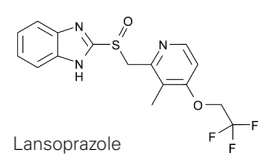
**Conditions**  
**Column:** ACE Excel 5 SuperC18  
**Dimensions:** 150 x 4.6 mm  
**Part Number:** EXL-1211-1546U  
**Mobile Phase:** A: 0.1% ammonia in H<sub>2</sub>O  
 B: 0.1% ammonia in MeCN/H<sub>2</sub>O (90:10 v/v)  
**Gradient:**

Time 1 (mins)	Time 2 (mins)	Time 3 (mins)	%B
0.0	0.0	0.0	10
15.0	30.0	45.0	90
15.5	30.5	45.5	90
18.0	33.0	48.0	10

Post time 10 minutes

**Flow Rate:** 1 mL/min  
**Injection:** 5 µL  
**Temperature:** 30 °C  
**Detection:** UV, 280 nm

**Analyte**  
 1. Lansoprazole



**Lapatinib Anticancer Drug in Human Plasma by LC-MS/MS** Application #AN3360

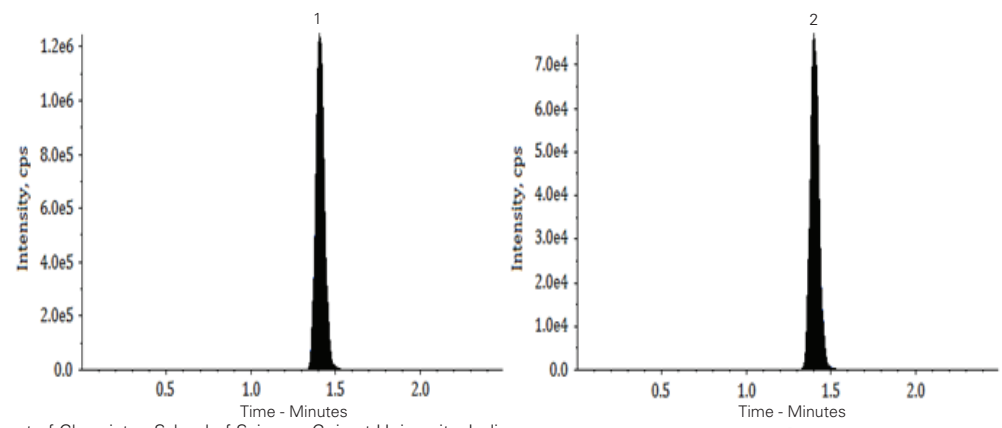
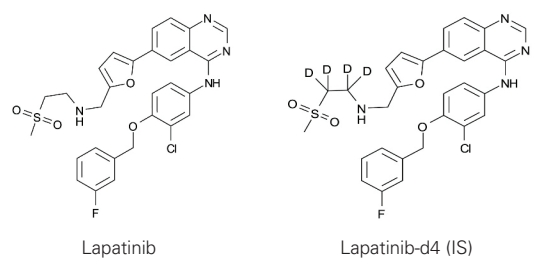
**Conditions**  
**Column:** ACE 5 C18  
**Dimensions:** 100 x 4.6 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-121-1046  
**Mobile Phase:** 10 mM ammonium formate  
 pH 3.5/MeCN (10:90 v/v)  
**Flow Rate:** 1 mL/min  
**Injection:** 0.5 µL  
**Temperature:** 40 °C  
**Detection:** API 4000 triple quad MS  
 Positive ion mode ESI  
 Ion spray voltage: 5500 V  
 Temperature: 400 °C

**Sample:** Extracted from 100 µL plasma using liquid-liquid extraction

**Analytes**

- Lapatinib  
 (m/z 581.1 → 365.2)  
 Concentration 1000 ng/mL
- Lapatinib-d4 (IS)  
 (m/z 585.1 → 365.0)  
 Concentration 100 ng/mL

LLOQ	2.5 ng/mL
LOD	1.0 ng/mL
Method Linearity	2.5 – 2500 ng/mL



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Lidocaine in Saliva by LC-MS/MS

Application #AN2570

Conditions

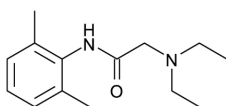
**Column:** ACE 3 C18  
**Dimensions:** 100 x 3.0 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-111-1003  
**Mobile Phase:** A: 0.1% formic acid in MeCN/H<sub>2</sub>O (20:80 v/v)  
 B: 0.1% formic acid in MeCN/H<sub>2</sub>O (80:20 v/v)  
**Gradient:**

Time (mins)	%B
0.0	20
1.0	20
3.0	80
4.5	80

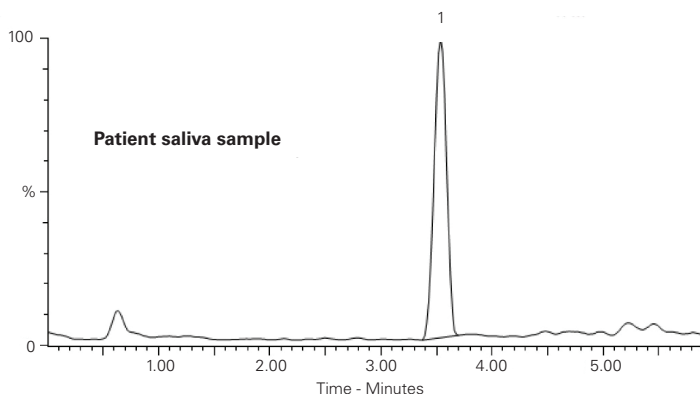
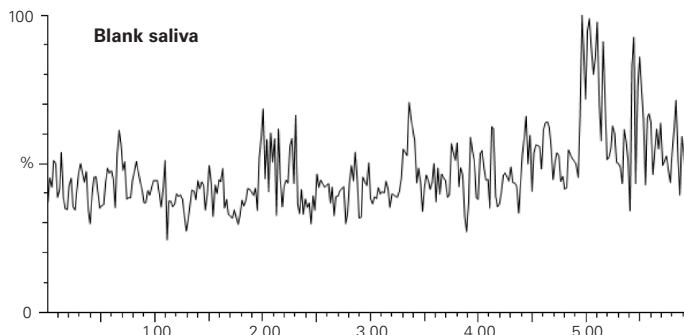
  
**Flow Rate:** 0.3 mL/min  
**Injection:** 10 µL  
**Detection:** Quattro-Micro triple quad MS  
 Positive ion mode ESI

Analyte

1. Lidocaine  
 (m/z 235 → 86)



1. Lidocaine



Saliva samples taken after "Emla 5 %" application to skin

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Lincosamide Antibiotics

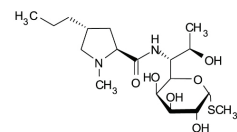
Application #AN2650

Conditions

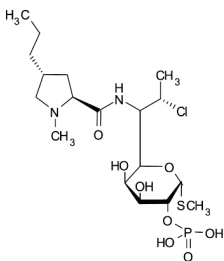
**Column:** ACE 5 C18  
**Dimensions:** 250 x 4.6 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-121-2546  
**Mobile Phase:** 0.02 M sodium phosphate dibasic pH 3.0/MeCN (70:30 v/v)  
**Flow Rate:** 1 mL/min  
**Injection:** 25 µL  
**Temperature:** 25 °C  
**Detection:** UV, 205 nm

Analytes

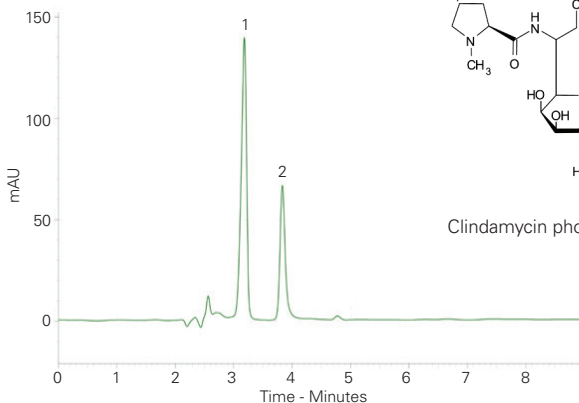
1. Lincomycin HCl  
 2. Clindamycin phosphate



Lincomycin HCl



Clindamycin phosphate



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Lipid Classes Separation from *Drosophila Melanogaster*

Application #AN1530

## Conditions

**Column:** ACE 3 SIL  
**Dimensions:** 150 x 3.0 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-117-1503  
**Mobile Phase:** A: IPA/MeCN (20:80 v/v)  
 B: IPA/0.02 M ammonium formate (20:80 v/v)  
**Gradient:**

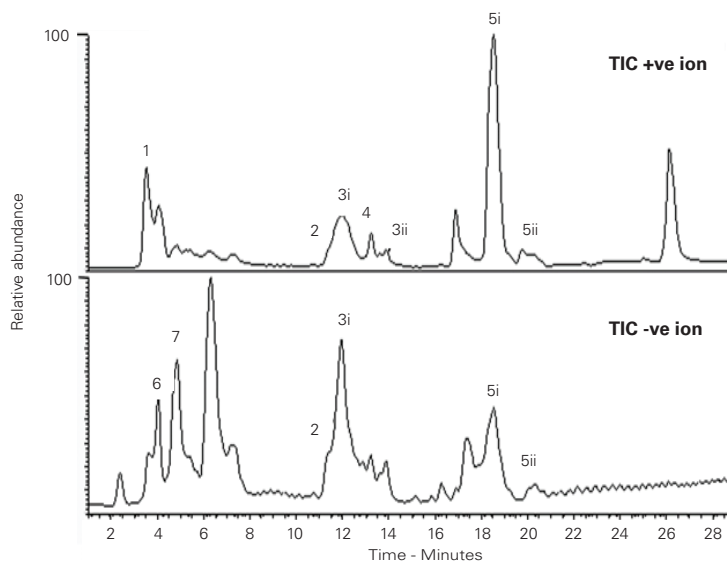
Time (mins)	%B
0.0	8
1.0	8
5.0	9
10.0	20
16.0	25
23.0	35
26.0	8

**Flow Rate:** 0.3 mL/min  
**Detection:** LTQ Orbitrap MS  
 Positive and negative ion mode

*Drosophila Melanogaster*

## Analytes

1. Triglyceride (TG)
2. Phosphoserine (PS)
- 3i. Phosphoethanolamine (PE)
- 3ii. Lyso phosphoethanolamine (Lyso PE)
4. Sphingomyelin phosphoethanolamine (SMPE)
- 5i. Phosphatidylcholine (PC)
- 5ii. Lyso phosphatidylcholine (Lyso PC)
6. Glycerophosphoglycerol (GPG)
7. Phosphoinositol (PI)



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## Liquorice Extracts Fingerprint

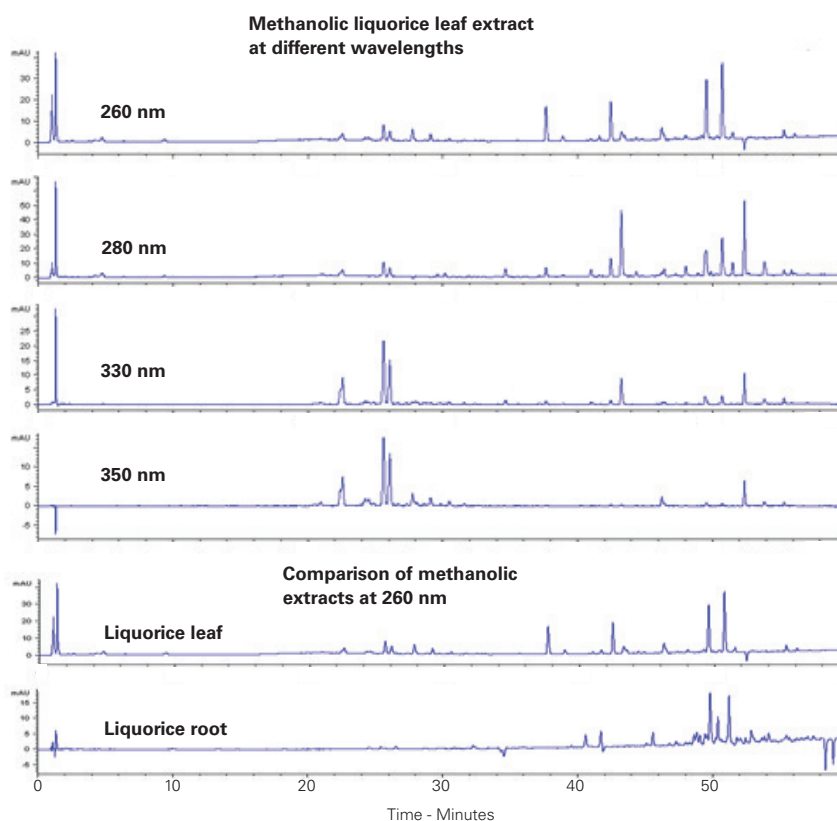
Application #AN2090

## Conditions

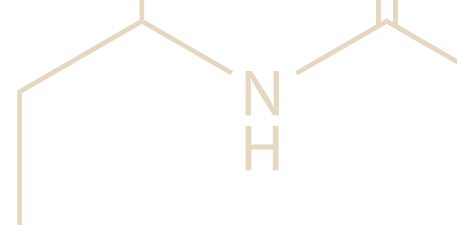
**Column:** ACE 3 C18-PFP  
**Dimensions:** 150 x 2.1 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-1110-1502  
**Mobile Phase:** A: Ammonium acetate in H<sub>2</sub>O pH 4  
 B: MeOH  
**Gradient:**

Time (mins)	%B
0	10
1	10
11	15
55	90
60	100

**Flow Rate:** 0.4 mL/min  
**Injection:** 2 µL  
**Temperature:** 40 °C  
**Detection:** UV, 260, 280, 330 and 350 nm  
**Sample:** Plant material ground to a fine powder in pestle and mortar. Powdered material extracted into methanol by ultrasonification for 30 minutes, followed by centrifugal filtration.



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Local Anaesthetics

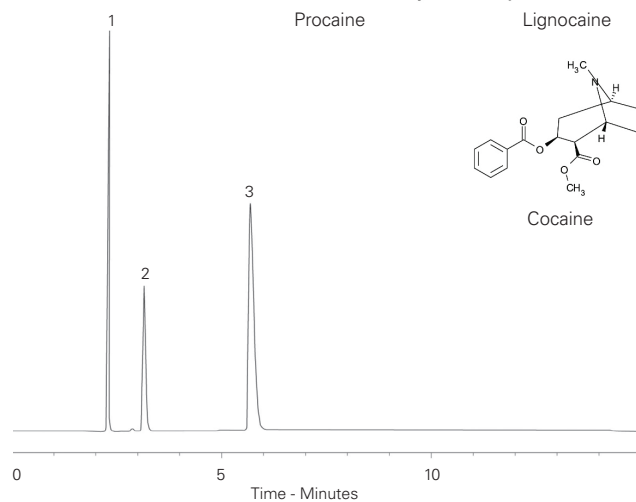
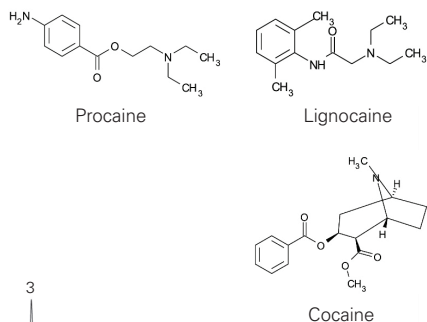
Application #AN3220

Conditions

**Column:** ACE 5 AQ  
**Dimensions:** 250 x 4.6 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-126-2546  
**Mobile Phase:** MeCN/H<sub>2</sub>O/2.5 M H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>  
 (21:79:0.1 v/v/v)  
**Flow Rate:** 1.5 mL/min  
**Detection:** UV

Analytes

1. Procaine
2. Lignocaine
3. Cocaine



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15-Hydroxy Lubiprostone in Human Plasma

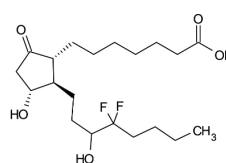
Application #AN1900

Conditions

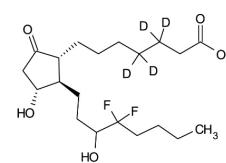
**Column:** ACE Excel 2 C18  
**Dimensions:** 50 x 3.0 mm  
**Part Number:** EXL-101-0503U  
**Mobile Phase:** A: 0.1% formic acid in H<sub>2</sub>O  
 B: MeCN  
**Flow Rate:** 0.65 mL/min  
**Injection:** 15 µL  
**Temperature:** 35 °C  
**Detection:** MDS Sciex API 5000  
 TurbolonSpray negative mode  
 IonSpray voltage -4500 V  
 Source Temperature 450 °C

Analytes

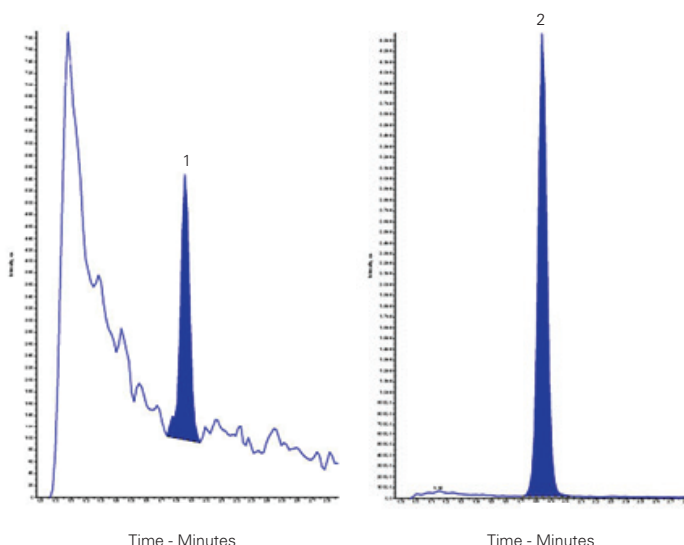
1. 15-Hydroxy lubiprostone  
 (*m/z* 391.2 → 373.2)
2. 15-Hydroxy lubiprostone-d4 (IS)  
 (*m/z* 395.2 → 377.2)



15-Hydroxy lubiprostone



15-Hydroxy lubiprostone-d4



Lowest calibration standard sample containing 2.0 pg/mL in human EDTA K3 plasma.  
 Lubiprostone, a fatty acid derived from prostaglandin E1, is rapidly metabolised to 15-hydroxy lubiprostone. Quantitation is based on 15-hydroxy lubiprostone, with the d4 analogue as internal standard.

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## Lubricant Additives: ADPA/OPNA Antioxidants

Application #AN1170

## Conditions

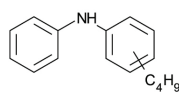
**Column:** ACE UltraCore 2.5 SuperC18  
**Dimensions:** 150 x 4.6 mm  
**Part Number:** CORE-25A-1546U  
**Mobile Phase:** A: 0.1% formic acid in H<sub>2</sub>O  
 B: 0.1% formic acid in MeCN/IPA (1:2 v/v)  
**Gradient:**

Time (mins)	%B
0.0	65.0
15.0	97.5
25.0	97.5
25.1	65.0

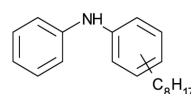
**Flow Rate:** 1 mL/min  
**Temperature:** 60 °C  
**Detection:** UV, 220 nm

## Analytes

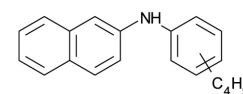
1. C4-ADPA
2. C8-ADPA
3. C4-OPNA
4. C12-ADPA
5. C16-ADPA



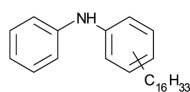
C4-ADPA



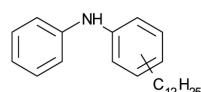
C8-ADPA



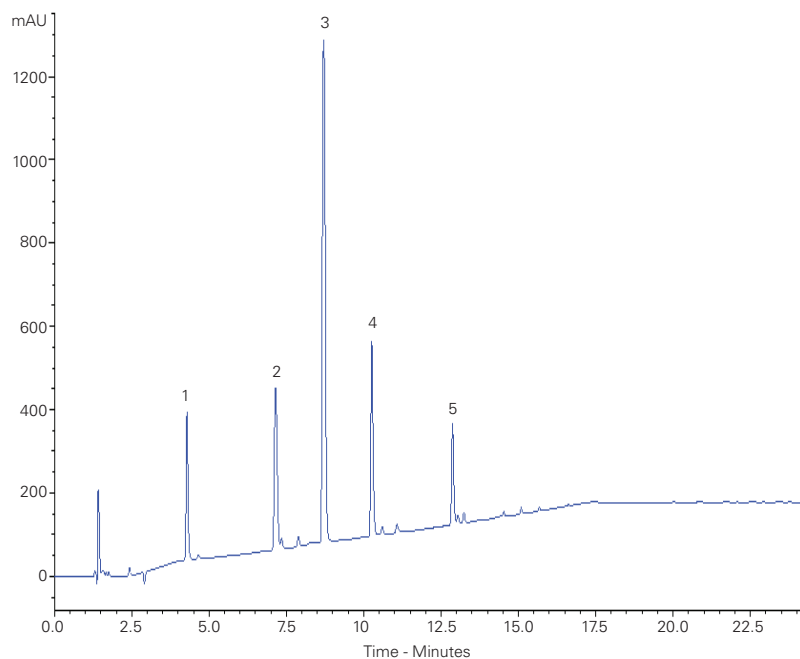
C4-OPNA



C16-ADPA



C12-ADPA



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## Lurbinectin in Plasma by LC-MS/MS

Application #AN3810

## Conditions

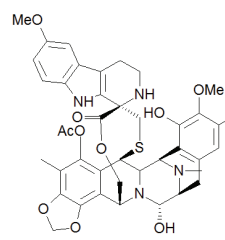
**Column:** ACE 3 C18-PFP  
**Dimensions:** 30 x 2.1 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-1110-0302  
**Mobile Phase:** A: 0.1% formic acid in H<sub>2</sub>O  
 B: 0.1% formic acid in MeCN  
**Gradient:**

Time (mins)	%B
0.0	10
2.5	90
3.5	90
3.6	10
5.0	10

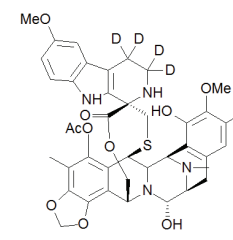
**Flow Rate:** 0.6 mL/min  
**Injection:** 5 µL  
**Temperature:** 50 °C  
**Detection:** API 4000 triple quad  
 TurbolonSpray, ESI positive ion mode  
 Turbo Temperature: 650 °C  
 Ion Spray Potential: 5000 V

## Analytes

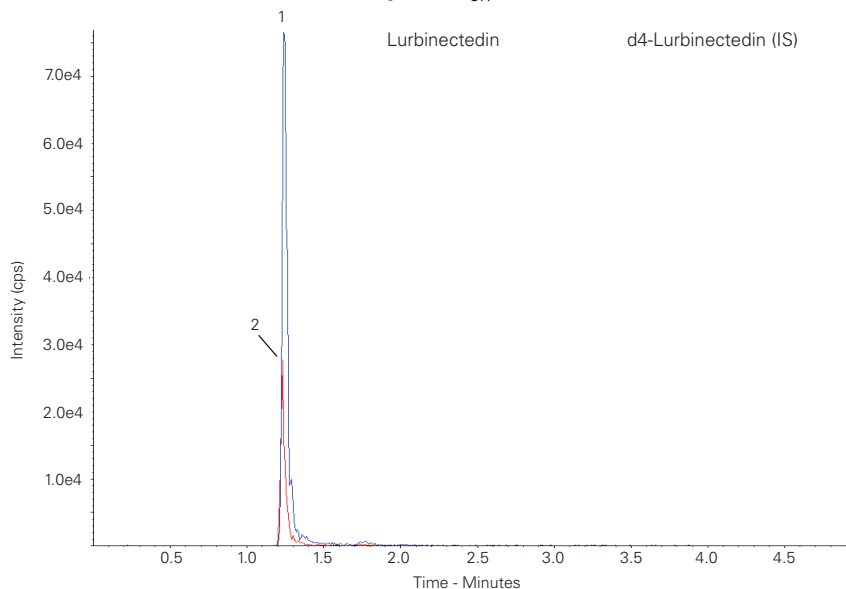
1. Lurbinectin  
(*m/z* 767.3 → 273.0)  
(LLOQ 0.1 ng/mL)
2. d4-Lurbinectin (IS)  
(*m/z* 771.4 → 277.0)



Lurbinectin



d4-Lurbinectin (IS)



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### Malachite Green

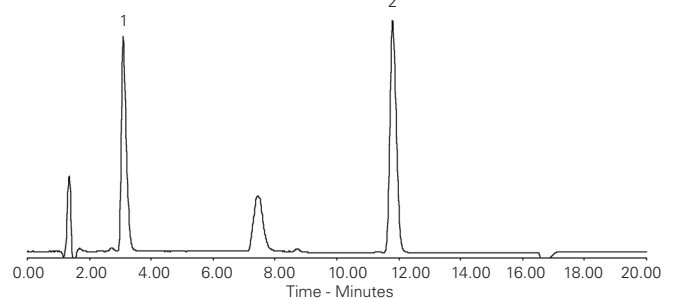
Application #AN2860

**Conditions**  
**Column:** ACE 5 C18  
**Dimensions:** 150 x 3.0 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-121-1503  
**Mobile Phase:** 10 mM oxalic acid pH 2.9 in H<sub>2</sub>O/MeCN (80:20 v/v)  
**Flow Rate:** 0.4 mL/min  
**Temperature:** Ambient  
**Detection:** UV-Vis, 618 nm

**Analytes**  
 1. Malachite green  
 2. Leucomalachite green

CN(C)C1=CC=C(C=C1)C(=C2C=CC(=C2)N(C)C)C3=CC=CC=C3.[O-]  
 Malachite green

CN(C)C1=CC=C(C=C1)C(=C2C=CC(=C2)N(C)C)C3=CC=C(C=C3)N(C)C  
 Leucomalachite green



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### Maleic and Fumaric Acids

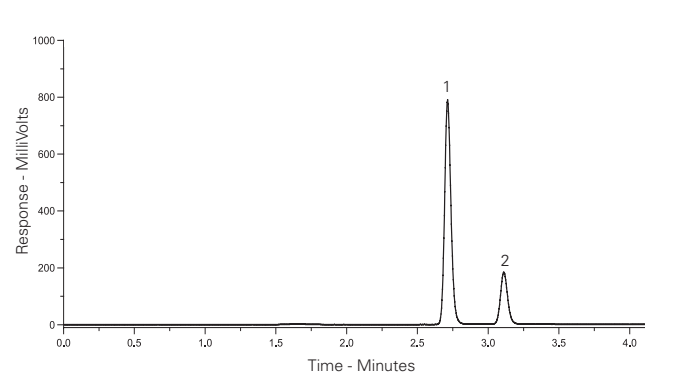
Application #AN3230

**Conditions**  
**Column:** ACE 5 AQ  
**Dimensions:** 250 x 4.6 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-126-2546  
**Mobile Phase:** 50 mM KH<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> pH 7.0 in H<sub>2</sub>O  
**Flow Rate:** 1 mL/min  
**Temperature:** Ambient  
**Detection:** UV, 210 nm

**Analytes**  
 1. Fumaric acid  
 2. Maleic acid

OC(=O)/C=C/C(=O)O  
 Fumaric acid

OC(=O)/C=C/C(=O)O  
 Maleic acid

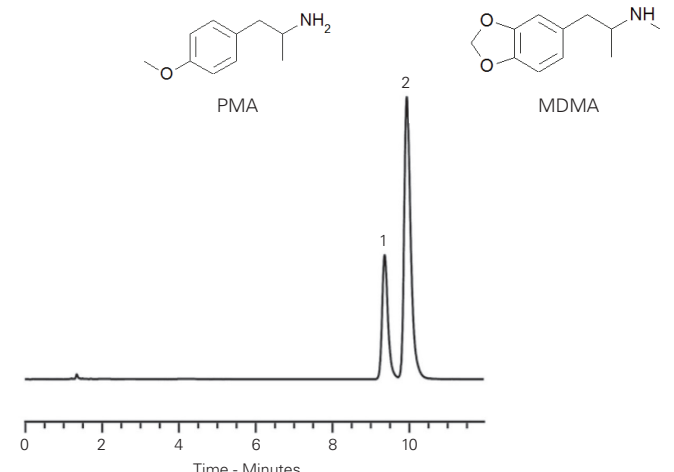


### MDMA (Ecstasy) and PMA (Dr Death) Separation

Application #AN4220

**Conditions**  
**Column:** ACE 3 C18  
**Dimensions:** 150 x 4.6 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-111-1546  
**Mobile Phase:** 0.05 M KH<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> pH 3.2 in H<sub>2</sub>O/MeCN (90:10 v/v)  
**Flow Rate:** 1.2 mL/min  
**Injection:** 10 µL  
**Temperature:** 22 °C  
**Detection:** UV, 210 nm

**Analytes**  
 1. PMA (4-Methoxyamphetamine)  
 LOD 0.08 µg/mL  
 LOQ 0.26 µg/mL  
 2. MDMA (3,4-Methylenedioxy methamphetamine)  
 LOD 0.04 µg/mL  
 LOQ 0.12 µg/mL



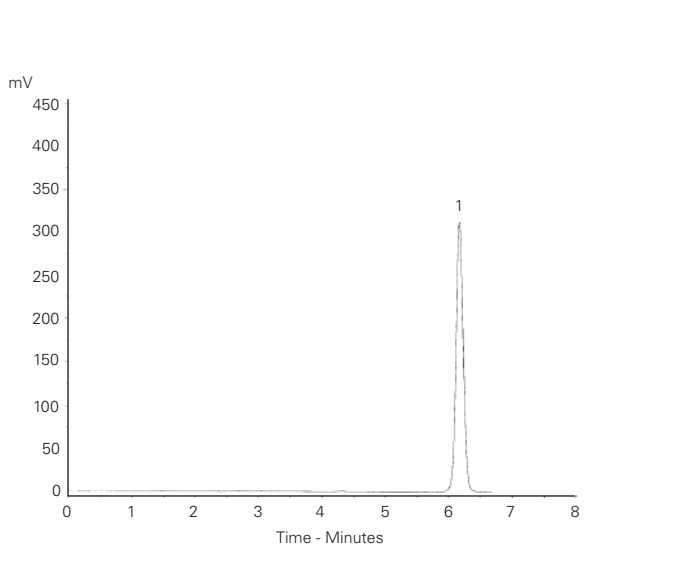
### Melamine using Ion-Pairing Reagent

Application #AN2510

**Conditions**  
**Column:** ACE 5 C8  
**Dimensions:** 150 x 4.6 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-122-1546  
**Mobile Phase:** 5 mM heptafluorobutyric acid/MeCN (95:5 v/v)  
**Flow Rate:** 1 mL/min  
**Injection:** 5 µL  
**Temperature:** Ambient  
**Detection:** UV, 240 nm

**Analyte**  
 1. Melamine

Nc1nc(N)c(N)n1  
 Melamine



Cumba LR, Smith JP, Zuway KY, Sutcliffe OB, do Carmo DR, Banks CE. Forensic electrochemistry: simultaneous voltammetric detection of MDMA and its fatal counterpart 'Dr Death' (PMA). Anal. Methods, 8, 142-152 (2016) doi: 10.1039/c5ay02924d

## Metabolomic Analysis of Extracted Jurkat T Cells by LC-HRMS

Application #AN3980

## Conditions

**Column:** ACE Excel 2 C18-PFP  
**Dimensions:** 100 x 2.1 mm  
**Part Number:** EXL-1010-1002U  
**Mobile Phase:** A: 0.1% formic acid in H<sub>2</sub>O  
 B: 0.1% formic acid in MeCN  
**Gradient:**

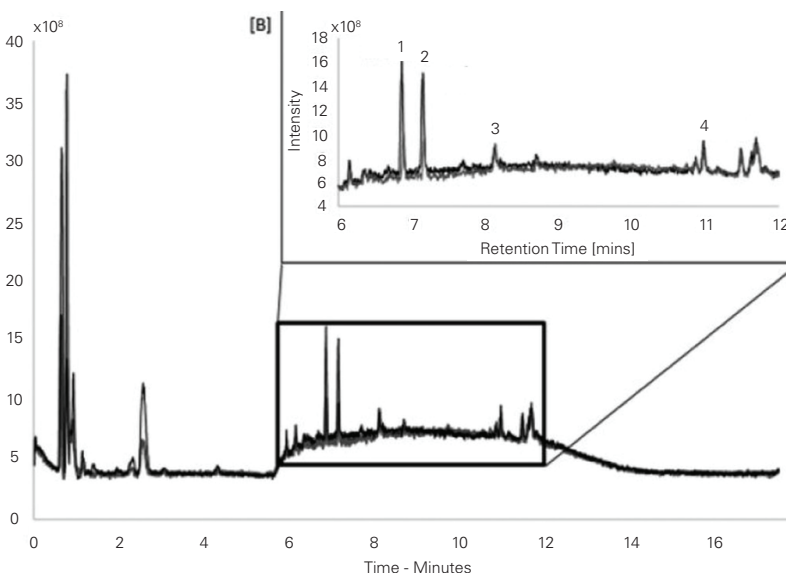
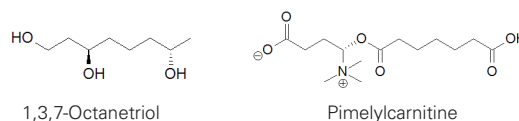
Time (mins)	%B
0	0
1	0
11	65
13	65
18	95
20	95

**Flow Rate:** 0.35 mL/min  
**Injection:** 5 µL  
**Temperature:** 35 °C  
**Detection:** Thermo Scientific Q Exactive Orbitrap MS  
 Heated electrospray ionisation in positive mode  
 Spray Voltage: 3.3 kV  
 Capillary Temperature: 300 °C  
 Heater Temperature: 350 °C  
 Mass Scan Range: *m/z* 70-1000  
 Resolution: 70,000

TIC overlay for Jurkat T-lymphocyte cells rinsed with either 0.3% ammonium formate (darker line) or 0.3% ammonium acetate.

## Analytes

1. Caffeine-d3 (IS)
2. Tryptophan-d3 (IS)
3. 1,3,7-Octanetriol
4. Pimelylcarnitine



Ulmer CZ, Yost RA, Chen J, Mathews CE, Garrett TJ. Liquid-Chromatography-Mass Spectrometry Metabolic and Lipidomic Sample Preparation Workflow for Suspension-Cultured Mammalian Cells using Jurkat T Lymphocyte Cells, *J. Proteomics Bioinform*, (2015), 8(6), 126-132. doi:10.4172/jpb.1000360

## Metabolomic Biomarkers in Ethylmalonic Encephalopathy

Application #AN4130

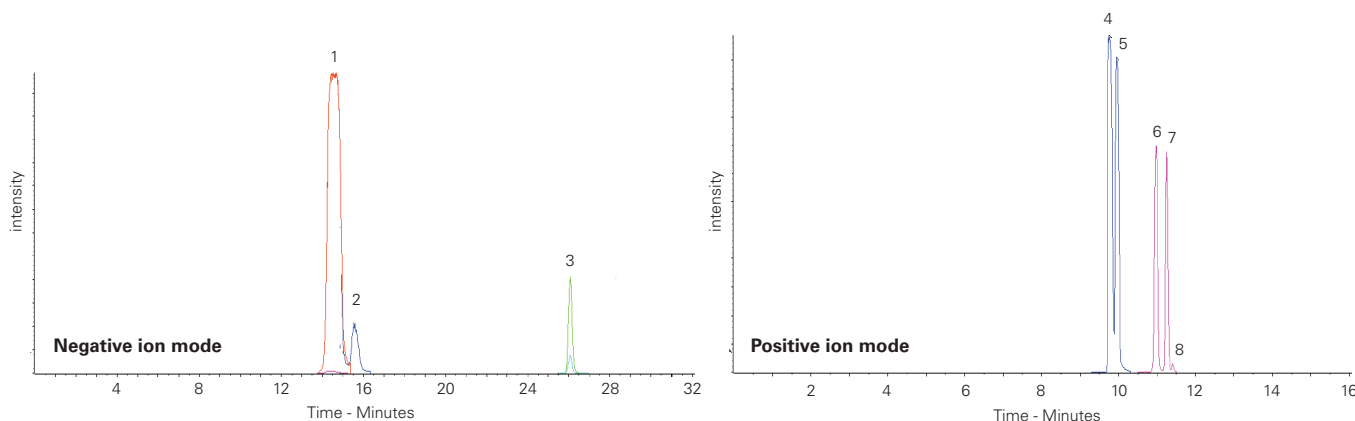
## Conditions

**Column:** ACE 3 C18-PFP  
**Dimensions:** 150 x 2.1 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-1110-1502  
**Mobile Phase:** A: 0.1% formic acid in H<sub>2</sub>O  
 B: 0.1% formic acid in MeCN  
**Detection:** Sciex API 4000 triple quad MS  
 ESI in negative ion mode  
**Sample:** Urine sample from patient with ethylmalonic encephalopathy is filtered and extracted with ice-cold methanol, evaporated to dryness and reconstituted in 0.1% formic acid in water

## Analytes

1. Ethylmalonic acid (*m/z* 131 → 87)
2. Methylsuccinic acid (*m/z* 131 → 87)
3. Adipic acid (*m/z* 145 → 83)
4. Isobutyrylcarnitine (*m/z* 232 → 85)
5. Butyrylcarnitine (*m/z* 232 → 85)
6. 2-Methylbutyrylcarnitine (*m/z* 246 → 85)
7. Isovalerylcarnitine (*m/z* 246 → 85)
8. Valerylcarnitine (*m/z* 246 → 85)

Please contact [info@ace-hplc.com](mailto:info@ace-hplc.com) for additional information on the chromatographic conditions used for this analysis.



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## Metabolomics and Biochemical Genetics - Acylglycines

Application #AN4080

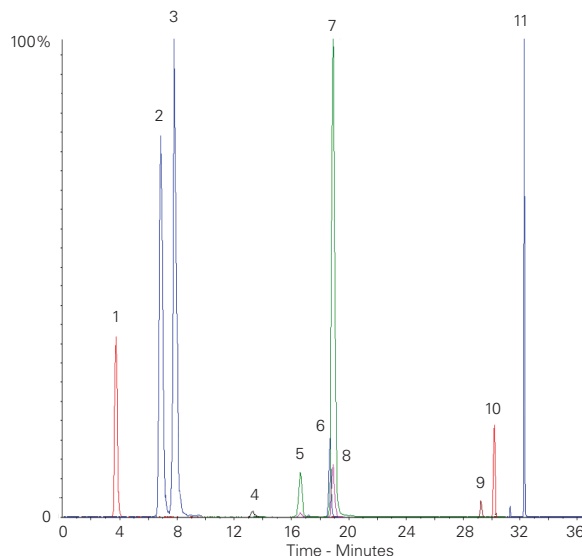
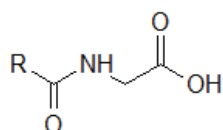
## Conditions

**Column:** ACE 3 C18-PFP  
**Dimensions:** 150 x 2.1 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-1110-1502  
**Mobile Phase:** A: 0.1% formic acid in  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$   
 B: 0.1% formic acid in MeCN  
**Detection:** Sciex API 4000 triple quad MS  
 ESI in negative ion mode  
**Sample:** Urine / plasma sample is filtered and extracted with ice-cold methanol, evaporated to dryness and reconstituted in 0.1% formic acid in water

## Analytes

- |  |   |  |
|--|---|--|
| 1. Propionylglycine<br>( $m/z$ 130 $\rightarrow$ 74)       | 5. Isovalerylglycine<br>( $m/z$ 158 $\rightarrow$ 74)       | 9. Suberylglycine<br>( $m/z$ 230 $\rightarrow$ 74)           |
| 2. Isobutyrylglycine<br>( $m/z$ 144 $\rightarrow$ 74)      | 6. Tiglylglycine<br>( $m/z$ 156 $\rightarrow$ 112)          | 10. Hexanoylglycine<br>( $m/z$ 172 $\rightarrow$ 74)         |
| 3. Butyrylglycine<br>( $m/z$ 144 $\rightarrow$ 74)         | 7. Valerylglycine<br>( $m/z$ 158 $\rightarrow$ 74)          | 11. Trans-Cinnamoylglycine<br>( $m/z$ 204 $\rightarrow$ 160) |
| 4. 2-Methylbutyrylglycine<br>( $m/z$ 158 $\rightarrow$ 74) | 8. 3-Methylcrotonylglycine<br>( $m/z$ 156 $\rightarrow$ 74) |  |

Please contact [info@ace-hplc.com](mailto:info@ace-hplc.com) for additional information on the chromatographic conditions used for this analysis.



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## Metabolomics – C4 &amp; C5 Hydroxy and Dicarboxylic Acids

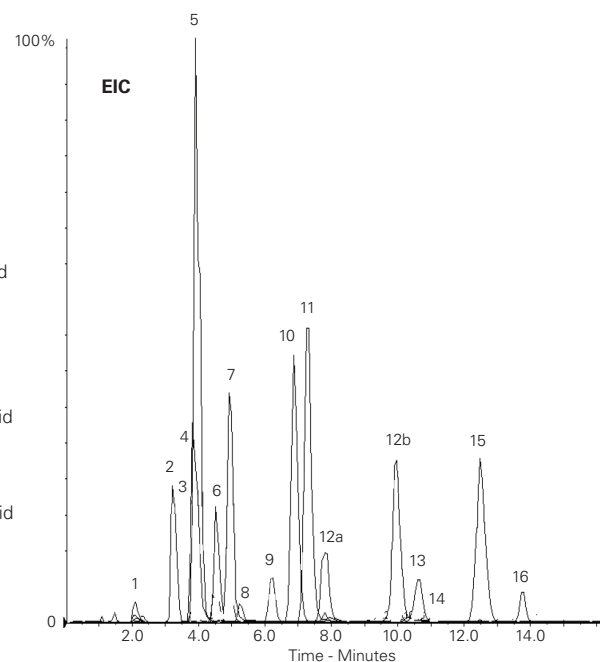
Application #AN4110

## Conditions

**Column:** ACE 3 C18-PFP  
**Dimensions:** 150 x 2.1 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-1110-1502  
**Mobile Phase:** A: 0.1% formic acid in  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$   
 B: 0.1% formic acid in MeCN  
**Detection:** Sciex API 4000 triple quad MS  
 ESI in negative ion mode  
**Sample:** Urine / plasma sample is filtered and extracted with ice-cold methanol, evaporated to dryness and reconstituted in 0.1% formic acid in water

## Analytes

1. Isocitric acid  
( $m/z$  191  $\rightarrow$  111)
2. 2-Hydroxyglutaric acid  
( $m/z$  147  $\rightarrow$  129)
3. 3-Hydroxyglutaric acid  
( $m/z$  147  $\rightarrow$  85)
4. Maleic acid  
( $m/z$  115  $\rightarrow$  71)
5. Citric acid  
( $m/z$  191  $\rightarrow$  111)
6. Fumaric acid  
( $m/z$  115  $\rightarrow$  71)
7. Succinic acid  
( $m/z$  117  $\rightarrow$  73)
8. Methylmalonic acid  
( $m/z$  117  $\rightarrow$  55)
9. 3-Hydroxy-3-methylglutaric acid  
( $m/z$  161  $\rightarrow$  99)
10. 2-Hydroxyadipic acid  
( $m/z$  161  $\rightarrow$  143)
11. 3-Hydroxyisovaleric acid  
( $m/z$  117  $\rightarrow$  59)
12. 3-Hydroxy-2-methylbutyric acid  
( $m/z$  117  $\rightarrow$  73)
13. Glutaric acid  
( $m/z$  131  $\rightarrow$  87)
14. 2-Ethyl-3-hydroxypropionic acid  
( $m/z$  117  $\rightarrow$  87)
15. Ethylmalonic acid  
( $m/z$  131  $\rightarrow$  87)
16. Methylsuccinic acid  
( $m/z$  131  $\rightarrow$  87)



Please contact [info@ace-hplc.com](mailto:info@ace-hplc.com) for additional information on the chromatographic conditions used for this analysis.

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## Metabolomics – C4 Hydroxy Acids

Application #AN4120

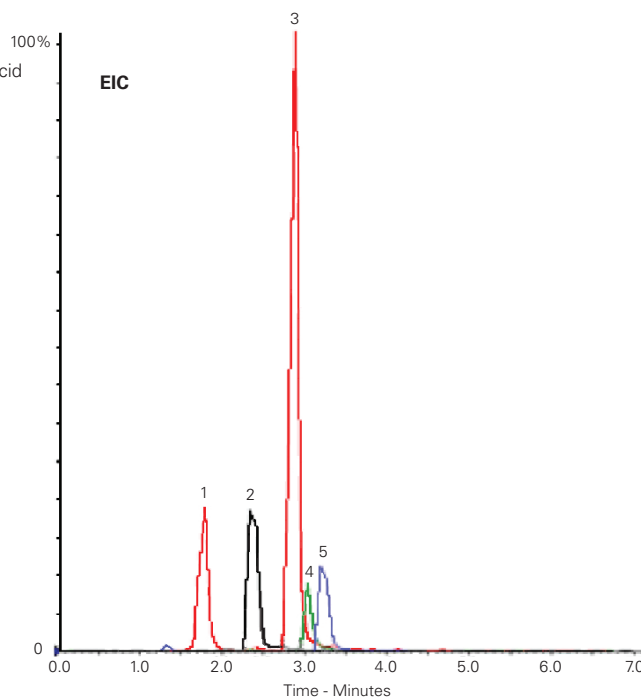
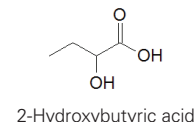
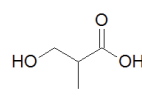
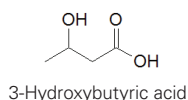
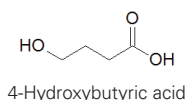
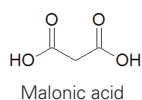
## Conditions

**Column:** ACE 3 C18-PFP  
**Dimensions:** 150 x 2.1 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-1110-1502  
**Mobile Phase:** A: 0.1% formic acid in H<sub>2</sub>O  
 B: 0.1% formic acid in MeCN  
**Detection:** Sciex API 4000 triple quad MS  
 ESI in negative ion mode  
**Sample:** Urine / plasma sample is filtered and extracted with ice-cold methanol, evaporated to dryness and reconstituted in 0.1% formic acid in water

Please contact [info@ace-hplc.com](mailto:info@ace-hplc.com) for additional information on the chromatographic conditions used for this analysis.

## Analytes

1. Malonic acid  
(*m/z* 103 → 59)
2. 4-Hydroxybutyric acid  
(*m/z* 103 → 57)
3. 3-Hydroxybutyric acid  
(*m/z* 103 → 59)
4. 3-Hydroxyisobutyric acid  
(*m/z* 103 → 73)
5. 2-Hydroxybutyric acid  
(*m/z* 103 → 57)



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## Metabolomics – C6 &amp; C7 Hydroxy and Dicarboxylic Acids

Application #AN4100

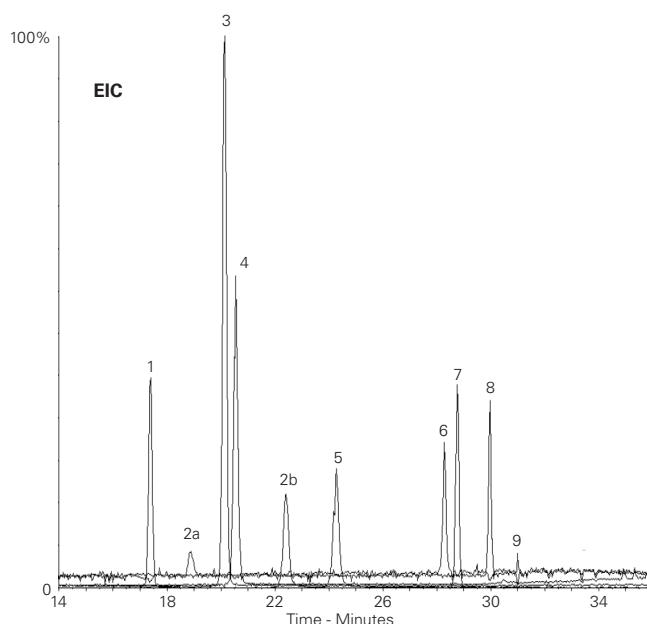
## Conditions

**Column:** ACE 3 C18-PFP  
**Dimensions:** 150 x 2.1 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-1110-1502  
**Mobile Phase:** A: 0.1% formic acid in H<sub>2</sub>O  
 B: 0.1% formic acid in MeCN  
**Detection:** Sciex API 4000 triple quad MS  
 ESI in negative ion mode  
**Sample:** Urine / plasma samples filtered and extracted with ice-cold methanol, evaporated to dryness and reconstituted in 0.1% formic acid in water.

Please contact [info@ace-hplc.com](mailto:info@ace-hplc.com) for additional information on the chromatographic conditions used for this analysis.

## Analytes

1. 5-Hydroxyhexanoic acid  
(*m/z* 131 → 85)
2. 2-Hydroxy-3-methylvaleric acid  
(*m/z* 131 → 73)
3. 3-Methylglutaric acid  
(*m/z* 145 → 101)
4. Adipic acid  
(*m/z* 145 → 83)
5. 2-Hydroxyisocaproic acid  
(*m/z* 131 → 85)
6. 3-Methyladipic acid  
(*m/z* 159 → 115)
7. Pimelic acid  
(*m/z* 159 → 97)
8. 4-Hydroxyphenylacetic acid  
(*m/z* 151 → 107)
9. 2-Hydroxyphenylacetic acid  
(*m/z* 151 → 107)



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Methotrexate in K<sub>3</sub>EDTA Human Plasma by LC-MS/MS

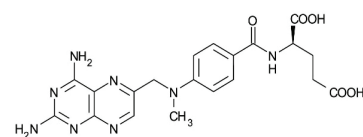
Application #AN3760

## Conditions

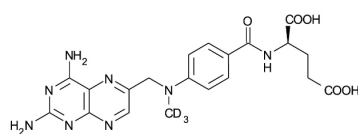
**Column:** ACE 5 CN  
**Dimensions:** 150 x 4.6 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-124-1546  
**Mobile Phase:** 10 mM ammonium formate  
 pH 7.0/MeOH (60:40 v/v)  
**Flow Rate:** 1 mL/min  
**Temperature:** 40 °C  
**Detection:** Quattro Premier XE triple quad MS  
 Positive ion mode ESI  
 Ion source temperature: 120 °C  
 Desolvation temperature: 450 °C  
**Sample:** Methotrexate and methotrexate-d3  
 extracted using solid phase extraction

## Analytes

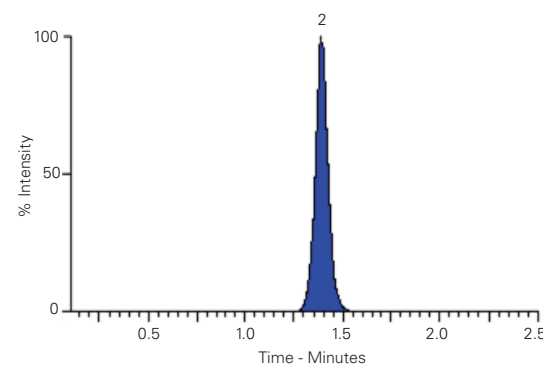
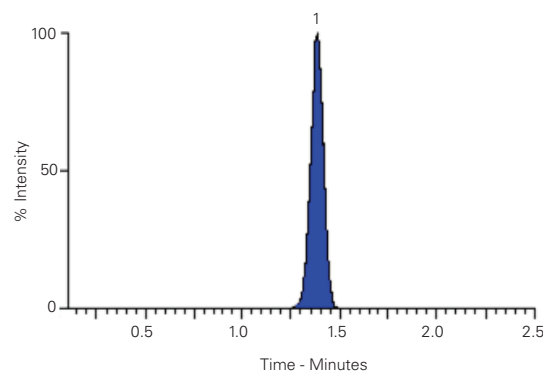
1. Methotrexate  
 (*m/z* 455 → 308)  
 (LLOQ 1.0 ng/mL)  
 (Concentration 100 ng/mL)
2. Methotrexate-d3 (I.S.)  
 (*m/z* 458 → 311)  
 (Concentration 50 ng/mL)



Methotrexate



Methotrexate-d3 (I.S.)



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17 $\alpha$ -Methyltestosterone in Freshwater Tilapia Aquaculture

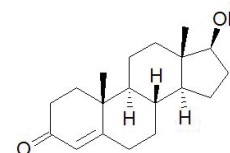
Application #AN4340

## Conditions

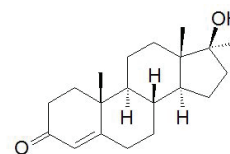
**Column:** ACE 5 C18  
**Dimensions:** 250 x 4.6 mm  
**Part Number:** ACE-121-2546  
**Mobile Phase:** MeCN/H<sub>2</sub>O (45:55 v/v)  
**Flow Rate:** 1 mL/min  
**Injection:** 20  $\mu$ L  
**Temperature:** 25 °C  
**Detection:** UV, 245 nm

## Analytes

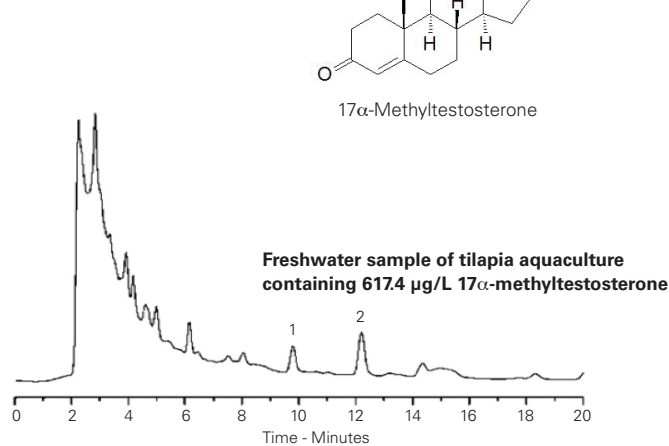
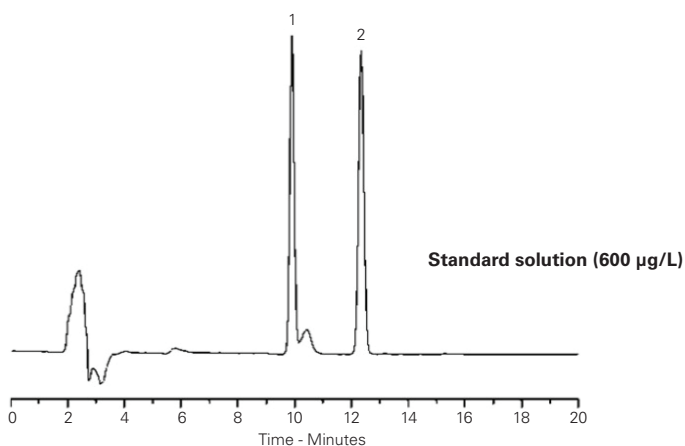
1. Testosterone (IS)
2. 17 $\alpha$ -Methyltestosterone



Testosterone (IS)

17 $\alpha$ -Methyltestosterone

17 $\alpha$ -Methyltestosterone is used for sex reversal of tilapia fish in order to avoid overpopulation in ponds. It therefore has to be monitored in aqueous matrices to prevent release into the environment.



Barbosa IR, Lopes S, Oliveira R, Domingues I, Soares AMVM, Nogueira AJA. Determination of 17 $\alpha$ -Methyltestosterone in Freshwater Samples of Tilapia Farming by High Performance Liquid Chromatography, American Journal of Analytical Chemistry, (2013), 4, 207-211. <http://dx.doi.org/10.4236/ajac.2013.44026>